## SELECTIONS

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# REPORT

OF

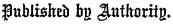
# THE POLITICAL ADMINISTRATION

OF THE TERRITORIES WITHIN

# THE CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY

FOR







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# CONTENTS.

PART													,							PAG
I.—Introduc	CTORY		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
II.—Politica	r—									Ī										
Chapter	I.—Gwalior			•																9
*	6	*				*				¥				4	*				#	
19	III.—Bhopal			٠.																16
29	IV.—Bhopawar														,					22
"	V.—Western 1	Ialwa																		29
. "	VI.—Baghelkha	nd.			•				•											33
92	VII.—Bundelkha	nd							•						•		-			37
>>	VIIIGoona .		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•		•	•	44
III.—Departme	:NTAL																			
Chapter	IX.—Public Wo	rks De	epar	tme	ent						•			٠.		•	•			47
29	X.—Opium							•									•		•	49
٠ ,,	XI.—Judicial											•		•			•		•	50
,,	XII.—Local Cor	ps .												•				•	•	52
,,	XIII.—Education									•		•				•			•	<b>54</b>
,,	XIV.—Post Office	s .																•	•	57
39	XV.—Telegraph	3.		•										•		•				58
**	XVI.—Medical																			59
<b>&gt;</b>	XVII.—Miscellane	. auo											,							61

#### APPENDICES.

APPENDICES TO PART II.—Political.

APPENDICES TO PART III.—Departmental.

#### REPORT

OF

# THE POLITICAL ADMINISTRATION

OF THE TERRITORIES WITHIN

# THE CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY

FOR

1891-92.

#### PART I.

#### INTRODUCTORY.

- 1. I held charge of the Central India Agency during the whole of the year under report. The principal event of the year was the visit of Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Lansdowne to Gwalior, Bhopal and Indore. At Gwalior Their Excellencies were the guests of His Highness the Maharaja, and at Bhopal of Her Highness the Begum. The Rajas of Rajgarh and Narsingarh, the Rao of Kilchipur, the Nawabs of Kurwai, Pathari and Mahomedgarh, and a number of the leading Thakurs attended at Bhopal to meet His Excellency the Viceroy. His Highness the Maharaja Holkar had the honour of entertaining Their Excellencies at a banquet, and the Maharaja of Dhar, the Rajas of Dewas, Senior and Junior Branch, the Nawab of Jaora, the Rajas of Rutlam and Jhabua, the Ranas of Barwani and Jobat, and a number of the principal Thakurs were present at Indore and were received by His Excellency.
- 2. I visited Gwalior and Bhopal in August, and Rutlam in October. After Their Excellencies had left Indore I sent my camp to Dattia and proceeded by rail in December to Bhopal, visiting Sehore, and then to Gwalior. From Gwalior I joined my camp at Dattia, and from that place I marched through the Bundelkhand States visiting Samthar, Tehri, Charkhari, Nowgong, Chattarpur, Bijawar, Ajaigarh, Punna and Nagode. I concluded the tour at Rewa. I saw the Maharajas of Rewa, Orchha, Dattia, Samthar, Charkhari, Punna, Bijawar and Ajaigarh, the Rajas of Chattarpur, Sarila, Nagode and Sohawal, the Nawab of Baoni and a good many of the Jagirdars and petty Chiefs.
- 3. The rains were very late everywhere, and in Gwalior they did not commence until the 24th of July. The autumn and spring harvests varied, being in some places good, and in others somewhat below the average. The best spring harvests were obtained in Gwalior, Bundelkhand and Baghelkhand; in the Northern and Eastern Districts of Gwalior the harvest is said to be the best that has been known for the last twenty years. The rainfall was again deficient in Malwa, and, owing to the want of water and the fall in the price of opium, a decrease is reported in the area under poppy cultivation. The yield of opium varied, but on the whole it was not good. In some places damage

was caused by hail, and generally the early hot weather dried up the poppy pods and diminished the yield. The prices of food grains were high owing to

exportation, but there was no scarcity.

- 4. A favourable report can again be given of the administration of the Gwalior State by the Council of Regency presided over by Sirdar Krishna Rao Bapu Sahib Jadu. General Appa Sahib Angria, the Commander-in-Chief, died on the 3rd of November 1891, and Major-General Kashi Rao Surve was, with the approval of the Government of India, appointed Commander-in-Chief and Member of the Council of Regency. The criminal administration of the State has not on the whole been unsatisfactory, and progress has been made in the Educational and Public Works Departments presided over by the Members of Council, Sahibzada Ghulam Ahmed Khan Ahmedi and Bulwant Rao Bhya Sahib, respectively. The State hospitals and dispensaries are popular and the Council has sanctioned the construction of seven new district hospitals. The Gwalior Imperial Service Cavalry is doing well and took part with credit in the camp-of-exercise at Aligarh. The financial condition of the State continues to be sound, the balance on the 5th of June, 1891, (including money invested) being returned at a sum of nearly ten crores of Gwalior rupees.
- 5. In the Revenue Department Colonel Pitcher, the Director of Land Records, has made good progress in the work of training and organizing Patwaris. The two Revenue Commissioners appointed by the Durbar to make a summary settlement of six districts are going on with their work. A considerable area has been surveyed, but as yet no assessments have been completed.
- 6. The administration of justice has been fairly well conducted, the Chief Justice, Munshi Sohan Lal, is industrious and the Prant Judges, Govind Rao Tullu and Chintamon Vaid, disposed of a large number of cases and worked well. There has been a substantial decrease in the number of dacoities reported during the year for the whole State. Dacoities were somewhat numerous during a part of the cold weather, especially in the districts of Isagarh, Bhander, Narwar and Bajrangarh. The Council took prompt action to suppress the outbreak, and the Inspector General; Mr. Onraët, has succeeded in breaking up the worst gang under Khub Singh and in restoring order. During the year Kuar Raj, another dangerous criminal, was captured with his gang by the Gwalior and Agra Police.
- 7. The plans and estimates for the Geona-Bina Railway were completed by Mr. Moore, the Chief Engineer, in November last, and approved in February by the Government of India. The construction of the line is now being proceeded with. The plans and estimates of the line from Bhopal to Ujjain have also been completed by Mr. Sherman and submitted to Government. During the year five feeder roads have been constructed connecting the Agra-Bombay road with the Indian Midland Railway.
- 8. His Highness the Maharaja has enjoyed good health during the year, and has made satisfactory progress in his studies.
- 9. The small State of Kaniadhana is still in an unsatisfactory condition. The dispute between the Chief and his Thakurs has been settled, but there are no proper arrangements for the police and criminal administration, and the Chief is getting into debt. He has now consented to appoint a good Minister approved by the Resident, and if the Chief supports the Minister the condition of the State will, it is hoped, improve.
- 10. The Indore State has been satisfactorily administered, and during the year Rao Bahadur Khanderao Chimanrao Bedarkar has held the office of Minister. Efforts are being made to improve the revenue system and to prevent illegal exactions from the cultivators. Seventeen dacoities are reported as having been committed, but many of these were not of a serious nature.

Indore is exposed to the inroads of dacoits from the neighbouring States, but on the whole it is tolerably free from violent crime. The State College at Indore has been established, and Mr. Cholmondeley, a Master of Arts of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, has been appointed Principal. His Highness the Maharaja has granted upwards of a lakh of rupees for the College building which is now in process of construction. In other respects also progress has been made in the Educational Department. The hospital, which was opened last year in the Indore city, has been well managed and has afforded much relief to the people. The offer of His Highness the Maharaja of a regiment of cavalry for the Imperial service was accepted by the Government of India, and the organization of the regiment has been commenced. On the whole the Indore State has been prosperous, but the continued decline in the price of opium and the deficiency of the rainfall are causing a reduction in the area under poppy cultivation and a decline in the revenue.

- BRANCH, has had charge of the administration of that State under the supervision of the First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Central India. The office of First Assistant was held by Lieutenant J. Ramsay from the commencement of the year until the end of November, when he was relieved by Mr. Tucker. Good progress has been made in the repayment of the State debt. On the 31st of May 1891 the debts amounted to R2,67,342; R96,438 were paid during the year under report, and it is hoped that at the end of the year 1892-93 the balance against the State will be reduced to R91,436. The sum of R7,300 was allotted for the construction and improvement of irrigation works during the year, and the expenditure on these and other useful public works will be increased when the finances of the State are in a more favourable condition. The recently built dispensary is doing good work and a new ward is being added to it. No dacoities were committed in the State during the year.
- 12. In the Dewas State, Junior Branch, the principal event was the death of His Highness the Raja Narayen Rao Dada Sahib Powar, who died at Dewas on the 19th of January last. His Highness was educated at the Residency College, Indore, and had for the last twelve years administered his State satisfactorily. Shortly before his death he adopted Malhar Rao Baba Sahib, the son of his adoptive brother Jivaji Rao Powar, and the adoption of Malhar Rao and his succession to the Chiefship have been sanctioned by the Government of India. Since the death of the Chief the State has been managed by the Central India Agency. The finances are, so far as has yet been ascertained, in a satisfactory condition. No dacoity occurred during the year and the State was nearly free from violent crime. The Educational and Medical Departments are managed jointly by both the Dewas States.
- with her usual ability, and Munshi Imtyaz Ali has held the office of Minister throughout the year. The revision of the land revenue assessment and reforms in the system of settlement have been proceeded with. The criminal administration has been fairly well conducted, and the number of dacoities reported was 6, as compared with 15 in the previous year. There was one serious case of dacoity at Devipura, and it was at one time feared that the outbreak of dacoity in the neighbouring districts of Gwalior would extend to Bhopal; but the measures which were promptly taken by the Durbar to prevent this were successful. Her Highness's Leper Asylum near Schore was opened and is said now to contain 43 persons. The hospital for women in Bhopal city continues to grow in popularity. Her Highness's offer to contribute a regiment of cavalry to the Imperial Service Corps was accepted by the Government of India, and the organization of the regiment is now being proceeded with.

With regard to the minor States in this Agency it is satisfactory to note that the Raja of Narsingarh continues to administer his State with success, but an unfavourable report is given of the Chief of Rajgarh. The Nawab of Kurwai is now twenty-three years of age, and will, with the sanction of the Government of India, be placed in charge of his State. Seven dacoities were reported as having occurred in the minor states; the number in the previous year was twelve.

14. The States in the BHOPAWAR AGENCY have been satisfactorily managed His Highness the Maharaja of Dhar was at one time seriously during the year. ill and was obliged to come to Indore for medical advice. His health at first improved, but he has recently had a relapse and, I fear, will have to remain for the present at Indore. The Raja of Jhabua has for some time refrained from injudicious interference with the administration, and matters have been progressing favourably under the guidance of the Diwan, Rao Bahadur Narayan Rao Bhikaji; but the financial condition of the State is still unsatisfactory. His Highness's daughter was married to the Chief of Bundi in April, 1891. At Alirajpur, Pratap Singh of Sondwa, who was selected by the Government of India to succeed the late Chief, was formally installed by the Political Agent. The young Chief will be educated in the Daly College. The debts of this State are being gradually paid off. The Barwani State is in a satisfactory condition, and the Rana of Jobat has lately taken more interest in the affairs of his State and has begun to take some share in the work of the administration.

The Thakurs of Bori and Garhi died in the year under report. The former left his estate encumbered with a considerable amount of debt. The return of dacoity cases shows a satisfactory decrease; but one serious dacoity occurred in the Dhar State in January, 1892, in which property of considerable value was plundered. This dacoity appears to have been the work of wandering Moghias.

- 15. In the Western Malwa Agency the State of Rutlam has been well administered and the report regarding Jaora is satisfactory, except in the matter of dacoities. The debt of the latter State amounts now to 31 lakks which can be paid off within a few years without seriously interfering with the expenditure necessary for the improvement of the State. The Raja of Rutlam gives much personal attention to the administration and takes interest in education. The Chief of Sitamau has not been successful in placing the finances of his State in order. He has, however, appointed a Minister who will, if the Raja supports him, probably be able to effect an improvement. On the failure of the rains in Rajputana, a great number of people, following an old custom, emigrated into Malwa with their cattle. A large proportion of the emigrants appeared to be fairly well off and to have come into Malwa in order to obtain grass and water for their cattle, and also in the hope of finding the prices of grain lower there than in Rajputana. Many emigrants, however, were in a destitute condition, and for their relief arrangements were made by the Gwalior. Rutlam and Jaora Durbars. Food was also distributed at Sailana, Sitamau and Notwithstanding the scarcity in Rajputana and the large influx of people into Western Malwa, the return of serious crime shows a slight improvement.
- 16. Captain Meade and Colonel Robertson were Superintedents of the Rewa State during the year. Pandit Het Ram, C.I.E., who had long conducted with ability and success the duties of the Dewan of the State, retired in November, 1891, and was succeeded by Lall Ramanaj Parshad Singh, C.I.E., a Sardar of Rewa. The financial condition of the State is sound and the balance on the 1st of April, 1892, amounted to R12,65,967, an increase of R3,11,451 over the balance at the close of the preceding year. The sum of R5,25,700 is invested in Government paper. The State was free from dacoity and other violent crime, and the settlement of the land revenue was continued and progress

- made. His Highness the Maharaja enjoyed good health and was married in February last to the daughter of the Maharaja of Dumraon.
- 17. No event of any importance occurred in the petty States of the Baghelkhand Agency. The Nagode Chief continues to conduct the administration of his State without energy or ability, and his finances are in a bad condition. The Sohawal State is fairly well managed, but, owing principally to the unreasonable attitude of the Thakur of Raigaon, the dispute between him and the Chief still continues.
- 18. The report on the States in Bundelkhand shows an improvement on the preceding year. The criminal administration has been well conducted in Orchha, and dacoity has been suppressed in that State. The States of Dattia, Samthar and Charkhari have also been well managed, and Ajaigarh has been free from violent crime. Punna is responsible for nearly half of the total number of dacoities reported from the Agency, and Bijawar comes next with ten dacoities. The increase of crime in Punna is principally due to the neglect of the Durbar to make proper provision for the administration of the outlying portions of the State. The Bijawar Government is weak, and the Chief has insufficient control over his Thakurs whose assistance, or at least whose loyalty, is necessary to preserve the peace. It is unfortunate that the exertions of the Raja of Chatterpur have not been altogether successful in putting down disorder in his State, but it is hoped that he will meet with more success in the present year. The number of dacoities amounted to 59 for the whole Agency, a satisfactory decrease on the number (94) in the preceding year, and the result would have been much better if the Punna and Bijawar Durbars had shown more ability and energy in governing.
- 19. During the year the number of persons arrested and brought to trial for dacoity at Nowgong was so large, that it was found necessary to appoint a special officer to assist the Political Agent in disposing of the criminal business. Of 88 dacoits tried, 38 were convicted and 50 acquitted. Considering the difficulty of obtaining sufficient evidence in these cases, the result is not unsatisfactory.
- 20. The administration of the Charkhari State was in January last entrusted to the young Maharaja, who has attained his majority. In the management of his State His Highness will have the benefit of the advice of his father, Rao Bahadur Jujhar Singhjee Dev, who has carried on the administration successfully during the minority. The finances of Charkhari are in a satisfactory condition. There is an excellent boys' school and a remarkably good girls' school: both institutions are a credit to the Durbar.
- 21. No event of importance occurred in the small States of the Goona Agency. The returns of dacoities for the Bajrangarh District of Gwalior, which is under this Agency, shows only a slight improvement on the returns for the two preceding years.
- 22. For the whole of Central India the returns show a decided decrease in the number of dacoities for the year under report. For the year 1890-91 the number reported was 302, and for the year under report it is 194. For the Gwalior State the number reported is 61, a decrease of 45 on the number for the preceding year, and the decrease would have been larger if the approver Khub Singh had not escaped into Gwalior and organised a powerful band of dacoits there. Against this notorious outlaw some of the Gwalior amnestied dacoits have done good service, and his gang has been broken up, though as yet he has escaped capture. The return for Bundelkhand shows, as I have noticed already, an improvement. There are still in that Agency several dacoit leaders whose apprehension would no doubt be followed by a marked decrease in violent crime. In the Indore and Bhopal States there has also been a decrease

in the number of dacoities, and, considering the general high price of food grains, the result for the whole of Central India is not unsatisfactory. It is most important, however, that the Durbars should not rest contented with a temporary or partial suppression of crime, and they are constantly urged not to relax their efforts and to make greater exertions to maintain the peace in their States.

23. Education still continues to make fair progress. His Highness the Maharaja Holkar's College has been opened to students, and the Indore State High School is well managed. The Canadian Mission School at Indore is also doing good work, and at Dhar, Rutlam, Rewa, Chatterpur and Charkhari there are good schools. The boys' and girls' schools at Charkhari are excellent, as has been already noticed. The number of pupils studying in the Residency College has increased. The adopted son of the late Raja of Dewas, Junior Branch, is there, and the young Chief of Alirajpur and the Thakur of Bori will shortly join. The new boarding house erected for the College by the Gwalior State has been completed and is fully occupied.

24. The question of the enactments which are requisite for the proper exercise of civil and criminal jurisdiction in the cantonments and the small military stations has received attention during the year. The notifications which had from time to time issued extending enactments to the cantonments of Mhow, Nowgong and Neemuch have been revised, and a fresh notification has issued putting in force such enactments as were considered necessary and giving a clear code of law for the cantonments. During the year the new Cantonment Act and a special Small Cause Court Law have been extended to Nowgong.

The new octroi schedule introduced into Mhow cantonment in May 1890 is said to produce satisfactory results.

26. The Imperial roads of the Agency have been kept in good repair.

The road from the railway station at Harpalpur to Nowgong has been opened for traffic; and the Barnagar-Budnawar road, in the Bhopawar Agency, as well as the Hiraghati road, in the Bundelkhand Agency, have been nearly completed. A bridge has also been built on the Banda-Saugor road, and, as has already been noticed, five feeder roads connecting the Agra-Bombay road with the Indian Midland Railway have been constructed by the Gwalior Durbur. Work on the Godhra-Rutlam Railway has been rapidly pushed on. The progress of the Goona-Bina and Bhopal Ujjain Railway projects has been already noticed.

27. The operations connected with the Census of 1891 are now approaching termination. The work of abstracting and tabulating the returns, which was done at the Agency centres, began in the middle of March, and was finished in August. The clerks engaged on this work were paid by the States concerned, the pay of the superintending staff only being charged to the Imperial Census Grant. All the Agency centres were visited, some of them twice, by the Census Superintendent for Central India.

The returns for cantonments and Agency head quarters (the latter being for the purposes of the Census treated as cantonments) were tabulated at Ajmere.

The compilation of the tabulated returns for the whole of Central India was begun at Indore in September, 1891. All the Imperial tables have been finished and sent to the press except two—those for caste and occupation—which are very voluminous. The total population of Central India by this Census is 10,318,812, as compared with 9,261,907 in 1881.

28. The registration and supervision of Vilayatis continue to receive attention. Returns ae received half-yearly from all States, and the latest inform-

ation shows that there are 861 Vilayatis in Malwa and the tract immediately north of the Nebudda. The returns received when the system was first introduced were so imperfect that no useful comparison with former years can be made. Thirty Vilayatis have been deported to the frontier during the year. It is understood that the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana is considering the desirability of reducing the number of Vilayatis in Rajputana, and, if any rules like those in force in Central India are introduced, it will be less easy for these men to come into the border States of Central India. The Dhar State has been conspicuous in the zeal it has shown in assisting the Deportation Scheme.

#### R. J. CROSTHWAITE,

Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.

Indore Residency, The 6th June 1892.

## PART II.

POLITICAL.

#### CHAPTER I.

#### GWALIOR.

Report of the Gwalior Residency for 1891-92.

#### I.-GENERAL.

Although the monsoon rain was unusually late, the first fall occurring at Gwalior on the 24th of July, 1891, the total rainfall, 40 inches and 16 cents, proved sufficient, and was well distributed; the crops were good throughout the State, and prices of food-grains, which ruled high during the autumn months, fell considerably towards the end of the year under report, owing, doubtless, to the excellent prospects of the *rabi* harvest, which is said to be the best known in northern and eastern Gwalior during the last twenty years.

The public health was good, and there was no epidemic disease.

2. Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Lansdowne visited Gwalior, arriving on the 17th and leaving on the 20th November, 1891.

The Agent to the Governor-General visited Gwalior in August, in November during the Viceroy's visit, and again in December, 1891.

3. I was absent on one month's privilege leave from the 20th September, 1891, during which time Colonel D. G. Pitcher, Director of Land Records; Gwalior State, held charge of the duties of my office.

I was on tour for twenty-two days during January and February, 1892, and visited the State of Kaniadhana and parts of the Gwalior districts of Bhander, Isagarh, and Narwar.

#### II.—POLITICAL.

- 4. Gwalior State.—The administration has been successfully conducted during the year by the Council of Regency. The President of the Council, Sirdar Krishna Rao Bapu Sahib Jadow, and the Members have been attentive to their duties and regular in their attendance at the meetings of the Council.
- 5. General Appa Sahib Angria, Commander-in-Chief and Member of the Council of Regency, died on the 3rd of November, 1891. Major-General Kashi Rao Súrvê has been appointed, with the approval of the Government of India, Commander-in-Chief of His Highness the Maharajah Sindhia's Army and Member of the Council of Regency.
- 6. The President of the Council made a tour in the districts of Narwar, Bajrangarh, and Isagarh during the months of January, February and March, 1892, inspecting the tehsil and zillah offices, and personally supervising arrangements for the suppression of dacoity. Sirdar Balwant Rao Bhaiya Sahib Sindhia, in charge of the Public Works, and Sahibzada Ghulam Ahmed Khan, in charge of Education, have shown much zeal in the management of their respective departments. I also desire to acknowledge the good services of Raghunath Rao Yado, the Secretary to the Council of Regency, who has devoted much care and labour to the performance of his arduous duties.
- 7. His Highness the Maharajah Sindhia has enjoyed good health during the year, and has made satisfactory progress in his studies under his tutor, Mr. J. W. D. Johnstone, whose care of the Maharajah is deserving of commendation. With a view to instructing the Maharajah in one of the most important

branches of the administration of the State, His Highness has been taught, during the past cold season, the use of the plane-table and prismatic compass, and the elementary principles of Revenue Survey. The Maharajah showed great aptitude, and is now able to survey fields, and to plot out the results with a fair amount of accuracy. His Highness is also going through a short course of elementary instruction in the principles of law.

8. At the invitation of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and with the sanction of the Government of India, His Highness the Maharajah Sindhia visited the cavalry camp-of-exercise at Meerut during December, 1891, and was present at the final manœuvres and at the march-past of the troops, in which

one regiment of the Gwalior Imperial Service Cavalry took part.

9. Good progress has been made during the year in the survey of the projected lines of railway from Goona to Bina, and from Ujjain to Bhopal. Mr. E. J. Moore, the Engineer-in-Chief of the Goona-Bina line, completed his plans and estimates in November, 1891, when they were forwarded for the sanction of the Government of India. The plans and estimates were approved in February, 1892, and sanction to the commencement of construction was received on the 12th of March, 1892.

Mr. Sherman, Engineer-in-Chief of the Ujjain-Bhopal Railway, met with considerable difficulty owing to a serious outbreak of cholera in two of his camps during the survey in the month of June, 1891. The plans and estimates of the direct line  $vi\tilde{a}$  Shujawalpur and Maksi have been forwarded to the Government of India; the decision of Government as to the construction of the railway awaits consultation on the alternative line  $vi\hat{a}$  Shajapur.

The expenditure on the survey of the two projected lines has been as follows:—

Goona-Bina.Railway, 72 miles . R61,500 up to February, 1892. Ujjain-Bhopal Railway, 113 miles . R53,943 ,, ,,

10. It is satisfactory to report that the system of training and organizing Patwaris, which was commenced at the close of last year, has made good progress during the year under report. The following abstract of work done is compiled from the annual report of Colonel D. G. Pitcher, Director of Land Records:—

Number	r of Patwa	ırıs ur	ider e	ducati	on	•	•	•	•	1,059
93	of School	ls esta	blishe	ed	•	•	•	•	•	50
"	of certific	ates g	rante	d to P	atwari	s.	•	•	•	375
Area of	land surv	eyed (	Trave	erse Si	arvey)	•	•	•	•	625 square miles.
Cost per		•		•						₩8

Bhind.
 Towarghar.
 Bhandar.
 Narwar.
 Bajrangarh.

The following is an abstract of the work done by the two Revenue Commissioners appointed in October, 1890, by the Durbar to make a summary settlement of the six zillahs noted in the margin.

Khan Bahadur Zahid, Hussain commenced work on the 21st October, 1890, in the three districts first named in the list. Up to the end of February 1892 he had surveyed the whole district of Bhind, containing 473 villages, and 4 villages of Towarghar district, comprising in all 1,053,587 bighas of land, the cost of the survey being R97,333-13-9. The survey has yet to be undertaken in three perganas of Towarghar and the whole of Bhandur, while as yet no assessment work has been commenced in any of the three districts.

Mr. Narain Rao Wasudeo Kharkar has completed the survey of 403 villages of the Narwar district, containing an area of 10,09,525 bighas; 76 villages of the Bajrangarh district are under survey, and 292 villages are as

yet untouched. No assessment has yet been made of any villages.

I regret that I am unable to furnish any information regarding the work done in the permanent settlement of the districts of Sikarwari, Sabalgarh, and Gird Gwalior by Mahomed Kasim Khan, as I have received no report from the Durbar on the subject.

11. In my report on the financial condition of the State (No. 4567, dated the 3rd November, 1891) it was shown that the collections for the year ending the 5th June, 1891, amounted to R1,40,30,324, while the State expenditure during the same period was R1,10,79,683. The balance, including investments and actual cash in treasuries, is given as R9,94,38, 585 (Gwalior currency.)

Since the close of the State financial year, ending 5th June, 1891, I have received two quarterly statements of account from the Darbar, viz.:—

#### 1st quarter, 6th June to 31st August 1891.

									R	a.	p.
Receipts	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	40,76,061	6	5
Expenditure	е			•	•	•			54,92,724	0	6

#### 2nd quarter, 1st September to 30th November 1891.

								$I\!\!\!R$	<b>a</b> .	p.
${f Receipts}$	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	60,95,660	15	10
Expenditure		•		•	•	•	•	56,95,033	4	10

12. The abstraction of Census returns was completed on the 15th September, 1891, when the papers were forwarded for compilation in the Central Office at Indore. The total cost of the Census operations was R11,519-15, of which R3,612-0-5 were charged to Government, the remainder R7,907-14-7 being defrayed by Gwalior, Kaniadhana, Sheopur-Baroda, Pahargarh, and Kathon.

#### III.—KANIADHANA.

I have already submitted a special report on this State in my letter No. 1442, dated the 28th March, 1892. There has been no improvement in the administration. The disputes between the Raja and his Thakurs have been disposed of during the year, and I trust that a permanent reconciliation has been effected. An intelligent and trustworthy Kamdar would soon place the administration on a satisfactory footing.

The following information has been obtained from the State accounts, which, however, are so carelessly kept, and are in such confusion that but little reliance can be placed on the deductions made therefrom:—

						R
Collections during past year.	.•	•	•	•	•	. 21,656
Expenditure during past year	•	•	•	•	•	. 23,255
Liabilities	•	•	•	•	•	. 13,784

#### IV.—JUDICIAL.

14. Gwalior Residency.—The returns annexed show the judicial work done by this office during the year. There were no civil suits. Of the 6 criminal cases disposed of, 3 were committed for trial by the Political Assistant at Goona, the remainder were tried by the Resident under section 36, Code of Criminal Procedure.

Four appeals in criminal cases were disposed of during the year, viz.:-

One against the order of the Political Assistant, Goona.

Two against the order of the Railway Magistrate.

Two against the order of the Cantonment Magistrate, Sipri.

The orders of the Lower Court were upheld in each case.

15. Gualior State.—The number of judicial courts in the State is the same as for last year.

The following table shows the work done during the year.

						=	Balance def last	Instituted during the year.	Disposed of.	Pending.
Civil suits Criminal cases	•	•	•	•	•	•	4,189 2,032	21,635 24,684	21,560 24,503	4,264 2,213

The Sadar Adalat, presided over by the Chief Justice Munshi Sohan Lal, disposed of 437 civil suits, of which 253 were appeals, and 184 original and miscellaneous cases; and 392 criminal cases, of which 246 were appeals and 146 references and miscellaneous cases.

It appears from the report furnished by the Durbar that 13 murder cases were sent for revision to the Chief Justice. Sentence of death was not confirmed in any case, though in one instance it would seem that the Chief Justice considered the extreme penalty of the law should be enforced. The ease was accordingly referred to the Council, but the sentence of death does not appear to have been confirmed. No reference was made to the Resident in this case, and a report has been called for from the Council.

The Prant judges, Govind Rao Tullu and Chintaman Vaid, disposed of 1,009 civi suits and 1,183 criminal cases, besides a large number of appeals.

The returns show that fines to the extent of R93,680 were inflicted during the year, but of this amount R43,579 only were realized.

The Chief Justice in his report to the Council observes:

"I had submitted to the Council of Regency a list of jails for under-trial prisoners to be constructed and repaired with my Rubkar, dated the 8th July, 1890, but measures have not yet been taken in this matter, though reminders were sent. Great fear and anxiety is experienced by the officials owing to their not being constructed."

With reference to these remarks, I would observe that four under-trial prisoners escaped from custody during the year, all of them being notorious dacoits. I have drawn the attention of the Council to the necessity for providing proper accommodation for under-trial prisoners.

The Central Jails at Lashkar, Ujjain, and Neemach are well maintained.

# V .- DACOITY AND OTHER SERIOUS CRIME.

16. Gualior State.—The number of dacoities reported during the year was 40, as compared with 48 in 1890-91. Of 749 persons said to have been concerned in these dacoities, 54 were arrested.

The districts of Isagarh, Bhandar, Narwar, and Bajrangarh were most affected. Several of these dacoities were attributed to the gang of Khub Singh alias Khet Singh, the escaped approver, Najib of the Thagi and Dacoity Department; while some have been traced to a gang of Bagris of the Kurwai State in the Bhopal Agency, and others to a band of Gujars of the Dholepur State; 17 Bagris and 18 Gujars have been arrested by the Gwalior Police, and their extradition has been applied for through the usual channel.

Effective measures have been adopted by the Gwalior Durbar for the suppression of dacoity. The Inspector-General of the Gwalior Police at once proceeded to the Isagarh and Bhandar districts and concerted measures, the result being that the Gwalior Police, headed by the amnestied dacoits under the leadership of Meharban Singh, of Kerar Khera and Heeraju of Bári, attacked

the gang of Khub Singh on the 21st January, 29th February, and 4th of March, 1892, when two of the dacoits, under Khub Singh, were killed and three arrested; but, unfortunately, Khub Singh himself escaped.

During the year Kuar Raj and his gang were captured by the Gwalior Police, aided by the Agra Police. Rewards to the amount of R800 were paid to the Gwalior Police by the Magistrate of Agra, and R400 by the Dholepur State.

Chhatta and Balli dacoit prisoners, who had escaped from the custody of the Gwalior Police, were recaptured by the Lalitpur Police.

Randhir Singh, No. II, one of the escaped dacoit-prisoners, was shot dead by Rajaju Zamindar in the Malhaoni dacoity, which occurred on the 12th December, 1891.

#### VI.—EDUCATIONAL.

17. Gwalior.—The Educational Department of the State, under Sahibzada Ghulam Ahmed Khan Ahmedi, Member of the Council of Regency, has continued to make satisfactory progress.

The number of schools has increased from 148 to 175; the staff of teachers has been raised from 321 to 368, and students have increased from 9,559 to 10,216 during the year under report.

The budget grant for education was R1,23,813.

The number of students who presented themselves for the Entrance, Middle, Vernacular, and Central India School Examinations was 237, as compared with 121 in the last year.

Seven students were sent to the Mayo School of Art at Lahore to receive technical education. Each has been allowed a scholarship of R10 per mensem in addition to travelling expenses and the cost of instruments, etc.

It is proposed, when the Victoria College is finished, to transfer the students from the Lashkar School to the new building, and to establish a technical school in the Lashkar.

I consider that great credit is due to Sahibzada Ghulam Ahmed Khan, Member of the Council of Regency, for the marked progress in State education which has taken place since he has held charge of this Department.

A feature in the training of students of the Gwalior State Schools is the establishment of gymnasia. With trained instructors the boys are thus offered opportunities of relieving the tedium of study with healthy exercise, and of developing physical as well as mental qualities.

#### VII.—PUBLIC WORKS.

18. The total expenditure for the State financial year ending 5th June, 1891 was R10,15,632, or R5,89,600 less than the budget allotment. Between 5th June, 1891, and 1st February, 1892, the net expenditure against budget grant was—

							R
Gwalior Division (Chandori)	• *	•	•	•	•	•	2,77,592
Goona Division (Government)	•	•	•	•	•	•	46,237
Chambal Division (Gwalior sicca	ı)	•	•	•	•	•	45,123
Malwa Division (Hali) .	•	•		•	•	•	1,13,593

or about 5 lakhs Chandori currency.

The estimated expenditure up to 5th June, 1892, is  $10\frac{1}{2}$  lakes against a budget grant of  $12\frac{1}{2}$  lakes; the lapse is owing to non-commencement of certain works.

The following are the more important works completed or under construction, with amounts expended up to 1st February, 1892, upon each:—

	<b>P</b>
•	Transport Lines . 7,185 In progress.
	Victoria College 4,30,789 In progress.
	Memorial Hospital . 2,15,080 In progress.
	Bhind School 2,501 Completed; not finally paid.
	Soobat at Bhandar . 32,525 In progress.
	Bhander Jail 347 Started.
Gwalior Division	Deepening Jai Bilas Lake . 4,515 Completed.
	Record Office, Lashkar . 30,206 Completed.
,	Gohad School 995 Completed, but not finally paid.
	Ambah-Maigawan Road . 46,206 In progress.
•	Maintenance of District and
	Headquarter Roads, etc. 23,920 In progress.
	, Mungaoli School 1,080 In progress.
	Mhowar Bridge 77,085 Completed.
	Sind River Bridge 33,094 In progress.
Goona Division .	Narwar Bridge 3,417 In progress.
i	Maintenance of District
	Roads—Agra-Bombay
	and Sipri-Jhansi 13,800 In progress.
i	Morena Post Office and
	Post Master's quarters • 4,326 Completed.
	Jowra School 2,329 Completed.
	Sabalgarh School . 2,222 Completed.
Chambal Division	Bagchini Road 13,472 Completed.
)	Maintenance of District
	Roads-
	(1) Agra-Bombay.
	(2) Morena-Subalgarh. 26,217 In progress.
•	(3) Morena-Amboh.
	Kachrôd Dispensary . 18,171 Completed.
	Barnagar Dispensary . 6,783 In progress.
	Sonkachh Dispensary . 6,763 In progress.
	Soobát at Agar 623 In progress.
	Agar-Sarangpur Road (1) . 1,56,852 Completed.
	Agar-Sarangpur Road (2) . 93,108 Completed.
	Ránija-Kachrod Road . 97,682 In progress.
Malwa Division .	Barnagar City Road and
	on to Badnawar . 3,303 In progress.
	Bhopawar-Sardarpur-Raj-
•	garh Road . 1,282 In progress.
	Mangode-Amjhera Road . 6,427 In progress.
	Maintenance of Head-
,	quarter and District Roads 17,387 In progress.
	·

All roads taken over from Government, those lately made by the State, and headquarter roads, have been well maintained. All bungalows are in good order.

Feeder roads have been completed from the Agra-Bombay Road into the following stations of the Indian Midland Railway:—

1. Hetampur.
2. Morena.
3. Bamnor.
4. Antri.
5. Dabra.

#### VIII.—POST OFFICES.

19. I have received no information regarding Imperial Post Offices within my charge.

Gwalior State.—It is satisfactory to report further improvement in the State Postal Department. which is supervised with great care and zeal by Pandit Sheocharan, who supplies the following information:—

	<del></del>					<u></u>					
		DESPATCE	ED.	RECEIVED.							
YEAR.	Paid letters.	Unpaid letters.	Registered letters.	Parcels.	Paid letters.	Unpaid letters.	Regis- tered letters.	Parcels.			
1890-91 1891-92	1,734,246	347,045 351,512	73,600 72,921	12,962 13,109	1,681,312 1,789,121	362,193 371,218	62,304 64,117	16,136 15,917			
	The postal in The postal e	•		• credit of t	he State	. 88,466 ] . 71,888 ]	4 8				
Th	e Money O	•					a. p.				
	payment i	oney orders in the State oney orders i		•		. 2,48,581	3 0				
	payment:	in Imperial I ney orders p	Post Office	з.		. 8,89,949	14 '0				
	its own re	emittances oney orders		•		. 2,47,351	15 0				
	Imperial 1										

#### IX.-MEDICAL.

20. Gwalior.—The State Medical Department is progressing satisfactorily under the able supervision of Surgeon-Major A. M. Crofts, Medical Officer to His Highness the Maharajah Sindhia.

Surgeon-Major A. M. Crofts was absent on three months' privilege leave from the 16th June, 1891, during which time Surgeon-Major J. Crofts, Agency Surgeon, Jhallawar, officiated as Medical Officer to His Highness the Maharajah Sindhia.

There are eleven State hospitals and dispensaries in the northern and eastern districts of Gwalior.

That the hospitals and dispensaries are very popular is evidenced by the fact that 69,117 patients were treated during the year, of whom 67,599 were out-door and 1,518 in-patients.

Two hundred and five major operations and 2,068 minor operations were performed during the year.

Thirty-five thousand and twenty-one children were vaccinated during the year, as compared with 31,152 in the preceding year.

The construction of district hospitals at Gwalior, Sipri, Narwar, Mungaoli, Bhind, Bhandar, and Sheopur has been sanctioned by the Council of Regency.

#### X.—MISCELLANEOUS.

21. Eight cases of railway accidents on the Indian Midland Railway were reported during the year; four persons were killed and four injured.

D. W. K. BARR, Lieut.-Col., Resident at Gwalior.

GWALIOR RESIDENCY, }
16th April, 1892.

## CHAPTER III.

#### BHOPAL.

Annual Administration Report for the year 1891-92.

#### I.—GENERAL.

The rains were unusually late and did not break till the end of June. The subsequent rainfall, however, was plentiful, and 55.51 inches, slightly above the average fall, were registered at Sehore, the head-quarters of the Agency. Unfortunately the time lost in June and the subsequent unequal rainfall affected the *kharif* which was only a moderate crop, the *jowari* in some parts of the Agency being specially poor. The *rabi* is reported to be an average crop, the rain which fell at the end of January and early in February coming at the right time to benefit the wheat without injuring the gram and opium. Though the harvests have not been much below the average, prices have been unusually high. This is stated to be due to the withdrawal of so much grain by means of the railway, and I hear that all the reserves in the district have been cleared out.

Cholera broke out in a violent epidemic form in April, and did not disappear till the beginning of the cold weather. It first appeared in the low-lying portions of the Agency bordering on the Nerbudda, but afterwards extended its ravages to the other portions on the Malwa plateau.

During the past year there were several changes in the personnel of the Agency. At the commencement, Mr. A. Martindale, Indian Civil Service, was officiating for Colonel Wylie (then on leave), who has since been posted as Resident in Nepal. Mr. Martindale went to England in April, 1891, making over charge to Colonel Peart, Commanding the Bhopal Battalion. Colonel Peart went home in May and was succeeded in the command of the regiment by Colonel Ransford, who also held charge of the Agency till he was relieved by Colonel Robertson, Political Agent in Baghelkhand, who was posted temporarily to Bhopal for the occeasion of His Excellency the Viceroy's visit. I relieved Colonel Robertson on the 1st of December, 1891, and have remained in charge since. Hence my personal knowledge of the events of the year under report extends to the last four months only.

Surgeon-Major Dane was Agency Surgeon throughout the year, and Lieutenant Peart, Officiating Wing Officer of Bhopal Battalion, succeeded Lieutenant H. B. Peacock as Boundary Settlement Officer on the 26th of June, since which he has carried on the duties of that post.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India reached Bhopal on the 20th November, 1891, and left on the 23rd of the same month. He was accompanied by Mr. R. J. Crosthwaite, C.S., C.S.I., Agent to the Governor General in Central India, who visited Bhopal again in December on his annual tour. During his visit to Bhopal, Mr. Crosthwaite went to Sehore. Prior to this the Agent to the Governor General stayed at Bhopal, during the rains, on his way to Gwalior in August, 1891.

Owing to His Excellency's visit and other causes the Political Agent's tour was somewhat shorter than usual. The Bhopal perganas of Ashta and Jawar, together with a portion of the Sonekuch pergana belonging to Sindhia, were visited at the end of December, and in January and February I saw.

\* Visited in the following order :-

Narsingarh.
 Rajgarh.

5. Maksudangarh.6. Sironj.7. Kurwai.8. Bhilsa-Gwalior.

3. Khilchipur.

several of the more important States\* and Thakurates of the Agency. The Chiefs of Mahammadgarh, Pathari, and Nawab Basoda, whose capitals could not be visited. met me in camp at various places, and

remained with me for some days. While on tour I also met the young Thakur of Agra Barkhera, but could not go to that place as I had originally arranged.

#### II.—POLITICAL.

Few events of interest have occurred in the Bhopal State during the past twelve months. Her Highness the Begum has continued to enjoy good health, and Munshi Mahomed Imtiaz Ali was her Minister throughout the year. In August the Minister, on behalf of the Begum, opened the new Leper Asylum near Sehore, which Her Highness had generously endowed and This institution is under the supervision of Surgeon-Major Dane, and contains at present thirty male and thirteen female inmates. I understand that, although it has already proved a great boon to Bhopal and Sehore which were previously infested by the unfortunate persons suffering from the disease, the lepers themselves do not like the restraint imposed on them, and constantly endeavour to escape. I shall see, in consultation with Dr. Dane, if something cannot be done to make their sojourn in the asylum more agreeable to them.

In October last Her Highness offered to place a small force of all arms at the disposal of the Government of India, and asked that it might be reorganised for Imperial purposes. The Government were pleased to accept her offer to the extent of a regiment of cavalry, and the necessary arrangements are now being carried out under the superintendence of Captain Edwards of the Central India Horse, Inspecting Officer, Central India States Cavalry, who visited Bhopal at the end of March for the purpose.

The visit of Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Lansdowne was taken advantage of by Her Highness to accord them a reception which will long be remembered in Bhopal. As a compliment to her distinguished guests, Her Highness came out of purdah during their visit, but returned again on their

The revision of the Settlement and of the arrangements for collecting the land revenue has been proceeded with and the changes have not been altogether

The survey of the new railway line from Bhopal to Ujjain, passing through Sehore, has been progressing during the past year. The project, however, has not as yet received the formal sanction of the Government of India.

Her Highness has at last commenced to receive some return for the money she spent on the railway connecting Bhopal with the Great Indian Peninsula Railway. This now forms a portion of the Indian Midland Railway system, Her Highness put fifty lakhs into the undertaking, and was opened in 1884. from which (with the exception of R4,244 odd in 1888) she has received no

a. p.

# In December 1891 38,834 59,876 3 6 In March, 1892

TOTAL 98,710 11

† 1 Bina to Goona. 2 Bhopal to Ujain vid Sehore.

return till the present year, during which R98,710-11-3\* have been handed over to her by the Company. It is anticipated that the opening of the two branch lines noted in the margin, as well as the construction of fair-weather roads, will bring

more traffic along the line, and that in time Her Highness will receive a suitable return for her investment.

Her Highness has continued to interest herself in the supply of medical

aid to the women of Bhopal. The Female Hospital continued under the charge of Miss Niebel until the beginning of March, when that lady left for England to complete her studies. The Begum allowed her to go on two-thirds of her salary, engaging the services of another qualified lady doctor to carry on the work during her absence. I hear that considerable success has already attended the labours of these ladies and that the women of Bhopal now come to them freely when they require medical assistance.

There is little to record regarding the minor States and Chiefships in the

Agency.

I agree in the opinion expressed in last year's report regarding the condition of affairs in Rajgarh, but I think the Chief is really anxious to govern properly, and I hope that he may ere long secure the services of a competent adviser.

His Highness Mehtab Singh, Chief of Narsingarh, has continued, as heretofore, to carry on the administration without the aid of a Dewan. Nothing of note has occurred in Narsingarh, but from what I have heard I believe that he continues to fulfil the expectations regarding him expressed by Mr. Martindale in last year's report.

The young Nawab of Kurwai has now reached the age of 23, and may, I think, be given the management of the State. Special recommendations on this subject have been submitted. During his minority his father, Mish Mazhar Ali Khan, has been Superintendent of Kurwai, and his administration has, on the whole, been successful.

There have been a few deaths amongst the guaranteed Thakurs of the Agency. Bulwant Singh of Agra, Barkhera, died on the 14th of December at the age of 60, leaving a son named Buldeo Singh, aged 18. Thakur Devi Singh of Arnia, guaranteed Tankadar, died on the 17th October. The question of succession to the Tanka enjoyed by the deceased is under consideration. Mian Makhdum Bakhsh, Jagirdar of Piplianagar, died on the 22nd February at the advanced age of 85, leaving a son, named Raja Mian, nearly 48 years of age.

#### III.—TRADE.

I have little to add to the observations made in the last year's report in regard to trading transactions in the Agency. The slight improvement then noticed in the opium trade has not continued. One thousand six hundred and seven and a half chests passed the scales at Bhopal in 1891-92 as compared with 1,625 in 1890-91. The Indian Midland Railway Company has established an out-agency at Schore for carriage of goods between that place and Bhopal. This will probably in time be profitable to the railway, but is not, as far as I can ascertain, much patronized at present.

#### IV.—JUDICIAL.

The appended statements A and B show the cases—civil and criminal—disposed of by the Political Agent and Superintendent of Sehore during the year.

#### V.—Police.

I have nothing to add to my predecessor's remarks as to the condition of the Police of the States in the Agency, and from what I have seen of them I concur in the opinion he has expressed. The Narsingarh Durbar has received new arms for its Police Force.

#### VI.-DACOITY.

The marginal list	shows the number	of dacoities,	including	cattle-lifting
-------------------	------------------	---------------	-----------	----------------

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Bhopal Rajgarh Narsing Maksud Kurwai Gwalior Maham Sironj (' Indore Tappa	arb angarh nadgar	h	 •		•	To	·		6 1 1 1 15 2 2 2 1	cases.  ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	and highway robberies, which were reported to this office as having occurred between the 1st of April, 1891, and 31st of March, 1892. There were no cases of mail robbery. The
							То	TAL	•	32	"	of mail robbery. The number of crimes re-

ported compares favourably with the previous year's return, when 64 cases occurred.

In January it appeared likely that a serious outbreak of crime in the Gwalior districts, on the eastern portion of this Agency, was about to occur, and gangs of dacoits, under the leadership of Khub Singh and Maharaj Singh, two well known offenders, were reported to be on the move. Acting under instructions received from the Central India Agency, I invited the States of the Agency to co-operate freely with the Gwalior authorities, and though the leaders have not yet been arrested, the knowledge that steps are being taken against them has apparently frightened the dacoits and broken up the gang-No fresh cases from that part of the Agency have at any rate for a time. been reported recently. A bad case of dacoity occurred at Devipura, in Bhopal, on the 31st January, 1892. In this affair over a hundred dacoits are said to have been engaged, and property to the value of R3,419-4-6 was reported to have been plundered. The dacoits too killed two of the men who opposed them. regret that no accurate information as to the perpetrators of this outrage has as yet been received. But the Minister reports that the State Police are doing their best to discover and capture the offenders.

I met Mr. Impey, Superintendent of Moghias, during my cold weather tour, and saw something of his work. He reports favourably of the progress being made in Narsingarh and Sironj, where the authorities appear to have taken an interest in the settlement of their Moghias. I discussed with the Superintendent the question as to whether it would not be advisable to take some steps for the reclamation of the Pardis in the Agency, who are a kindred tribe to the Moghias, and generally known by the same name. These people are supposed to subsist by hunting wild animals, and are nearly all armed. There is reason, however, to suspect that when their means of subsistence are reduced by the wanton destruction of the animals they kill or capture they are quite ready to assist in violent crimes.

#### VII.—EDUCATION.

There is little to notice in regard to education in the Agency generally. Her Highness the Begum's schools at Bhopal appear to be doing well, and the Sehore schools for boys and girls, presided over by Mr. and Mrs. Mears, continue to maintain the high reputation they have enjoyed for some years back.

 Schore Boys' and Girls' Schools.

 1st April 1890.
 1st April 1891.
 1st April 1892.

 Boys
 . 320
 294.

 Girls
 . 127
 125
 111

Decrease in boys' school is stated to be due to a few boys having left after the Entrance Examination, and to some leaving as they had no prospect of passing the Middle School Examination. From the marginal note it will be seen that the numbers are slightly less than on the same dates in 1890 and 1891, two candidates out of nine who went up from the school passed in the second division at the Calcutta University Entrance Examination, and fifteen have presented

themselves at the Central India Schools Examination, which is now going on.

During the past year the change noticed in last year's report as being under consideration of bringing the school under the Allahabad University instead of Calcutta has been carried out. Mr. Mears reports that, in consequence, the boys will have in future to go to Allahabad for examination instead of being examined here, as was the case when the school was affiliated to the Calcutta University. The annual inspections by the Government Inspector from the Central Provinces also appear to have been dropped in consequence of the change. In 1890 the Government Inspector noticed that there was a want of proper apparatus for teaching physical science. This has now been set right.

Kindergarten teaching has been carried on in the lower classes of both schools.

The state of these schools reflects, I consider, much credit on both Mr. and Mrs. Mears, who are devoted to their duties.

#### VIII.—Public Works.

The two Railway feeder roads mentioned in the last year's report from Shampur to Bhopal, and from Raisen to Gulgaon, are still in course of construction, but are not yet open to traffic. Her Highness is also constructing a road from Bhopal to Islamnagar, which may be extended later on.

The road from Rajgarh to Khilchipur has been surveyed, and an estimate

for its cost is under preparation.

The Indian Midland Railway are constructing two new stations on the portion of the line between Bhopal and Itarsi. They will be situated at Hernia and Misroad, respectively; and it is hoped that they will facilitate trade on the line.

#### IX.-BOUNDARY.

* By Mr. Peacock in 1891 5 By Mr. Peart between November, 1891, and March, 1892 22 27	Mr. Peart, the Boundary Settlement Officer, has not been able to dispose of as many cases as his predecessor did in 1890-91. During 1891-92, 27* cases were decided, which are distributed as follows:—
	organia autori are dispiringled 88 10110M2:

10.0								No.	of C	Jai
<ol> <li>Sutalia versus Rajgarh</li> <li>Khilchipur versus Jhall</li> </ol>	•	•	•	•	•		•		3	
3. Gwalior versus Indore	awar	•	•	•	•	•	•		4	•
4. Khilchipur versus Indo	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	
5. Gwalior versus Mahami	anhor	rh •	•	•	•	•	•	.•	2	
o. Gwallor versus Nawah	Ragadi		:	•	•	•	•	•	Ť	
7. Nawab Basoda nergus N	Taham	madge	ırh	·	·	•	•	•	4	
O. UWALIOF DETAILS K newsi	•	• -	•	•	•	•	•	••	6	
9. Gwalior versus Sironj	•	•	•	•	•	•	,•	•	5	
		,						;	 27	
								-		

## · X.—MEDICAL.

The detailed reports prepared by the Agency Surgeon have been submitted separately to the Agent to the Governor General. The number of major operations was 138, as compared with 252 in the previous year. I understand that this falling off is due to the fact that the hospital at headquarters was closed for a portion of the year during the rains in consequence of cholera epidemic.

# XI.—LOCAL CORPS.

The Bhopal Battalion has maintained its high character for musketry during the past year. Colonel Ransford officiated for Colonel Peart from May to the beginning of November, when the latter officer returned from leave. Men of the regiment took part in the rifle meetings at Poona and Udeypore and were generally successful.

#### XII.—MISCELLANEOUS.

The abstraction and tabulation work connected with the Census taken on the night of 26th February, 1891, was carried on at Sehore during the first five months of the year under report, after which the returns were sent to Indore for compilation.

The branch of the Quaker Mission, alluded to in the last year's report, has been maintained at Schore during the past year. Mr. Terrell, I believe, constantly visits the lepers in the Asylum, and Mrs. Terrell and himself have started small schools for girls and boys in the Schore Bazar. As they deal with a class of children whose parents are too poor to pay the fees of the High School, the work they are doing does not clash with that of the older institution.

M. J. MEADE, Capt.,

Political Agent, Bhopal.

SEHORE, 7
The 20th April, 1892.

#### CHAPTER IV.

#### BHOPÁWAR.

# Report of the Bhopawar Agency for the year 1891-92.

#### I.—GENEBAL.

The season and crops have been generally fair. The rainfall was slightly less than in the preceding year, especially in the parts of Barwani and Dhar which lie below the "Ghâts," where the rabi crops have been under the average, and water scarce.

Captain H. L. Ramsay held charge of the Agency from the commencement of the year to the 6th September, 1891, when he was relieved by Lieutenant M. A. Tighe. The latter officer, on transfer to Indore, handed over charge of the current duties of the Agency to Lieutenant-Colonel J. Burne, Commandant, Malwa Bhil Corps, on the 26th November, 1891.

Surgeon-Major C. J. W. Lowdell held the appointment of Agency Surgeon from the commencement of the year to the 14th May, 1891, when he was relieved by Sugeon-Major J. Duke. The latter officer proceeded on leave on the 20th August, 1891, and returned to his duties on the 14th January, 1892. During his absence the appointment of Agency Surgeon was filled by Surgeon-Captain R. C. Macwatt.

Owing to my being at Indore in command of a detachment of the Malwa Bhil Corps during the visit of His Excellency the Viceroy, I was not able to commence my tour until the 17th December, 1891. I then visited Dhar, Manpur, Bagode (where the new settlement was being completed), Mahesir, Mandlesir, Khalghat, and Barwani, where I remained a fortnight, marching through the hilly tracts and visiting the detachments of the Malwa Bhil Corps at Pati and Silawad. I then proceeded to Ali Rajpur, and returned to Sirdarpore viá Jobat. After a few days' halt I marched through the Jhabua State and the outlying Indore pergana of Pitlawad.

During this portion of my tour I was able to note the progress of the work on the Godhra-Ratlam Railway, and to bring to an amicable settlement some questions that had arisen between the Indore and Jhabua Durbars and the railway authorities. I returned to Sirdarpore on 16th March.

In my capacity of Commandant, Malwa Bhil Crops, I inspected all the outposts of the regiment during my tour.

The Agency Surgeon visited all the dispensaries under the Agency during the touring season.

The Census operations were finally completed in the first week of August, 1891. The total population of the Agency has been returned at 9,75,500 souls. The area of the whole Agency may be roughly estimated at 10,000 square miles, which gives the population of 97.55 persons per square mile.

#### II.—POLITICAL.

Gwalior and Indore.—Portions of both these States lie within the limits of this Agency, but no separate reports from the Durbars regarding them are received by this office.

Dhar.—His Highness the Maharaja has suffered from ill-health throughout the year. There is now a marked improvement in his condition, and

although he is still under medical treatment at Indore, he hopes soon to be able to return to his capital fully restored to liealth.

Jhabua.—The relations between the Chief and the Dewan Rao Bahadur Narain Rao Bhikaji have been for the greater part of the year somewhat strained, although the former has latterly ceased from any active opposition, and the Dewan has been able to carry on the work of the State unimpeded. The Raja has just expressed a wish to increase the Dewan's salary by R100 per mensem, and it may be hoped this is the commencement of a better understanding between them.

The principal event has been the marriage of His Highness' daughter with the Chief of Boondi, which took place at Jhabua on the 28th April, 1891.

The question of exchange of territory between Indore (Pitlawad) and Jhabua (Thandla) still awaits final decision. The delay appears to be on the part of the Indore Durbar, which has not acquiesced in the decision of the Commission. This falls somewhat heavily on the Jhabua Durbar, as it is paying R150 per mensem as its share of the salary of the President of the Commission.

On the 3rd September, 1891, a Committee was appointed by the Durbar to examine into the condition of the Bori estate, which had been left much embarrassed by the late Thakur. The Committee concluded its labours at the beginning of October, 1891. The debt was found to be \$\frac{11}{100},66,719-5-9\$, of which sum \$\frac{195}{100},958-3-9\$ were allowed to count; a portion of this has been paid, and the balance at the end of the year was \$\frac{190}{100},576-6-3\$, and it is hoped that this sum will be cleared off in about twelve years. Expenditure has been reduced, and cultivators who had been driven from the estate under the old régime, have been induced to return and take up their lands again. The total revenue which is now only Shah Alum Shahi \$\frac{11}{100},347 \text{ will, it is expected, gradually expand to Shah Alum Shahi \$\frac{125}{100},000\$, which more nearly approaches what it ought to be under proper management.

The young Thakur, a bright and intelligent boy of eleven, will be sent to the Daly College, Indore, at the commencement of next term.

Ali Rajpur.—The chief events of the year have been—

1st.—The installation of Partab Singh, of Sondwa, on the vacant gadi of Ali Rajpur at an ad interim Durbar held by Rao Bahadur Thakur Jowan Singh, Superintendent of the State, on the 8th June, 1891.

2nd.—The formal installation of Partab Singh by the Political Agent, Bhopawar, at a Durbar held at Ali Rajpur, on the 28th March, 1892.

Having been informed that the Government of India desired that the formal installation of the young Chief should be no longer delayed, I proceeded to Ali Rajpur and held a Durbar on the 28th March. In addition to the State officials, the Durbar was attended by all the Thakurs, including the Thakur of Kathiwara who came of his own accord, and about 250 Patels and Tarvis, 500 Bhils and 300 Mahajans and Banias of Ali Rajpur. In the evening the Thakurs, Patels, Tarvis, and the Bhils accompanying them were entertained by the State, and there was a display of fireworks and illuminations.

The young Chief is now in good health, and I have arranged that he enters the Daly College at Indore at the commencement of next term. The Superintendent is anxious that the Rana's maternal uncle, Pahar Singh, who is three years older than the Rana, should also go to college with the young Chief. I think this would be a good arrangement; but as Pahar Singh has no means of his own to meet the necessary expenditure, I have proposed that this be borne by the State, as was done in the case of Bharat Singh of Sondwah, who accompanied his nephew, Vijay Singh (the late Rana) to college in 1881-82.

The income of the State is R98,240. The debt has been reduced from R46,435 to R22,435.

Barwani.—The relations between the Chief and his Dewan Madho Rao Powar are of a sufficiently cordial nature.

The financial position of the State is still very satisfactory. The income amounted to R2,05,060, as against R2,14,803 last year. There is thus an apparent falling off of R9,743, but this can be explained by the fact that the financial year was closed earlier than usual, in order to admit of the annual accounts being rendered in time for incorporation in the Agency Annual Administration Report, and consequently about R10,000, due on account of land-revenue, could not be realized before the accounts were wound up. At the end of the year there was a balance of R4,66,797 as under:—

			•					•	•	Æ
ı.	Government 1	Paper	•	•	•	•		•	•	2,50,000
	Cash .	-	•	•		•	•			1,81,330
	Unadjusted.	•	•		•	•	•	•		80,737
	Loan to local	bankers		•			•			4,730
										-
	•						To	TAL	•-	4,66,797

Mr. Fagan, of the Bombay Forest Department, who examined the Barwani Forests last year, has submitted his report, and his suggestions are under consideration.

Jobat.—The Rana Sarup Singh is anxious to be given charge of a pergana of his State. He has, for the last two or three months, regularly attended the Kamdar's office, and assisted the latter in public business. The Kamdar proposes that the Rana should be allowed to take over two perganas, valued at R5,500 and R4,500, respectively, while at the same time he will overlook the Rana's work, and will see that all sums realized on account of revenue are, as usual, paid into the treasury. The Rana is now twenty-five years of age, and I think it will be as well to invest him with some responsibility, and give him a chance of learning administrative work. I have accordingly submitted a proposal on the subject.

The revenue of the State is now R20,692, while there is still a debt of R4,518. This will be paid off, it is hoped, in two years.

The Kamdar, Wamon Rao, continues to do good work.

The guaranteed Bhumias of Kotideh and Chiktiabar were invested with full powers over their estates in November, 1891.

In February, 1892, the Government of India sanctioned the recognition of Raghunath Singh, son of Baka Singh, of the Kali Baori Bhumia's family, as the successor, by adoption, to the Garhi estate, and the Dhar Durbar was, at the same time, authorized to levy nazarana equal to a fourth part of the net revenue of the guaranteed estate under rule 9 of the rules at pages 399 and 400 of Aitchison's Treaties.

The Jemadar's post in the Bhumia Police held by the late Bhumia of Garhi has been abolished.

His Excellency the Viceroy visited Indore in November, 1891, and held a Viceregal Durbar, which was attended by the Political Agent and the following Chiefs of this Agency:—

His Highness the Maharaja of Dhar. His Highness the Raja of Jhabua. The Rana of Barwani. The Rana of Jobat.

#### III.—TRADE.

The number of chests of opium which passed the Dhar scales was 8693, as against 691 in the preceding year.

The statement, Appendix II, shows the traffic on the Bombay-Agra road during the year under report.

#### IV.—JUDICIAL.

#### A.—Civil.

In the Court of the Political Agent there remained 17 suits pending at the close of last year, and 35 suits were instituted during the year under report, making a total of 52. Of these 39 were disposed of and 13 remained pending at the close of the year. The total value of suits was R2,813.

In the Deputy Road Superintendents' Court there were 6 suits pending at the close of last year, and 53 were instituted during the year. Of these 54 were disposed of, leaving 5 pending at the end of 189-192. The total value of suits was R1,164. Further details will be found in Statement A.

#### B.—Criminal.

There was one case of murder tried during the year. The accused was convicted and sentenced to death on 29th September, 1891. The sentence having been confirmed by the Agent to the Governor General was carried out at Sirdarpore on the 18th December, 1891. Further details are given in Statement B. The statistics of the working of the civil and criminal courts of the Native States under the Agency will be found in Appendices III and IV.

#### V.—Police.

Agency Police.—There is no Agency Police.

Bombay-Agra Road Police.—This force, which is paid out of Local Funds, consists of 3 officers and 29 constables, and its annual cost is R3,168. Its duty is to protect the 88 miles of road which lie within the limits of the Agency. The force is aided by 4 sowars and 22 constables of the Bhumia Police. The total strength of the Bhumia Police, which is paid for by the British Government, is 4 sowars and 53 constables. The post of jemadar, which was held by the late Bhumia of Garhi, has been abolished by order of the Government of India.

The Manpur Pergana Police consists of 1 officer and 12 sepoys.

#### VI.—DACOITY WITH SERIOUS CRIME.

There has been a decrease in the number of dacoities reported during the year, which is 25 as against 36 of 1890-91. The value of the property plundered is much greater, being £32,779, whereas in 1890-91 the total amount was £5,907. The former sum is, however, principally made up by a dacoity at Karode (Dhar) where, on the 25th January, 1892, a band of about 20 men, supposed to be Moghias and Meenas, broke into the house of a sowcar and took away property valued at £28,957.

The Dhar Durbar has placed an officer, the Foujdar of Dhar, Sitaram Vithal, on special duty in connection with the dacoity, and he is making diligent enquiry in this and other Agencies, but no trace of the criminals has yet been found.

There has been one dacoity with murder. In January a party of ten Bhils attacked two travellers (Brahmans) in the Bag (Gwalior) pergana, killing one

and wounding the other; the property stolen was only R8-15. A Bhil is now in custody on suspicion of complicity in this crime. Burwani, which has hitherto been free from dacoity, returns two cases. In both, however, the property stolen was trifling in amount. Another member of the gang engaged in the attempted dacoity at Baori, in Jhabua, when the son of the Thakur was killed by an arrow, has been tried and convicted in the Political Agent's Court. Six had already been tried and convicted, and one was given a free pardon and admitted as a witness for the prosecution; there are consequently only two out of a party of ten dacoits still unaccounted for. Indore did not return any cases this year, while Gwalior reported 5, Dhar 5, Jhabua 4, Ali Rajpur 7, Barwani 2, Jobat 1, and Ruttonmal 1.

#### VII. - EDUCATIONAL.

There is a regimental school at Sirdarpore, the average daily attendance at which was 61.83. There is a movement on foot to establish a vernacular school in the station bazar, separate from, and independent of, the Malwa Bhil Corps School. This would in some respects be an advantage over the present system by which the bazar childen attend the regimental school, and the school-master is therefore unable to devote his whole time and attention to the non-commissioned officers and sepoys of the corps. Owing to the number of outposts maintained, it is important that the non-commissioned officers more especially should be sufficiently educated to be able to submit clear and intelligent reports from their posts, should they (as often happens) be in independent charge.

Manpur.—There is an Anglo-vernacular school at Manpur, a Hindi school at Kolani, and a school for Bhil boys at Khurdi, the average daily attendance being respectively 63, 13, and 8.

Dhar.—There are 22 State schools (21 for boys and 1 for girls) and 19 private schools, as against 14 last year in the Dhar State. There are 815 boys and 21 girls in the State schools, and 742 boys in private schools; the latter institutions show an increase of 365 pupils over last year. In the English school the average daily attendance was 83·1. This school sent up 14 candidates for the Entrance Examination of the Allahabad and Calcutta Universities. Of these 4 were successful, 24 boys appeared for the Central India Schools Examination, and 10 of them stood the test.

Jhabua.—There is a Hindi school at Jhabua, attended by 68 boys and 10 girls, a Sanskrit school with 20 boys, and an Urdu school with 11 boys. There is also a Hindi school at the headquarters of the Thandla, Ranapur, and Rambhapur perganas.

Ali Rajpur.—There are four schools maintained in the State, with an average daily attendance of 101 boys, and at an annual cost of R989. The Superintendent has opened a new school for Bhil boys at Ambua.

Barwani.—There are nine schools maintained in the State at an annual cost of \$\frac{1}{125}\$,323, the daily average attendance being 503.34, as against 604.25 last year.

Jobat.—There is a primary Hindi school at Jobat attended by 28 boys.

### . VIII.—PUBLIC WORKS.

Sirdarpore.—Another floodgate has been constructed at the Mahi bund in addition to those already made. The sum of R2,000 was sanctioned by the Agent to the Governor General for the excavation of silt from the bed of the Mahi river; R1,779 were spent on this work. A new Post and Telegraph Office has been built at a cost of R3,000.

Dhar.-No new public works have been undertaken this year.

Jhabua.—The Godhra-Rutlam Railway, which passes through the State ten miles north of Jhabua city, is under construction and the work is being pushed on rapidly. It is proposed to make a pucca road to connect the town of Jhabua with Indergarh Railway station, a distance of ten miles.

Barwani.—A sum of R28,183 was spent on public works, of which R8,279 was for repairs to roads and R2,533 expended on irrigation. The Rana is anxious that the southern end of the new Palace, which has been under construction for some years, should be completed and made habitable, and that the remainder of the building, which has not been carried beyond the first story, should be merely roofed in for use as a hall for Durbars and other public purposes. An estimate of the cost has been called for.

#### IX.—BOUNDARIES.

There were 42 boundary disputes pending at the beginning of the year and 12 fresh cases were filed during the year, making a total of 54 cases. Of these, 31 have been settled by Lieutenant C. E. Ross, and 23 are still pending settlement. Of the 31 cases disposed of during the year, 15 were settled by investigation, 3 by Panchayat, and 13 amicably.

#### X.—MEDICAL.

The total number of out-patients admitted into all the dispensaries of the Agency was 45,193, as against 48,812 in the preceding year. There were 263 deaths, of which 46 were due to cholera, and 217 to ordinary mortality. The dispensaries of the Dhar and Indore States within the limits of this Agency are not inspected by the Agency Surgeon.

Vaccination work has been carried on chiefly in the Native States and Manpur (British), where 2,272 persons have been vaccinated. Of this number 2,117 were successfully vaccinated.

A new ward of four rooms has been added to the Victoria Hospital, Sirdar-pur, and several other improvements to dead-house, operating-room, and outpatients' room have been carried out.

#### XI.-LOCAL CORPS.

Outposts have been maintained in the Satpuras and at Ali Rajpur, Jhabua, and Jobat. The Commandant has submitted a scheme by which the efficiency of the corps as a military police will be increased without any corresponding increase in expenditure: indeed, a small saving is shown.

#### XII.-MISCELLANEOUS.

The Bagode Pergana Revenue Settlement operations are now concluded, and it is expected that there will be an increase of about R2,500 in the revenue. When I visited Bagode in January last representatives from the various villages affected by the new settlement came before me and expressed themselves well satisfied with it.

The Godhra-Rutlam Railway, which runs for about 35 miles through the Jhabua State and the Pitlawad Pergana (Indore) of this Agency, is making good progress, and gives employment to a very large number of Bhils, who come freely to the works, and also to many Marwaris, who have been compelled to leave Rajputana on account of the scarcity.

Lieutenent-Colonel W. Bisset, C.I.E., Agent, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, and Mr. John Hogan, Executive Engineer, Godhra-Rutlam

Railway, met me in camp at Rampura, and we were able to settle amicably some questions that had arisen between the Durbars and Railway authorities.

I find I have omitted to mention under the head "Dacoity and Other Serious Crime" that in January, 1892, two petty Native railway contractors were murdered in the hut where they lived on the railway. Two persons, viz., Meghraj (Godaria) and Mohan (Kumhar), in the contractor's employ, were suspected of the crime, and warrants (as they had absconded) were issued from this office for their arrest. One of them, Meghraj, has been arrested, and a clue has been obtained to the whereabouts of Mohan.

JASPER BURNE, Lieut.-Col., Political Agent, Bhopawar.

SIRDARPORE, 22nd April, 1892.

#### CHAPTER V.

#### WESTERN MALWA.

Report on the Western Malwa Agency, by Colonel H. M. Buller, Political Agent, for 1891-92.

#### OFFICERS.

Colonel Buller, Commandant, Central India Horse, on return from furlough on 23rd April, 1891, resumed his appointment, receiving charge from Colonel Gerard, C.B.

During his absence on privilege leave, Major Money held charge in September and Captain Robertson in October. Owing to Colonel Buller's employment at the cavalry camp-of-exercise at Aligarh in December, Captain Robertson again officiated in charge. Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Caldecott received medical charge of the Agency from Surgeon Manifold in October, 1891.

#### I.—GENERAL REMARKS.

A gloom was cast over the district in January by the distressing announcement of His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor's death, making the year a memorably sad one. Deep sympathy and sorrow were evinced by all the Chiefs and principal Thakurs, all shops being closed and business suspended in the different towns on the day of the funeral.

In November the Chiefs of Jaora and Rutlam, as well as most of the guaranteed Thakurs, attended at Indore on the occasion of His Excellency Lord Lansdowne's visit to Central India, and had the honour of paying and receiving visits from His Excellency the Viceroy.

#### II.—SEASON AND CROPS.

The rainfall gauged at Agar amounted during the year to 34.21 inches, the usual fall being 36. This amount was sufficient to produce a plentiful supply of grass and fair *kharif* crops.

The *rabi* was, however, below the average. This was especially unfortunate, as the want of rain and consequent scarcity in Rajputana induced a large number of distressed agriculturists from that province to emigrate into Malwa with their starving cattle. Measures for relief of immigrants unable to work were promptly taken by all the Native Chiefs, and funds were liberally granted.

Amongst these I would especially notice the Gwalior and Rutlam Durbars. The centres of relief were fixed chiefly along the line of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, namely, at Nyagaon, Neemuch, Mandsaur, Jaora, Rutlam, and Ujjain. Food was also distributed gratis at Sailana, Sitamau, and other places frequented by the Marwaris. Prices throughout the districts were naturally high, as large quantities of grain were exported by merchants to Rajputana and the adjoining districts, but the measures taken sufficed to obviate severe distress in Malwa itself.

#### III.—HEALTH.

Cholera unfortunately prevailed to a great extent throughout the district; out of 6,543 cases reported 4,555 were said to have terminated fatally. The city of Ujjain, to which place pilgrims yearly come in large numbers, and some of the surrounding villages were during the hot season much affected.

#### IV .-- PUBLIC ORDER, CRIME, ETC.

Notwithstanding the influx of distressed immigrants, crime throughout the district did not increase to any appreciable extert. Some thirty dacoities were

reported, the perpetrators being in several cases arrested and punished. Three cases of murder occurred, the accused being tried and sentenced to transportation for life.

Thirty-seven Pathans, inhabitants of the Peshawar border, were deported from the States under this Agency.

#### V .- ANNUAL TOUR.

During January and February I visited Sitamau, Jaora, Piploda, Sailana, Rutlam, and Mehidpore, returning to Agar on the 17th February. Whilst passing through the district I took the opportunity of impressing on the Chiefs and zemindars the advisability of reducing the opium cultivation and largely increasing that of cereals, such as wheat and barley. Although the price of opium has fallen so low the villagers still cling to its cultivation, in the vain hope of a rise in price, and the Durbars moreover are somewhat loth to abandon a crop which hitherto has brought such a large land revenue to their States.

#### VI.-POLITICAL.

Gwalior, Indore, Tonk, Jhallawar, and Dewas.—My relations with the officials of the perganas in Western Malwa, belonging to these five States, have been of a satisfactory nature. No important changes have taken place.

Supervision over the Moghias and Pathans is more carefully maintained, and fewer cases of crime are now traced to these classes.

The police of the Gwalior and Indore districts need more supervision, and the appointments of active and reliable officials, who would make a point of constantly moving about their districts, instead of devoting the greater part of their time to the production of useless returns, would prove of great advantage. The Annual Baijnath Fair was held near Agar in Gwalior territory from 1st to 15th April, 1892. The daily attendance was large, but below the numbers expected. All dues on goods sold at the fair were abolished by order of the Gwalior Council, which gave a great impetus to trade. Ten horses, 300 bullocks, and R22,723 worth of goods changed hands, the latter being chiefly cloths, carpets, brass and copper utensils, and miscellaneous articles.

A bridge over the river and a new school-house are much needed at Mandsaur, in Gwalior territory. This is the second largest city in Malwa, containing over 27,000 inhabitants, and bringing in an income of 11 lakhs to Sindhia.

Jaora.—Affairs have improved generally in this State under the careful management of Khan Bahadur Yar Mahomed Khan. His Highness the Nawab's eldest daughter has recently been betrothed to His Highness the Nawab of Rampur.

All revenue of the district is now realised through State officials, the objectionable system of farming out districts to contractors having been abolished. The State debt now only amounts to  $3\frac{1}{4}$  lakes, which, it is hoped, will be paid off during the next four years.

Construction of the new jail has been commenced and funds for the same have been estimated for. His Highness the Nawab made a tour throughout his district during the cold season, visiting the principal places and personally seeing to the state of affairs.

Rutlam.—His Highness Rajah Ranjit Singh visited Bombay during May and June, 1891, for the benefit of his health. He continues to give much personal attention to the management of his State, and looks closely to financial matters. The State is reported not to be in debt, and but few complaints have been received from any of his subjects. In February His Highness the Rajah visited Jodhpore, and was present on the occasion of the marriage of the Maharaja's som

The extension of the Godra-Rutlam Railway, for which free grants of land have been sanctioned by the Chiefs of Rutlam and Sailana, has made rapid strides during the last year under the able superintendence of Mr. Hogan, Executive Engineer. Material trains run daily 15 miles from Rutlam in the direction of the Mahi river, which forms the boundary limit of the Western Malwa district. Owing to the descent of the ghauts in the Sailana territory some heavy cuttings have had to be made.

A station is being built at Morvi, about 12 miles from Rutlam, which, it is hoped, will be found convenient both for inhabitants of Rutlam and Sailana.

A new assistant surgeon was appointed in the room of the late assistant at the dispensary, the latter's services having proved unsatisfactory. Much attention has been paid to education in this State, and the college has been well looked after during the year by Babu Raganath Nandi, B.A.

Sailana.—I am glad to be able to report that His Highness Rajah Dule Singh and his adopted son, Kunwar Jeswant Singh, have become reconciled and live on more friendly terms. The Chief has been much interested in building a new temple at an old shrine prettily situated a few miles from the town of Sailana. The State debt has been reduced and now amounts to R85,000.

Sitamau.—The management of this State is still unsatisfactory. The Raja is lavish in his promises of retrenchment, and at times appears anxious to ensure better administration. Shortly before my visit to Sitamau he appointed as his Minister a Mahomedan, Sirdar Zainul Abdin Khan. This official, as far as I have been able to judge in so short a time, has worked honestly and energetically in reducing expenditure and generally controlling affairs. He does not however, I regret to say, receive the necessary support from his Chief, who is inclined to listen to the advice of others who have not his interest, or that of the State, at heart. The debts approximately amount to  $1\frac{1}{4}$  lakhs, and in view of liquidation of the same an estimate has been drawn up by the Minister, showing an annual saving of R35,000. If this is adhered to, the State could be cleared of debt in the course of a few years.

The ex-Kamdar has not yet received permission from the Raja to return to his home, but it is hoped that his sanction will shortly be granted.

*Piploda*.—Thakur Kesri Singh, with his brothers, is still studying at the Indore College, where he is gaining insight into judicial as well as other subjects. As he is now in his twentieth year, he will shortly be eligible to receive charge of his estate.

The Thakur and his uncle are not, I regret to say, on the best of terms, but the latter has during the minority effectually controlled expenditure and carefully supervised affairs. The debts have now been reduced to about \$\frac{1}{125},000\$, which will be shortly cleared off.

Guaranteed Thakurs.—Dewan Hari Singh, of Lalgarh, a minor, is also studying at the Indore College. His marriage took place during the past year, and the expenditure for this ceremony was kept within reasonable limits. The debts amount to R8,000. The mother of the Dewan, aided by the old Kamdar, carries on affairs satisfactorily.

Narwar.—A dispute is still pending between the Thakur of this place and the Gwalior officials at Ujjain regarding the collection of Sayer dues in the guaranteed villages, which the Thakur objects to pay, but which the Durbar maintain have hitherto always been levied by them. Proof of this has been called for, and, if necessary, a separate report will shortly be submitted.

Bhatkheri.—Thakur Sheo Singh died a few months ago, leaving one son, Sajan Singh, three years of age. The Indore Durbar have lately attempted to dispute the validity of the guarantee and claimed interference in civil and judicial jurisdiction. The Kamdar who acted in the late Thakur's time is in charge

of the estate. He is reducing expenditure and clearing off the debt which does not amount to any large sum.

# VIII .- MAIL ROBBERRY.

One took place near Susnair in the Gwalior district, the mail bag being plundered. Eight dacoits, inhabitants of the Pirawa Tonk district, accused of committing this robbery, have been apprehended and are now under trial by the Gwalior magistrate.

Neemuch Cantonment.—The following officers held charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate:—Captain C. Chamier, from May till December 4th; Lieutenant Hazelgrove, from 4th to 24th December, 1891; Captain A. D. Fordyce, from 24th December to end of the year. Seven appeals in civil suits were submitted, of which four were confirmed, two revised, and one reversed. In criminal cases there were eight appeals, of which seven were upheld and one rejected.

IX.—BOUNDARIES.

Much good work has been done by Lieutenant Bruce, fifteen cases having been satisfactorily settled, only five remaining over for next season. All pillars on cases settled are now promptly built either by the States or contractors appointed by the Agency.

#### X.—ROADS—PUBLIC WORKS.

The Agar-Ujjain and Indore-Neemuch roads have been kept in good repair during the last year. The new metalled roads constructed by the Gwalior Durbar from Agar to Sarangpur, 32 miles, and from Agar to Susner, 18 miles, have been completed, and have proved of much use to the merchants of the district. I would again call attention to the great want of an extension from Susner to The Gwalior Durbar are prepared to execute their the Jhallawar border. portion of the work provided the Indore Durbar will construct the 7 miles of road through the Maharaja Holkar's district. The cost of the latter portion would not exceed \$50,000 and the grant of same would be greatly appreciated by the inhabitants of the Naraingarh and other Indoré villages, besides opening out a direct route to the railway for the residents of Jhallawar and surrounding country. New and handsome offices for the Judicial and Civil Courts of Agar are now being erected near the city, which should be completed next year. The new Runija and Khachrode road will also be metalled this season. A school-house is urgently needed in the Agar city, and funds for construction of tanks in the neighbourhood of Agar might advisably be granted by the Gwalior Durbar.

XI.—TROOPS.

The 1st Central India Horse was quartered at Agar till the end of the year, when it was relieved by the 2nd Regiment on its return from the Aligarh camp-of-exercise. Detailed reports of the Central India Horse are attached.

#### XII.—STUDS.

Three Government stallions have been maintained at Agar and one at Mehidpore. The class of mares brought to them have not, however, been worthy of notice, but some useful remounts have recently been purchased in the district.

His Highness the Nawab of Jaora very liberally presented a handsome Arab, "Viceroy," for stud purposes, which is much approved of by the horse owners of the district.

The usual returns are herewith appended.

AGAR,
The 2nd ay 1892.

H. M. BULLER, Col., Political Ayent, Western Malwa.

#### CHAPTER VI.

#### BAGHELKHAND.

Report on the Administration of the Baghelkhand Agency for the year 1891-92.

#### I.-GENERAL.

The rainfall of the year gauged at Sutna was 50 inches 90 cents, as compared with 54 inches and 50 cents in the previous year. The monsoon set in later than usual, and agricultural operations were consequently delayed; they did not, in fact, commence until the end of July; the distribution of rainfall was, however, favourable, and the *kharif* crop was an average one. The winter rains were sufficient for the *rabi* which was, on the whole, a good crop. As compared, therefore, with many other parts of India, Baghelkhand was exceptionally well off.

Flights of locusts visited some parts of the Agency in June, but fortunately the bulk of them passed on without alighting or causing damage.

As regards public health, the year was a normal one. Cholera and fever were, as usual, present at times in various parts of the Agency, but there were no epidemics.

Captain M. J. Meade held charge till 1st December, 1891, when I rejoined after an absence of nearly nine months, of which eight were spent on furlough, and the last month on temporary deputation to the Bhopal Agency.

During the cold weather I marched through and inspected the tehsils of Madhogurh, Huzur, Teonthur, and Mowgunj, in the Rewah State.

The Agent to the Governor General visited the Agency in February, 1892, receiving the Raja of Nagode at Nagode and the Raja of Sohawal at Sutna. The Rajas of Maihar and Kothi were unable to attend.

#### II.—POLITICAL.

The most important events in the year were the thread-lying ceremony (Barwa), and the marriage of the young Maharaja of Rewah to the daughter of the Maharaja of Dumraon, which took place at Dumraon on the 22nd February, 1892.

His Highness the Maharaja visited Bombay in August, and the trip was advantageous in many ways.

Pandit Het Ram, C.I.E., relinquished the post of Dewan on retirement on the 1st November, being relieved by Lall Ramanuj Pershad Singh, C.I.E. Pundit Het Ram's services had been of great value to Rewah, and he left the State after a service of more than sixteen years, with a character for probity and strict discharge of duty which cannot be too highly prized.

A brief notice of the Rewah State administration is given below. The affairs of the other four smaller States do not call for special notice. The Raja of Maihar has, for the present, abandoned his intention of touring in different parts of India for the benefit of his health.

The Raja of Nagode has made no effort whatever to improve his administration. The dispute between the Raja of Sohawal and the Thakur of Raigaon continues.

#### III.—REWAH.

Rewah.—There is a slow but steady improvement in most departments; the public peace has been well maintained; and the people have every opportunity afforded them for obtaining justice, as for well as for representing their grievances to the Superintendent.

His Highness the Maharaja has enjoyed excellent health, and is making fair progress in his studies. His Highness much enjoyed the tour he made in the cold weather on the south of the Kymore range, accompanied by Dr. Gimlette and a few sirdars. Her Highness the Chandelin Maharani, though treated with every courtesy and consideration, has, I regret to say, shown no signs of abandoning her hostile attitude towards the administration. With the other Maharanis my relations are of a cordial character.

#### IV.-FINANCES.

At no previous stage in the history of Rewah has the financial position, on which everything depends, been as satisfactory and prosperous as it now is.

Appendix I shows the estimated and actual figures of income and expenditure during the year. The totals, which show that the forecasts of income and expenditure were fairly accurate, are—

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Estimate	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		10,88,894	0	0 -
Actuals	•	•	•	•	•	• .	. • -	` '	10,97,514	6	2

leaving a balance on 1st April, 1892, of £12,65,967-5-6, as compared with £9,54,516-3-5 at the end of the year 1890-91, of which £5,25,700 is invested in 4 per cent. Government paper. Measures are now being taken for a further investment of £2,00,000 through the Comptroller-General. The accounts not only of expenditure but of all outsandings, such as advances, loans, unadjusted items and deposits, are carefully and punctually rendered, and together with the budget which is strictly worked, they supply a valuable check upon extravagance and unauthorized expenditure.

#### V.—TRADE.

The trade of Rewah is largely dependent upon the harvests, and especially the *rabi*; as the agricultural outturn was good, trade improved. New markets have been opened at various stations on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway within the Rewah State, the principal of which are those at Chandia, Umaria, and Sohagpur. Efforts have been made by adjusting local taxations to remove all hindrances to the development of traffic.

#### VI.-JUDICIAL.

There has been a marked decrease in the number of heinous crimes committed. No cases of thuggi, dacoity, or mail robbery occurred in Rewah during the year.

#### VII.—Jails.

There was no disturbance of any kind in the jail. The sanitary arrangements under Surgeon-Major Gimlette's directions were very satisfactory, and no cholera or other serious illness occurred during the year. The products of jail industry manifested some improvement.

#### VIII.—POLICE.

The Agency Police, paid from the Imperial Revenues, were maintained during the year, and were useful.

Dacoity and Serious Crime.—There were no cases of dacoity or mail robbery in Rewah during the year. In Nagode a dacoity took place in February;

some 11 persons were arrested on suspicion and tried, but the case against them broke down.

#### IX.-EDUCATIONAL.

There has been a slight decrease in the average attendance of boys in the school at Rewah, but the attendance in the village schools (12) and girls schools (6) increased. A new school was opened in the village of Tilkhan. Five boys were sent up from the Rewah school for the Entrance Examination of the Allahabad University, of whom three passed; one boy appeared for the Sanskrit Shastri Examination of the Punjab University, passing creditably, and two boys passed the Middle Class Anglo-Vernacular Examination. The result of the Central India Schools Examination was not, I regret to say, satisfactory. The service class attached to the Rewah school, which aims at teaching youth who desire to obtain service in the State something of the work they may be called upon to perform, consisted of 110 young men, as compared with 86 in the previous year.

The Rajkumar class, comprising 40 sons of sirdars, who are boarded in the Rewah High School and receive subsistence allowance from the State, shows signs of improvement. The school at Sutna has made fair progress.

The schools at Nagode, Maihar, Sohawal, and Kothi have, it is reported, been maintained by the Chiefs.

## X .- Public Works.

The military buildings and roads in the Sutna cantonment and the civil buildings in the Agency were maintained by the Public Works Department.

Appendix XX shows the expenditure on Public Works in Rewah. All the public buildings at Rewah, Sutna, and in the interior, as well as the roads in charge of the Assistant Engineer of the Rewah State, were properly maintained. The operations of the Public Works Department in Rewah are mainly confined to keeping existing buildings and roads in repair or improving them when necessary. A scheme was prepared by Mr. Target, Executive Engineer, Nagode Division, for improving the Govindgurh tank, and the work begun during the cold weather will, it is hoped, soon be completed.

#### XI.—REVENUE SETTLEMENT.

Appendix XVII shows the work done in the Huzur tehsil, Madhogurh and Teonthur. In the Huzur tehsil field-work is now practically completed, and that of the Madhogurh tehsil will, it is hoped, be finished before the rains. There will then remain fairing of papers and the preparation of the records-of-rights, which involving, as it does, an enquiry into the titles of an enormous number of alienations, is a formidable enterprise. I cannot undertake to say when this work will be finished, but a good deal has already been done, and unless anything unforeseen happens, it should certainly be completed during this year. Meanwhile the work of the Settlement Officer is carefully scrutinized, and no unnecessary delay will be allowed to occur. The settlement of Teonthur is progressing satisfactorily under Pandit Mokund Rao.

#### XII.—BOUNDARY.

Appendix XXII shows the disposal of cases instituted.

#### XIII.—MEDICAL.

In August, 1891, Dr. Gimlette went on three months' privilege leave to England, being relieved by Dr. Bookey. Dr. Gimlette resumed charge of the office of Agency Surgeon and tutor to His Highness the Maharajah in November, 1891.

Appendix R shows the work done in the dispensaries under the charge of the Agency Surgeon, who has reported on them separately to the civil administrative medical officer in Central India.

# XIV.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Statement II shows the customs or permit and excise revenues for the year, as compared with the figures for the preceding year. The income from permit during the year shows an increase of R12,014-12-7 over that of the preceding year, and the receipts from ferry and excise revenues an increase of

R13,067-10-9.

Statement XXI shows the income and expenditure of the "Forest" for the year under review. Some damage was done by frost to the lac, which yielded, in consequence, a poorer crop. This was, however, compensated for by increased prices obtained for the lac sold. The opening of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway will, it is hoped, tend to develop further the Rewah Forest revenue. A new forest reserve in Sohagpur and Singwarra, between Sahdol and Palee, about 122 miles in circumference, has been demarcated, but no strict conservancy will at present be attempted; all we are anxious to do is to restrict dhya cultivation, and to prohibit felling of the better class of timber. The villagers will be free to take whatever wood they require for domestic use or agricultural purposes, as also to graze their cattle.

D. W. ROBERTSON,

Political Agent, Baghelkhand, and

Superintendent of Rewah

SUTNA,
The 1st May, 1892.

#### CHAPTER VII.

#### BUNDELKHAND.

# Report of the Bundelkhand Agency for 1891-92.

#### I.—GENERAL—SEASON AND CROPS.

The rainfall, though finally rather over the average, was so extraordinarily delayed as to give rise to most serious anxiety till late in July. Abundant rain, however, soon afterwards dissipated the fears which had prevailed. The crops, both *kharif* and *rabi*, have been generally good. Locusts appeared in parts, but not at a season to do damage, nor in large number, and but little injury by hail was reported.

- 2. There was a good deal of cholera; the disease was prevalent in an outlying part of Panna when the year opened; and later became severe in other parts; its ravages were chiefly felt in the eastern part of the Agency. Over 3,000 deaths were reported; only one case occurred in Nowgong. Health in other respects was normal.
- 3. Colonel F. A. Wilson held charge of the Agency during the year. Captain Rooke was Cantonment Magistrate, except from 23rd September, 1891, to 8th February, 1892, during which Lieutenant C. F. Minchin officiated for that officer, who was appointed a Political Assistant with special judicial powers.

Lieutenant C. F. Minchin assumed charge of the Boundary Settlement Office on 15th July, 1891, relieving Captain Rooke, who had previously held charge in addition to his own duties.

Medical charge of the Agency was held by Surgeon-Major Langridge from 1st April to 8th May, 1891; Surgeon-Major Wright from 9th May to 16th August, and Surgeon-Captain Henderson for the rest of the year.

4. The Agent to the Governor General entering Bundelkhand on 24th December, 1891, at Datia, marched through the principal States during his tour, and left it at the Nagode frontier on the 7th February, 1892.

# II.—POLITICAL REVIEW OF THE WHOLE AGENCY, ETC.

- 5. Dacoity prevailed to a considerable extent; the subject will be duly noticed in its place later.
- 6. The States under management or some supervision during the year were as before:—
  - 1. Charkhari.
- 3. Bhaisannda.

2. Sarila.

4. Garrauli.

Dewan Arjun Singh, the minor Chief of Tori Fatehpur, is still a student in the Rajkumar College, and the management of the State has been carried on by the dowager Thakurain as hitherto, and continues one of somewhat negative merit.

7. Charkhari.—Rao Bahadur Jujhar Singh Ju Deo, the father of the young Chief, conducted the administration under a general supervision of the Agency till the middle of January, when the Maharaja having attained his majority was, under the orders of Government, invested with powers of administration. The management of the Rao Sahib has been judicious and able, and the State has passed to the direct control of its young ruler in a financially and administratively satisfactory condition. There is a normal surplus of revenue over expenditure and the State funds invested in Government paper amount to four lakhs.

The young Chief maintains the excellent character he has always enjoyed,

and possessing good sense and very fair abilities, gives every promise of proving a wise, just, and successful ruler.

He has shown good judgment in retaining the Rao Sahib as head of affairs

under himself, under the title of Madarul Moham.

8. Sarila.—The minor Chief's father, Rao Sambhar Singh, has continued to manage the State. It is a small and compact but rich domain, consisting mostly of cultivated land, and presents no special difficulty in its affairs, which are in a very satisfactory financial position.

There is an ample normal surplus; one and a half lakhs are invested in

Government paper, and there is a very substantial working cash balance.

The young Raja continues his studies at the Rajkumar College, but ex-

hibits no great taste for books.

9. Bhaisaunda.—The affairs of this petty jagir of the Chaubey group continue under a manager appointed by the Agency, and are conducted in a regular and orderly fashion. Its very slender financial resources admit of only the most simple form of management. The jagir suffered severely from cholera in June and July.

The young Jagirdar is reading in the Rajkumar College, and is a very in-

telligent and promising boy.

10. Garrauli.—Pandit Damodar Dass has continued to manage the jagir satisfactorily. There was some damage by hail in three villages, but the crops elsewhere, both kharif and rabi, were good. The financial results of the year were normal; a further small amount of debt was liquidated, and the balance due now stands at R14,000 nearly.

Dewan Chanderbhan Singh, the young Jagirdar, now nine years old, has attended the College since January; he is an intelligent and pleasant little fellow.

# III .- STATES ADMINISTERED BY THEIR OWN CHIEFS.

11. Orchha.—The efforts of the Durbar have succeeded in stamping out There were only three cases during the year. dacoity in this State.

The Chief cordially responded to a call for troops to aid in hunting down gangs lately infesting the tract bordering the Dhassan river in his frontier, and probably finding occasional refuge within his limits.

Adjustment of the account for compensation for lands taken up for the Indian Midland Railway has been effected, and the final award, amounting to R25,755-5-6, has been paid. The suggested exchange of villages with the Lalitpur District, referred to in last year's report, unfortunately proved abortive.

12. Datia.—Goshain Gharib Dass, who had for many years been the Durbar's Minister, died in December; his place was taken by Janki Prasad

Shikdar, who had long been a protege and assistant of the late Minister.

Relations between the Durbar and the Baroni Thakurs have continued far The proposal originally coming from some of the Thakurs for mutual exchange of land with the Durbar, whereby the liability to collision between the parties would be greatly lessened and their constant quarrels prevented, did not meet with approval.

13. Panna.—Dacoity has for some time unfortunately been the subject demanding the chief attention in this State. The escape of Durag Singh just before the delivery of judgment at the close of his trial in the Mohana dacoity, in which he was clearly concerned, has proved a public misfortune. His escape was assisted by certain of the State servants who fled with him.

At the Maharaja's request, and with the sanction of Government, Dr. W. King, the Director of the Geological Survey Department, visited Panna in October to examine the mining capabilities of the country and to advise the Chief on the subject, especially of diamond mining.

14. Ajaigarh.—Dewan Sukh Lal Singh, whose case has called for notice in

former reports, maintains his impracticable attitude. He appeared at Ajaigurh at the time of the Agent to the Governor General's visit, but appeared incapable of even understanding admonition or argument.

15. Bijawar.—There is little change in the affairs of this State, or the methods of its administration, which have necessitated unfavourable comment in former reports. Many of the Thakurs—a very numerous body in this State—are in opposition, and due influence and authority on the part of the Durbar over them is generally wanting. An unfortunate result of this state of things is the failure to deal with sufficient vigour with the difficulties of dacoity suppression.

Pecuniary difficulties led to a suggestion for a loan, but the idea was one which could not be supported. With the object of remedying the defects in the administration which had attracted unfavourable notice, the Chief intimated in November last the appointment of a Council, in view to the better conduct of affairs, but there is nothing to show that there is any vigour or life in this body.

16. Chhatarpur.—A carefully prepared and interesting report has been furnished by this State. Its chief anxiety has been the reappearance of dacoity, and in this connection the most noteworthy point is the unfortunate escape from Panna of the notorious Durag Singh, who, belonging to, and originally arrested at the instance of Chhatarpur, has devoted himself specially to plundering in this State. Action against the dacoits, with the exception of Durag Singh, who appears to enjoy an extraordinary prestige among the people, and Bikramajit, has been more effective in Chhatarpur than some other States. Twenty men were arrested soon after the two first dacoities of the year, and have been almost all convicted. About the same number were arrested in cases concerned with other States, but worked out at Chhatarpur, and many have been convicted.

To meet the trouble from dacoity the Durbar has increased its police by 125 men, and detailed them in parties to follow up and hunt down the dacoits, and has besides established 22 additional police posts in its districts. Apart from dacoity, the affairs of the State have been successfully managed. There was a substantial surplus on the financial working of the year, which closed with a balance of over R95,000, including that brought forward from the previous year.

The crops were, on the whole, fair; some local damage was caused by hail, and a suspension of the revenue collection in the affected villages was allowed. The working of the Courts appears to have been satisfactory.

- 17. Hasht Bhaya Jagirs.—Nothing of importance has occurred in these petty jagirs. Decisions have been arrived at by Punchayat in long-standing disputes in Dharwai and Bijna, but are not cordially accepted by one of the parties in the first case, and by the Jagirdar in the case of Bijna; they will probably give some further trouble.
- 18. Paldeo.—The Jagirdar died in August, 1891, and the succession of his cousin, Narain Dass, was duly recognised by Government. The new Jagirdar assumes his responsibilities late in life, being over fifty years of age and under difficulties, in the shape of somewhat heavy debts left by his predecessor, but he appears well meaning and sensible, and will, it may be hoped, prove a success.
- 19. Kamta Rajaula.—There has been a death in this small jagir also, and Ram Pershad, eldest son of the deceased jagirdar, has been recognised by Government as jagirdar in succession to his father, who died in December, 1891.
- 20. No events in the remaining States of this Agency call for special notice.
  - 21. Political Pensions.—There were three deaths among the political pen-

sioners during the year. Harbans Gir having died on 28th August, 1891; his pension of R60-13-9 was continued to his son Jham Gir.

Kuar Bala Gir died on 15th December, 1891. Action has been taken for the continuance of this hereditary pension of R129-10-6 to his son HimmutGir.

Nem Kuar, who enjoyed a life pension of R75 having died on 21st December, 1891, his pension lapsed to Government.

#### IV.—JUDICIAL.

22. No civil cases came before the Political Agent.

23. In the Criminal Courts the work was heavy, rather owing to the cases being difficult than to their number. Out of the three cases of murder there were convictions in two, the offenders being sentenced to death. The large number of serious dacoities to be dealt with led to the deputation of Captain Rooke, Cantonment Magistrate, with special powers for their trial. Particulars are given in the appended Statement B.

24. The Orchha and Panna Durbars have tried a considerable number of dacoity cases, and some have been tried in Chhatarpur, the records of which

have been submitted to the Political Agent.

25. In the Agency Jail the accommodation was quite inadequate to the number of prisoners, and it became necessary to make many transfers to the Charkhari and Chhatarpur Jails, which are both excellent buildings, and well managed. As far as possible the transfers were confined to the prisoners of the respective States. Some prisoners were also, under the stress of overcrowding, transferred to Bijawar, where the jail had, as the result of the constant attention directed to it, been very greatly improved.

Progress has been made with the jail at Ajaigarh, and a suitable building

should shortly be completed.

## V.—POLICE.

26. Statement D appended gives the details of the small Imperial and Local Fund Police Force of the Agency.

In the Native States the Police is generally very inefficient and without organisation.

# VI.-DACOITY.

27. The crime has continued very prevalent, but the number has fallen from 94 in the year 1890-91 to 59 in the present year. Last year's report dealt fully with the main difficulties and obstacles encountered in effectually dealing with the trouble. These remain in full force, and may be briefly recapitulated, as being the close interlacing of boundaries and jurisdictions, the wild, broken, and most difficult character of the country in many parts affording easy means of concealment and foiling attempts at pursuit; the timidity, helplessness, and extreme apathy of the people, and the active and passive sympathy, shelter, and assistance given, there can be no possible doubt, by the Thakurs generally to their brethren, who constitute the life and vigour of the dacoit bands. The Durbars have been constantly and strenuously urged to vigorous and effective action, and in respect especially of the evil last referred to above, the necessity for exerting to the utmost their authority over their Thakurs to enforce a cordial support of the measures against dacoits has been insisted on. Great numbers of the local Thakurs have also been summoned to my camp on my march through the most affected districts, and have been most seriously admonished on their responsibilities. Several important dacoits have been captured or killed, and the more recent dacoities have generally been the work of two bands who have hitherto eluded pursuit. With their capture or destruction, for which every effort is being made, the cessation of dacoity may be hoped for.

- 28. In the course of the Agent to the Governor General's march through Bundelkhand it was decided that a force, to be made up of levies from certain States in which dacoity was most rife, should be organised with the object of providing a body of men to follow up any band of which traces might be got into any State in which they might seek refuge. There seemed great need for such a force, as, in spite of every effort to enforce real unity of action, jealousy or timidity had been found constantly to hamper pursuit over a boundary. The scheme was accepted by the States, and the men required were soon furnished, Panna only supplying a part of its quota, which was much larger than that of the others, but an essential part of the plan, the obtaining from the Thagi and Dacoity Department of extra officers, whose pay the States had agreed to defray, to control and direct these levies, has not yet been carried out-
- 29. Orchha.—This Durbar has been very successful in dealing with dacoity, only three cases, as already noted, having occurred in the State during the year. The State troops have several times come into collision with the dacoits, and have arrested or killed a good many. A very spirited attack was made on a band near Parara just over the Jbansi border, when a well-known offender, Badulju, was killed, and another, Sujan Sing, being wounded, was taken and was subsequently hanged at Jhansi; a third was wounded and captured later. The notorious leader, Hirdeh Shah, was also killed in an attempted arrest by the State sepoys in Hamirpur territory.
- 30. Panna.—A very large proportion of the dacoities reported have occurred in this State, the number for the year being 25, of which a large proportion was again in the distant perganas of Buxwaho and Guara, in which the authority of the State is very weak. The Durbar was called upon to establish a number of posts in this region, and has reported having done so and having strongly reinforced the pursuit parties already there.
- 31. Charkhari.—In Charkhari there were three dacoities. The serious case at Didwara, which occurred in December, 1890, has been brought to trial, with the result that twenty of those concerned, for the most part belonging to Jhansi and Hamirpar, have been convicted and sentenced to transportation or long term of imprisonment. There have been also ten convictions in the Pande Purwa case.
- 32. Bijawar—One of the two main gangs of dacoits has for long mostly infested the region in which Bijawar and Panna territories are mingled. They have been frequently met with or pursued by the State troops, whose action has, however, been so weak and half-hearted as to lead to no results. A bright exception has appeared just after the close of the year, when a party of the Durbar troops and the Thakurs of a previously most ill-reputed village attacked a party of dacoits, killing one and wounding and arresting another. Ten dacoities occurred in the State.
- 33. Chhatarpur.—Seven dacoities were reported in this State. At the instance of the Durbar the arrest of Durag Singh and two of his companions was effected at the Jhansi station. Arrests were simultaneously made, at Chhatarpur and other places, of some twenty more concerned in various dacoities which had been traced by the Durbar. Durag Singh was made over to Panna, whence he escaped, an event which has proved nothing short of a calamity to Bundelkhand, and especially to Chhatarpur, where his depredations have since been chiefly carried on.

#### VII.—EDUCATION.

34. Mr. J. Mather has continued at the head of the Rajkumar College at Nowgong during the year. The number on the rolls has risen and stood at the close of the year at 18. The young Chiefs of Sarila, Tori Fatehpur, Bhai-

saunda, and Garrauli are among the students. Riding, gymnastics, and games are encouraged and form part of the course.

35. A favourable report is made of the work done in the Cantonment school. This institution is well conducted, and is creditable to those who have

supported and forwarded it.

36. Charkhari continues to enjoy the credit of a most admirable State school. This institution maintains its high position, not only in Bundelkhand, where it is facile princeps, but among all the schools of Central India. During the year it has passed three students in the first Division of the Allahabad University Entrance Examination and fourteen in the Central India Schools Examinations, six of these securing scholarships. There was also one passed with credit in the Benares Sanskrit Examination. These results are due, as has been noted before, to the ability, energy, and character of Pandit Jugal Kishore the head master.

The excellent girls' school at Charkhari remains, as it has been, almost unique of its kind in India, and has earned the highest praise from all officers of Government, or others who have visited it.

37. Chhatarpur comes next after Charkhari as regards the State schools. A new head master has lately been appointed, and appears very well qualified for his duties. Education in the districts, as well as at the capital, receives the attention of the authorities.

#### VIII.—PUBLIC WORKS.

38. Work still remains on the portion of the road connecting Tekamgurh with Mahrowni and so with Lalitpur, which lies in Orchha territory, the completion hoped for last year not having been effected.

39. The metalling of the road from Samthar to the railway at Moth was not finished last monsoon as promiesd, but should be completed during the coming rains. The small portion of the road lying in British territory has been sanctioned.

40. On the Charkhari-Mahoba Road, which is being made by the British district authorities at the cost of the Durbar, the earthwork, bridging, and a part of the metalling has been done; the rest of the work should easily be finished during the rains.

41. An irrigation channel has been made for the Datia State by the Betwa Canal authorities and should give water during next season. Irrigation in Samthar has not yet become an accomplished fact. For some time the Durbar was capricious and changeable as regards its wants, and later the Canal authorities have been very deliberate. A channel has been surveyed and estimates are expected.

#### IX.—BOUNDARIES.

42. Fieldwork could only be taken up at the end of the season, and the results were necessarily limited. During the greater part of the field season Lieutenant Minchin, Boundary Settlement Officer, was officiating as Cantonment Magistrate, and was only able to go into camp on relief on 13th February, 1892. The greater part of the work dealt with concerned Gwalior and Datia. Five cases were added to the 36 on the file at the end of last year. One of them, between Gwalior and Samthar, was settled mutually, and five were decided by the Boundary Settlement Officer before the close of the year, and two more in the first few days of the new year.

Panna remains a party to 24 of the disputes now pending, and Bijawar to 16, these being the figures at the end of 1890-91, notwithstanding the anxiety expressed by the former State to adjust its disputes with Bijawar amicably.

#### X.—MEDICAL.

- 43. Surgeon-Captain Henderson was during the greater part of the year in medical charge of the Agency. In the Charitable Dispensary 15 major and 346 minor operations were performed, and 5,900 cases altogether were treated. The decrease in this number, as compared with that for the previous year, is explained by the Agency Surgeon as due to the much superior healthiness of the year, especially the much reduced prevalence of malarial fever. The hospital assistant attached to the Agency treated 1,032 cases.
- 44. Good work has been done in the Charkhari State Dispensary under the able conduct of Assistant Surgeon Madhosudan Moitra. There were 21 major and 638 minor operations, and the total number of cases treated was 16,003.
- 45. In the Chhatarpur State Dispensary also excellent work has been done, for which much credit is due to Assistant Surgeon Babu Bala Gopal Singh. The attendance of out-door patients was very large, averaging nearly 96 daily, and 138 major with 496 minor operations were performed; six out of eight-cases of cataract were successfully operated upon.

There are dispensaries in the other leading States, but they cannot rank with the two institutions above referred to, which are very creditable to their Durbars.

#### XI.-VACCINATION.

46. Operations have been carried on with some difficulty and friction in certain quarters; the usual staff has been maintained at the voluntary cost, though not always with the cordial goodwill, of the States.

47. In Charkhari and Chhatarpur vaccination is managed by their re-

spective medical officers, and apparently in a satisfactory manner.

FRED. A. WILSON,
Political Agent, Bundelkhund.

Nowgong; The 27th April, 1892

# CHAPTER VIII.

#### GOONA.

Report of the Political Agency, Goona, for the year 1891-92.

#### I.—GENERAL.

The outturn of the *kharif* and the *rabi* crops was good. Cholera prevailed from May to September, 1891. There were 1,032 deaths from cholera as per detail:—

Bajrangarh (Gwal	ior)	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	. 511
Raghogarh			•	•	.•	•	•	. •	•	450
Umri .			•	•		•	•	•	• .	19.
Dharnasdha .			٠.	•	•	•	<b>;</b> ,	•	, • .	. 49
Goona cantonmen	t		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	· 3

The Political Assistant visited Sipri, Bajrangarh, Pachhae, Chanderi, Esngarh, Raghogarh, Jammu, and Mungaoli, spending about fifty days in camp.

#### II.—POLITICAL.

Parone continues well managed, and free of debt.

Umri.—Raja Pirthi Singh was entrusted with the administration of his State in August last. A son was born to the Raja in the month of October, 1891. An experimental Post Office was opened at Umri in October last, but was closed at the end of the official year.

Bhadowra.—Raja Madho Singh has lately married the daughter of the Thakur of Kheri, in Bundi.

Sirsi.—The succession of Kunwar Meherban Singh, younger brother of the late Dewan Bijai Bahadur Singh, was sanctioned by the Government of India in June last.

Bajrangarh (Gwalior).—The President of the Council of Regency, Gwalior, visited the district in February last.

Chhabra (Tonk).—Sheikh Anwar-uddin, Nazim of Aligarh, succeeded Saiyed Haider Ali, the late Nazim of Chhabra.

# III.—JUDICIAL.

Civil Cases.—Ninety-four cases decided, against 80 last year.

Criminal Cases.—Forty-three cases disposed of, against 21 last year.

Jail.—There are 10 prisoners, against 5 at the end of last year.

#### IV.—DACOITY AND SERIOUS CRIMES.

Five dacoities were committed in Baghogarh—

Two.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Goona.	٠.
Two .		•	•	•		•	•	Sirsi.	•
One .	` •		_			٠.		Chhabra (To	nk).

In one of these cases an offender was transported for life.

Eleven dacoities were committed in Bajrangarh (Gwalior), in three cases the offenders being arrested and property recovered.

#### V.-EDUCATION.

Seven boys, three from the 2nd and four from the 3rd class, appeared at the Central India Schools Examination in April last. All passed, and one of

them, Raghunath Prasada, of the 2nd class, secured a scholarship of R3 per mensem.

# VI.—Public Works.

The portion of the Agra-Bombay Road in this Agency is in good order. The construction of the Bina-Goona Railway is in progress.

X.—The usual statements are attached.

E. E. ROBERTSON, Capt., Political Assistant, Goona.

GOONA, CENTRAL INDIA;
The 27th April, 1892.

# PART III.

# DEPARTMENTAL.

#### CHAPTER IX.

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

#### I.—CIVIL WORKS.

- 1. Revenue.—The revenue actually realized during the year, so far as is known at present, was R12,199 against the Budget Estimate of R11,000, and the Revised Budget of R12,700; the revenue for the previous year 1890-91 was R12,780.
- 2. Expenditure.—The following detail shows the original Budget Imperial grant, Revised Estimate, and approximate outlay as far as is known:—

	Budget Estimate.	Revised Estimate, or final grant.	Approximate as far as is known.
	R	R	R
Expenditure in India	2,46,700	2,49,800	2,36,406
Expenditure in England and ex-			
change	4,700	3,300	4,612

The approximate expenditure in India was distributed as under:-

									R
Civil Buildings as	nd repa	irs		•	•	•	•	•	20,649
Communications	ditto		•	•	•	•	•	•	1,15,217
Establishment	•		•		•	•			94,107
Tools and Plant	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		2,731
Suspense .	•	•		•	•	•		•	3,702
Balance lapse of e	expendit	ture o	n Fina	al Bud	lget G	rant	•	•	13,394
									2,49,800

In addition to the above the following expenditure was also incurred during the year from—

				R
(i) Contributions from different Native States		•		9,992
(ii) Local Funds		•	•	83,439
(iii) Civil Department Budget for Dak Bungalows	!	•	•	2,378
ı				
				95,809

- 3. The main expenditure under Civil Works Buildings was on the following works, which were undertaken or completed during the year:—
  - (1) The new Roman Catholic Chapel at Indore, completed.
  - (2) Tent godown for the opium building at Indore, completed.
  - (3) Quarters for Jail burkundazes at Indore, completed.
  - (4) Certain improvements to the Indore Residency bund-work, still in progress.
  - (5) A coat of moorum was laid on the gharry adda ground at Indore.
  - (6) A new road leading to the plot of new conservancy ground granted by Indore Durbar; work is in progress.

- (7) A combined Post and Telegraph Office has been built at Sirdarpur.
- (8) Certain additions and alterations were made to the Agency house at Sirdarpur.
- (9) A godown for Public Works Department has been built in the compound of inspection bungalow at Sirdarpur.
- (10) A third sluice gate has been provided for the Sirdarpur bund over Mahi river.
- (11) Runners' quarters for the Agar Post Office were constructed.
- (12) A verandah was provided for the prisoners' ward in the Agar Jail.

#### II.—COMMUNICATIONS.

- 4. (i) Burnagar-Budnaour Road—Almost completed, with the exception of one mile yet to be consolidated. Sluice gates to the openings of the causeway over the Bulwuntee river on this road have been provided from the funds supplied by the Dhar State.
- (ii) Beora-Schore Road.—The inspection bungalow at Narsingarh has been completed, also certain causeways in the Narsingarh territory.
- (iii) Ujjain-Agar Road.—The construction of a raised causeway over the Piplia nullah, on the 22nd mile, has been completed.
- (iv) Agra-Bombay Road.—Five masonry piers have been built on the north side of Khull Ghat Ferry.
- (v) Mhow-Neemuch Road.—The abutment and one of the three arches of Metwara bridge, in the 17th mile, which were washed away last year, have been rebuilt.
- (vi) Hurpalpur Feeder Road was completed and opened for traffic during the year.
- (vii) The Heera-Ghati Road (a portion of the Banda-Sagar Road) is nearly completed.
- (viii) Rebuilding the Tarper bridge on the Banda Sagar Road has been completed.
- 5. All the buildings and roads were kept in good order throughout the administration.

#### III.—ESTABLISHMENT.

- 6. No important changes have taken place under this head during the year under review, except that the headquarters of the Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Agents, Governor General, Central India and Rajputana, were retransferred to Mount Abu at the end of the official year.
- 7. The usual statements of roads, with average cost per mile, are attached to this report.

G. F. L. MARSHALL, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,

Secretary to the Agents, Governor General, in the

Public Works Department, Rajputana and

Central India.

#### CHAPTER X.

#### OPIUM.

# I.—GENERAL REMARKS.

The year under review was unmarked by any incident of importance.

The Malwa opium markets have been dull throughout the year, probably because the home grown drug is ousting Indian opium from the Chinese market. The production of opium in China is also said to be on the increase.

The late reduction in the rate of pass duty from R650 to R600 per chest has given relief to the Malwa merchants, though it has not increased the Imperial revenue. The export has been stimulated, yet the revenue has not reached that of the year 1889-90 by R3,64,800.

#### II.-EXPORTS.

The total number of chests exported during the year were—

				Im	perral.	
Chests			•			<i>R</i> 32,503
Duty	•	•	•		•	1,95,01,800, @ R600 per chest
				Prov	incial.	
<b>0</b> 1 .						R
Chests	•	•	•	•	•	1,405
Duty	•	•	•	•	•	9,83,500, @ <del>R</del> 700 per chest.
Chests	•	•		•		3613 free of pass duty.

(These include 200 chests exported by the Baroda State.)
The last year's figures being—

				Im	perial.	
Chests					•	₽ 30,037‡
Duty	•	•	•	:	•	1,83,72,300, @ £650, up to
		•				4th July 1890 and @ R600 per chest
						from the 5th July
						1890.
				Pro	vincial.	<b>.</b>

			110	y one cowo.	
					R
•	•	•			1,387
	•		•	•	9,70,900, @ <del>11</del> 700
•		•	•	•	$192\frac{1}{2}$ free of duty.
			•		

#### III .- STOCK AND OUTTURN

The stock in hand, which it is always very difficult to gauge accurately, has been variously estimated.

In Chapter 9, para. 3 of the last year's report, the aggregate total of the stock and outturn is shown as 70,000 chests; deducting from these the actual exports, that is, 34,270 chests, there remain only 35,730 chests as on hand, but reports carefully collected show that at present there are not less than 50,000 chests as the stock in hand.

As regards the outturn of the 1891-92 season, the highest estimate that can be framed is 20,000 chests, and various reasons are assigned for this short crop, such as decreased area under poppy, high temperature at the time of gathering, deficiency of water and damage caused by hail.

#### IV .- TRADE AND PRICES.

The annexed Statements I to IV give full information regarding the prices of opium, the exports from Malwa and the revenue collections.

# CHAPTER XI.

#### JUDICIAL.

#### I.—CIVIL JUSTICE.

In British Courts under the Central India Agency there were in all 2,488 civil suits for disposal during the year. Of these 1,627 were Small Caus Court cases. Suits numbering 2,291, and valued at R2,05,801-5-9, were disposed of during the year, against 2,368 suits, valued at R1,82,087-5-7 during 1890-91. Decrees numbering 2,341, and valued at R3,71,826-14-1, were executed against 2,067 decrees, valued at R4,46,149-6-7 during the previous year.

The average duration of regular suits has decreased from 31.96 days in 1890-91 to 24.51 in the year under report.

The average cost of regular suits has increased from R11-13-4 to R15-8-7, and the average cost of execution of decrees has decreased from R1-3-8 to R0-15-11.

The number of Small Cause cases rose from 1,581 to 1,627. The average duration of the execution of decrees was 12.56 against 26.76 days in the previous year.

#### II.—CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

The total number of criminal cases in British Courts in the Central India Agency was 2,234 against 2,243 in the previous year; of these 751 related to breaches of cantonment regulations.

The average duration of cases was 6.96 days against 3.89 in 1890-91. The average in the Cantonment Magistrate's Courts has increased from 2.55 to 4.73.

The number of witnesses attending the Courts has increased, being 3,098, against 2,147 in the previous year. The average number of days required for their attendance was 1.98, against 1.49 in 1890-91.

#### III.—POLICE.

The total number of British Police maintained in the year was 5 mounted and 536 foot, against 4 mounted and 532 foot shown for the previous year.

#### IV.—JAILS.

The total number of prisoners confined in British Jails in Central India on the 31st March, 1892, was 421, against 409 shown in the previous year's return. The daily average for the year was 436·16, and the average annual cost per man has decreased from £64-6-5 to £58-7-10.

The Superintendent of the Central India Agency Jail submits the following report:—

#### Report on the Central India Agency Jail for 1891-92.

Buildings.—" With the exception of a new shed for stocking firewood and a block of 16 rooms for burkundazes, no changes have been made in the Jail buildings since the last report. The usual annual repairs have been executed by the Public Works Department, and the buildings are in good condition.

Conduct of the Jail Officials.—" The conduct of the Jail officials and subordinates has been uniformly good. They all have performed their respective duties satisfactorily.

Health of Prisoners.—" The general health of prisoners has been satisfactory. The total number of prisoners treated in the Jail Hospital was 886, of whom 9 died.

Food.—"Good food, according to the scale of prison dietary, has been supplied.

Clothing.—" Sufficient and suitable clothing is supplied to convicts, and they are made to wash their own clothes.

Employment of Prisoners.—" With the exception of life-convicts, and those sentenced to fourteen years' rigorous imprisonment, almost all the prisoners are allowed out-door work.

Conduct of Prisoners.—" On the whole the conduct of prisoners has been good, and they behaved fairly well.

Escapes.-" No prisoner escaped during the year.

Manufactures.—"The receipts from sale of articles manufactured in the Jail during the year under report amounted to R2,603-4-9. A commission of R10 per cent. on the net cash profits of the manufactured articles is granted to the Jail employés. The result of this concession has proved satisfactory.

The Expenditure: Causes of Increase or Decrease.—"The expenditure during the year exceeded the Budget allotment by R2,000, owing to the increase of prisoners and rise in the price rates of articles.

Jail Garden.—" Convict labour was employed in the Jail Garden, which supplied sufficient vegetables for the prisoners throughout the year. The state of the garden is fair.

General Observations.—" The Jailor Manick Pershad maintains strict discipline in the Jail and has performed his duties to my satisfaction.

Hospital Assistant Ram Bhau has worked well, and is very attentive to the patients in his charge.

Remarks.—" Five old and infirm life-convicts and one term convict who behaved well during the time they were in jail have been finally but conditionally released during the year. This concession has encouraged other prisoners to behave well.

"The system of grinding corn on platforms raised about 4 feet from the ground has been introduced."

D. KEEGAN, M.D., F.R.C.S.,

Brigade Surgeon, Lieut.-Cot.,
Supdt., Central India Agency Jail, Indore.

#### V.—REGISTRATION.

A comparison of the figures for this year with those of 1891-92 shows a decrease in the number of documents registered and an increase in the fees realised.

The number of registration was 300, and the amount of fees levied R1,179-2-6.

INDORE RESIDENCY,

6th June, 1892.

#### CHAPTER XII.

#### LOCAL CORPS.

#### CENTRAL INDIA HORSE.

Colo lel H. M. Buller, Commandant, rejoined from furlough in April and resumed command from Colonel M. G. Gerard, C.B. In December Colonel Buller was detailed to command a Division at the cavalry camp-of-exercise at Aligarh.

A force selected from both regiments proceeded to the camp-of-exercise

at Aligarh, where it was inspected by the Inspector-General of Cavalry.

The triennial change of stations took place in January, the headquarters of the 1st regiment moving to Goona, and the 2nd regiment to Agar.

Three squadrons of the force acted as escort to His Excellency the Viceroy on the occasion of His Excellency's visit to Central India.

2. The 1st regiment was commanded by Major H. A. Vincent till the 1st July, 1891; Captain E. E. Robertson officiated in command from the 2nd July; and Major Money from the 3rd January, 1892.

The regiment was inspected at Goona in March by Brigadier-General Morton, Commanding the Bundelkhand district.

Muskeiry.—Five hundred and eighteen men were exercised with Martini-Henry carbines and obtained a figure of merit of 54.75.

Two teams of the regiment entered for the Bengal Presidency Rifle Association "Lloyd-Lindsay Contest," and won the sixth prize in the local meeting.

The regiment also competed in the Bombay Presidency Rifle Association Meeting, and won the second prize in the "Lloyd-Lindsay Contest."

3. The 2nd Regiment.—Colonel M. G. Gerard held command from the 26th April to the 15th July, 1891.

Major G. E. Money officiated in command from the 1st to the 24th April and from the 16th July until Major A. Masters assumed command on the 2nd January 1892.

The regiment was inspected at Agar in March by Major-General Anderson, C.B., commanding the Mhow district.

Musketry.—Three hundred and ninety-nine men were exercised with Snider carbines, and obtained a figure of merit of 41.50.

4. Bhopal Battalion.—Colonel G. R. Peart, the Commandant, was on furlough to Europe from the 14th of May to the 28th of October, 1891, during which period Lieutenant-Colonel C. Ransford held command of the regiment.

The conduct of the regiment has been satisfactory. Two courts-martial were held during the year, and two men were dismissed the service, having been convicted of theft and punished by the civil authorities.

The health of the regiment has been good; the daily percentage of sick to strength being 1.66.

The figure of merit for musketry in the year under review is 64.96. The number of marksmen is 287.

A few teams of the regiment took part in the various Association matches this year, viz., Bengal Presidency Rifle Association, Bombay Presidency Rifle Association, and Rajputana and Central India Rifle Association. They won considerable amounts in prizes.

The regiment was inspected by Major-General H. S. Anderson, C.B., Commanding the Mhow district, on the 19th December, 1891.

5. Malwa Bhil Corps.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Burne held command throughout the year.

Lieutenant A. Poingdestre held the appointment of Adjutant throughout the year.

The shooting of the regiment during the year under review has been satisfactory.

The health of the regiment has been generally good.

The regiment was not inspected during the year under review.

# CHAPTER XIII.

#### EDUCATION.

# I.—University Examinations:

The Principal of the Indore Residency College was as usual employed to supervise the examinations of the Universities of Calcutta and Allahabad for which Indore is a centre.

The Calcutta Entrance Examination was held in February, 1892. There were forty-eight candidates in all. Thirteen appeared from the Indore English Madrasa, of whom nine passed; three from the Military High School, Indore, of whom one passed; and ten from the Canadian Mission School, Indore, of whom two passed. In addition to the thirteen mentioned above, nineteen students of the Madrasa appeared as private students.

The Sehore High School is the other school in Central India which takes the Calcutta University course. The boys from that school are not examined at

the Indore centre, and so are not included in this report.

For the First Arts Examination of the University of Calcutta nine candidates appeared, all being students of the Canadian Mission College; four of them passed.

There are no examination results to be recorded this year for the college lately established at Indore, under most favourable auspices, by the Maharaja Holkar. The date at which that college was affiliated to the University of Caclutta did not admit of any of its students appearing for the First Arts Examination in 1892.

At the Allahabad University Entrance Examination held in March, 1892, seventy-four candidates in all appeared. This large number is not to be taken as indicating a decided preference in this part of the country for the Allahabad course to that of Calcutta. At least twenty of the seventy-four candidates had no connection with Central India, but belonged to schools in Bombay and Poona, as scholars of which they had appeared unsuccessfully at the Bombay Matriculation Examination held in December last. The attention of the Allahabad University authorities has been directed to this immigration of Entrance candidates, which if it continues to increase, as it undoubtedly will unless it is checked in some way, will make it a very difficult matter to provide proper accommodation and efficient supervision for those who present themselves for examination at this centre.

The Madhava College at Ujjain particularly distinguished itself in this examination, all its candidates, thirteen in number, having been successful. Five boys passed from the Dhar High School, five from the Mhow Zoroastrian School, three from the Jaora High School, three from the Residency School, Indore, and one each from the Rutlam and Dewas Schools. The Lashkar College and the High Schools at Rewa, Sutna and Charkhari take the Allahabad course, but as their students are not exam ined at this centre information regarding them is not yet available.

For the Allahabad Intermediate Examination, which corresponds to the First Arts Examination of the University of Calcutta, eight candidates appeared, all of them being students of the Madhava College, Ujjain. Four of them passed.

The only college in Central India which is licensed to teach up to the full B. A. Standard is the Holkar College at Indore. It is understood that a B. A. class will be opened in that college in the beginning of next term. It is to the

Holkar College that the successful Ujjain students would naturally go to continue their studies; but difficulties may arise from the fact that the Holkar College is under the University of Calcutta. It is to be hoped that the authorities of that University will allow students, like those mentioned above, who have passed the Allahabad Intermediate Examination, to study for a Calcutta degree at Indore.

# II.—CENTRAL INDIA SCHOOLS EXAMINATIONS.

These examinations are conducted by the Principal of the Residency College, Indore. They are designed to test the proficiency and progress of the three English classes of High Schools next to the highest, or Entrance, class. The course of studies follows that prescribed for Middle Schools Examinations in the North-West Provinces. That for the first class is the Allahabad University Entrance course slightly modified. The examination papers are prepared at Indore, and sent round in sealed packets to the different schools that have been fixed upon as centres. The examination at each centre is supervised by a headmaster from another district, who forwards the answer papers to Indore. The expenses of the examination are met by a small fee levied on the boys Sholarships given by various Chiefs of Central India are awarded yearly according to the results of the examinations. Several schools have joined in the scheme this year for the first time, as the excellent High School at Schore, the Gwalior State Schools at Gwalior, Morar, Bhilsa, Bhander, Shahjapur and Mandsaur. It is to be hoped that before long the Education Member of the Council of Regency will bring the Ujjain School also under the scheme. That school, the Indore Madrasa, and the Canadian Mission School, are now the only High Schools in Central India which do not submit their boys to the examinations.

In all 303 boys appeared this year, as against 238 in 1891.

The examinations for the year being just over, the results are not at the time of writing ready for publication.

#### III.—INSPECTION OF STATE SCHOOLS.

The Principal of the Residency College, having been appointed Superintendent of Census Operations in Central India has not been able to inspect many of the Malwa schools during the year under report. He has, however, visited the schools at Dhar and Rutlam, and submitted reports on their efficiency to the Agent to the Governor General. The Principal hopes to inspect all the High Schools in Malwa during the ensuing monsoon and cold weather.

# IV.—RESIDENCY (RAJKUMAR) COLLEGE.

There have been studying at the College during the year under report the Thakur of Piplauda and two of his brothers, four sons of His Highness the Nawab of Jaora, the Dewan of Lalgarh, the Thakur of Nawlana and his younger brother, the Raja of Mandhata (Central Provinces), Bapu Ranjit Singh of Tal, Shrimant Bajirao, hereditary Dewan of Dewas, Senior Branch, Shrimant Madhu Rao Kibe, and Rao Chattrakaran, zemindar of old Indore.

Malhar Rao Baba Saheb of Dewas, Junior Branch, joined the college in April, 1892, and arrangements have been made for the young Rana of Ali Rajpur joining as soon as the rains break.

The Gwalior Boarding House is now finished and ready for occupation. It is matter of regret that so far no proposal has been made to send to the college the sons of any of the Sardars and Thakurs belonging to the Maharaja Sindhia's dominions.

The financial condition of the college is satisfactory, the income for the past year being R7,777-11, and the expenditure R5,734-9-6.

# RESIDENCY SCHOOL, INDORE.

In November, 1891, the establishment of the Residency School was reorganised, and a new head master, Mr. Lakshman Narayan Lemaye, B.A., appointed. The results of the reorganisation are in every way satisfactory, and the number of boys now on the roll is 177, as against 123 in 1891. Three boys from the school passed the Allahabad Entrance Examination in February, 1892. The income for the year was R5,163-5-4 and the expenditure R4,209-13-1.

R. H. GUNION, Principal,
Residency Collège, Indore.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

#### POST OFFICES.

- 1. During the year offices were opened at Deola, Panch Pipla, and Indargarh on the alignment of the Dohad-Rutlam Railway; two offices, Palia and Ghatia, were closed; seven offices were transferred to the Central Provinces Circle; and one office was transferred from the Railway Mail Service. On the 15th March 1892 there were in the circle 137 post offices, 66 letter boxes, 111 postmen, and 27 village postmen. Mails are conveyed 423 miles by railway, 129½ by mail cart, and 1,721 miles by runners.
- 2. There are 18 combined post and telegraph offices, six of which keep 2nd class hours.
- 3. There was one highway robbery of the mails during the year. This occurred on the evening of the 5th February, 1892, at Jamal Khal, in Gwalior territory, about a mile and a half north of Soyet Kalan on the Agar-Jhalrapatan road. The contents of one parcel of jewellery, insured at Indore for \$700, was stolen. I am advised that five men were arrested on suspicion and that none of the jewellery has been recovered; the sender has received compensation.
- 4. The commission on money orders issued at Sirdarpore, Jhabua, Kooksee, Rajpoor, and Barwani which, on the 1st February, 1891, was raised to one and a half per cent., was reduced to one per cent. on the 1st August, 1891.
- 5. A new building for the Post and Telegraph Office at Sirdarpore was erected during the year.
- 6. The value of money orders issued at the Gwalior State Post Offices which passed through the Imperial Offices of exchange, namely, Agra, Jhansi, Neemuch, and Ujjain, for payment in India, amounted to R9,71,152, as compared with R9,33,778 in 1890-91. The value of money orders issued at Imperial Post Offices in India, payable at Gwalior State Post Offices, was R4,14, 816, as compared with R3,71,611 in 1890-91.
- 7. The postage due on unpaid articles of the letter mail, sent through the Imperial Post Offices at Indore and Neemuch for delivery through the Holkar State Post Offices, and the postage collected on such articles, was as follows:—

		1890-91.				1891-		
			R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Due on articles sent to State Post Offices	•		1,716 858			1,701 850		
Half share of postage due to Imperial Post Office Half share of postage due on articles returned as undeliverable	•	•				113		
Paid to Imperial Post Office by the Holkar State	•	:	733		ŏ	737		
Percentage of postage on undeliverable articles	•	•	14	:57		13.	3	

8. It is estimated that from the 137 post offices in the circle the number of articles received for delivery during the year was 38,79,044, as compared with 36,25,076 in 1890-91.

J. W. BARWISE,

Deputy Postmaster General, Central India.

# CHAPTER XV.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

The mileage of lines open at the commencement of the year was 884; no lines were added or dismantled during the year. The mileage of wires when the year opened was 2,787; 8 miles were added in the year and 3.4 miles were dismantled, leaving a closing mileage of 2,791.6.

2. The total number of telegraph offices in Central India supervised by the Government Telegraph Department on 31st March, 1892, was as follows:—

Departmental	•	•	•	•	•	• '	•		•	•	· 7
Postal Combined	•	•	• •	•	•	. •	•	٠.		•.	-18
Railway .	•	•	•	•	•	. •	•	•			82

#### CHAPTER XVI.

#### MEDICAL.

# HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

Surgeon-Major A. Dane, M.D., in submitting the report of the dispensaries in the Bhopal Agency, records his appreciation of the work of the hospital assistants in charge of the different dispensaries. Fifty-five thousand four hundred and twenty-eight patients were treated during the year, showing a small increase on the previous year. The total number of major operations were 138, as compared with 155 in 1890. Cholera occurred in a most violent epidemic form in the Agency during May, June, July, August and September, having been disseminated by a fair held at the villages near Sarangpore.

The Prince of Wales' Hospital and the Zenana Hospital in the city of Bhopal remain under the charge of Assistant Surgeon K. K. Joshi and Miss Niebel, of whom Dr. Dane speaks very highly. Ninety-three major operations

were performed at the former and twenty at the latter hospital.

Surgeon-Major G. H. D. Gimlette, who has been appointed Agency Surgeon, Baghelkhand, vice Surgeon-Major Goldsmith retired, submits a full report of the medical institutions in the Baghelkhand Agency. The block for women in connection with the Victoria Hospital, referred to in the last year's report, has been completed. The Agency suffered severely during the year from cholera. Far fewer cases of small-pox than usual occurred this year, viz., 281, against 773 last year. The total numer of patients treated was 1,26,878. There were 347 major operations performed; this number includes 21 litholopaxies, all success-

Surgeon-Major J. Duke submits the annual report of the dispensaries in the Bhopawar Agency. They were visited during the year by Surgeon-Major Lowdell and Surgeon Captain Macwatt who were working during the absence of Surgeon-Major Duke. The dispensary at Jobat was closed during the year. Thirty-one major operations were performed at the Victoria Hospital.

Surgeon S. H. Henderson submits the report on the Nowgong Dispensary. Five thousand six hundred and seventy-two out- and 228 in-patients were treated during the year. There have been 346 minor and 15 major operations. Of the latter 10 were lateral lithotomies, with 2 deaths.

The report on the Goona Charitable Dispensary is submitted by Surgeon-Major Lowdell. Cholera was more prevalent than usual. Fifty-five major operations were performed during the year. The total number of persons who came under treatment was 8,383. Hospital Assistant Wishwanath is reported

to have done his work very well.

Surgeon-Major A. M. Crofts submits the report of the medical institutions in northern Gwalior. A new dispensary was opened during the year at Surgeon-Major Crofts has frequently brought to the notice of the Council of Regency at Gwalior the advisability of opening more dispensaries in the district, and it appears that orders have been issued to build seven more hospitals. There were 205 major surgical operations performed during the year, as compared with 166 in the previous year. This number included 16 operations for stone in the bladder, all successful. The women's hospital at Lashkar is reported to be increasing in popularity.

Assistant Surgeon Madhu Sudan Maitra submits the annual report of the Charkhari Medical Department. The total number of out-patients treated at the Charkhari Dispensary was 15,426, and the total number of in-patients was 379. Twenty-one major operations and 638 minor operations were performed during the year.

Malwa Dispensaries.—The number of dispensaries in Malwa is the same as in the preceding year. The Council of Regency at Gwalior have at last sanctioned R25,000 to build a new hospital at Ujjain, and building will be commenced immediately. The dispensaries in Malwa have done most useful and important work during the year and are a great boon to the inhabitants. Three hundred and forty-four major surgical operations were performed during the year by the several hospital assistants in charge of these dispensaries.

Indore Charitable Hospital.—Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Caldecott officiated as Residency Surgeon from the 1st January to the 23rd October when I returned from furlough. The Indore Charitable Hospital has continued its steady cause of usefulness during the year. The number of in-patients treated was 2,950, giving a daily average of 141.90. The number of out-patients treated was 27,969, or a daily average of 168.04. There were 402 major surgical operations performed. This number included 182 operations on the eye, principally for cataract; 52 operations for stone in the bladder were performed with a mortality of two. Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Caldecott performed a successful ovariotomy.

The medical school in connection with this hospital continues to flourish. Twenty students attended the class during the year and four young men received certificates at the end of the winter session qualifying them to perform the duties of hospital assistants.

The female medical class in connection with this hospital continues to prosper, and it is hoped that five of the students will qualify themselves for practice during the ensuing year.

D. F. KEEGAN, M.D., F.R.C.S., Brigade Surgeon, Lieut.-Col., Civil Administrative Medical Officer for Central India.

#### CHAPTER XVII.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

#### BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

During the year under review the officers mentioned below have worked in the Agencies noted against their names, viz.:—

1. L	ieutenar	nt C. E. Ross	•			•	•	Bhopawar.
2.	22	A. F. Bruce	•	•	•			Western Malwa.
3.	"	D. Peart	•	•	•	•	•	Bhopal.
4.	••	F. Minchin					_	Bundelkhand.

- 2. Detailed reference to the work accomplished by these officers will be found in the reports of the Political Agents under whose orders they were working.
- 3. The following table shows the number of cases disposed of in the year under review, and the number pending settlement at the close of the working season in the several Agencies:—

	_						Settled	in 1891-92.	Reported pending.
Bhopawar	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	31	23
Western Malwa	• '	•	•		•	•	•	20	7
Bhopal .	•	•	•	•		•	•	27	146
Bundelkhand	•	•	•	•	•		•	8	23
Baghelkhand	•		•	•	•		•	•••	6
Gwalior	•	•	•	•	•	•		•••	9
Indore .		•	•	•	•	•	•	•••	3
Goona .	•	•	•	•			•	2	11

There are three cases in which appeal has been allowed, still awaiting final settlement.

# APPENDICES TO PART II.

## POLITICAL.

# APPENDIX TO CHAPTER III. BHOPAL.

Statement showing the number of persons primarily vaccinated in the Bhopal Agency during the official year 1891-92.

Note.—Only the actual number of persons vaccinated, and not the number of operations, are shown. Revaccinations have been wholly excluded from the statement.

										Presons Prima	RILY VACCINATED,	
		•	Esta	Brierr	ibrt.					Total number,	Number successfully vaccinated.	Bemarks.
Government	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	201		
Municipal	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	***	***	
Local Fund		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	***	,,.	
Native States		•					•	•	•	86,150	32,301	
Dispensaries	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		12,711	11,640	
Local Corps,	Bho	pal Ba	ttalio	n.	•	• •	•	•	•	82	75	
							То	TAL	٠	48,943	. 44,016	

M. J. MEADE, Capt.,

Bhopal Agency, Seeore;

The 25th April, 1892.

Political Agent, Bhopal

# APPENDIX TO CHAPTER IV

# BHOPAWAR.

## I.

Statement showing rainfall registered in different States under the Bhopawar Agency during 1890-91 and 1891-92.

			<del></del>	Na	MB OF	STATIC	n.			•		,1690 <del>-0</del> 1.	1691-92.
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								Avera	TAL nfall	· •	•	244·98 	223-76

II.

Statement showing the amount of traffic that passed the Agra-Bombay Road during the year 1891-92.

					E	XPORT.	1:	MPOET;	2	TOTAL.
Names of A	ARTICLES	В,			Weight.	Approximate value.	Weight.	Approximate value.	Weight.	Approximate value.
English manufactures Country ,, . Raw cotton Coin Fireworks Grocery Timber Brass and copper vessels			•	•	Maunds.  975 465 8,030 19,980 4,650 690	73,125 18,600 39,390  1,19,213\$ 4,650 27,600	Maunds.  300 1,485 2,985 194 1,500 27,240 8,850 255	22,500 59,400 10,447½ 97,000 22,500 1,74,870 8,850 8,925	Maunds.  1,275 1,950 6,015 194 1,500 47,220 .18,500 .945	95,625 78,000 49,837½ 97,000 22,500 2,94,083¾ 13,500 36,525
Grain	Тот	'AT	•	•	5,295  35,085	2,95,4371	46,140 88,949	1,00,642\frac{1}{2} 5,05,135	124,034	8,00,5721

# III.

Bhopawar Agency, Native States. Civil Justice for 1891-92.

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Dhar Jhabua Ali Rajpur Barwani Jobat Bagode (Dewas)	• • • • • •	684 127 4 151 10 55	2,98,706 15,647 2,206 47,286 1,543 4,063	1,881 752 102 947 5 205	2,38,960 38,847 16,325 61,951 223 4,883	2,565 879 106 1,098 15 260	5,37,666 54,494 18,531 1,09,237 1,766 8,946	1,862 775 97 997 8 234	1,62,203 37,031 5,844 76,484 131 6,375	703 104 9 101 12 26	3,75,463 17,463 12,687 32,753 1,635 2,571	
Total	•	1,031	3,69,451	3,892	3,61,189	4,923	7,30,640	3,968	2,88,068	955	4,42,572	

**IV.** Statement showing Criminal Justice in Native States under the Bhopawar Agency during the year 1891-92.

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Theft of eattle and ordinary theft Committing abortion Receiving stolen property Miscellaneous offences	TOTAL	Murder and attempted murder Culpable homicide Dacoity with murder Dacoity unaccompanied by murder Robbery on highway or elsewhere Committing suicide and attempting same Rape Unnatural offences House-breaking Grievous hurt Theft of cattle and ordinary theft Committing abortion Receiving stolen property Miscellaneous offences	TOTAL	Murder and attempted murder Culpable homicide Dacoity with murder Dacoity with murder Dacoity unaccompanied by murder Robbery on highway or elsewhere Committing suicide and attempting the same Rape Unnatural offences There of cattle and ordinary theft Committing abortion Receiving stolen property Miscellaneous offences	Toraz

V.
Statement showing Jail Statistics of the States under the Bhopawar Agency for the year 1891-92.

			No	MBER OF	Priso	NERS	•	{	n 316t		ber of	cost of	
Byates.	In Jail on 1st April 1891.	Admitted during the year 1801-02,	Total,	Transferred.	Escaped.	Dled.	Discharged.	Total.	Remaining in Jall on March 1892.	7500	Dally avorage number prisoners.	Annual averago co prigoners.	REMARKS.
Jhabua Ali Rajpur Barwani Jobat Bagode (Dewas) .	124 52 27 50 16	903 226 103 123 151	427 278 130 173 167 10	18 6 41 16	1 2  1	4 1	319 218 100 76 135 10	324 242 107 117 152 10	103 36 23 56 15	R 4,912 1,555 1,446 3,263 327 123	102 52·82 32·00 52·74 14·80	44 29 45 62 23 35	
Total .	269	916	1,185	81	4	9	858	952	233	11,626	255.36	238	

VI.

Statement showing the Finances of the Native States under the Bhopawar Agency for the year 1891-92.

Names.	Opening balance.	Receipts during the year 1891-92.	Total.	Expenditure for 1891-92.	Closing balance on 31st March 1892.	Remarks.
	R	£	B	R	R	·
Dhar Jhabua	2,809	8,24,203 1,34,401	8,24,203 1,37,210	6,86,721 1,36,413( <i>a</i> )	797	(a) Includes #6,665 on account of Thandla Pettawad exchange, #10,391 liqui-
Ali Rajpur .	32,940	98 <b>,24</b> 0	1,81,180	96,674(b)	<b>34,</b> 506	dation of debts, R664 Census, and R813 visit to Indore to attend the Viceregal Durbar, etc. (b) Includes R24,000 on account of Nazarana to Govern- ment reducing the debts to R22,435. Also includes R1,000 anniversary rites of the deceased Vejay
Barwani	4,08,785	2,05,060	6,13,845	1,47,048	4,66,797(c)	Singh. Census R556, etc.  (c) Includes Government Promissory Notes for R2,50,000. Arrears of land revenue about R10,000 are still to be
Jobat	7,145	20,692	27,836	19,372(d)	8,464	recovered.  (d) Includes £3,000 paid towards the liquidation of debts and £712 on account of Boundary Settle-
Bagode (Dewas) .	4,039	12,040	16,079	11,863(e)	4,216	ment charges. (e) Includes R2,500 remitted to
Kathiwara Ratanmal	75 13	3,488 1,500	3,563 1,513	3,487 980	76 533	Dewas as surplus balance, #1,773 on account of Survey and Settlement,
Mathwar	4.000	<b>5</b> 455				and <b>B1,591</b> on account of settlement of disputed boundaries.
mathwar	4,220	7,458	11,678	7,848	3,830( <i>f</i> )	(f) Incudes H2,000 on account of deposit. Includes H2,000 on account
Manpur (British) .	3,936	20,998	24,834	24,334( <i>g</i> )	•••	of deposit Government Promissory Notes for B1,500 and purchase of gold R2,390.  (g) Includes R14,293 remitted to Indore Treasury on account of surplus balance and B10,041 the actual expenditure of the Par- gana.
	( ·	r	<u> </u>	<u>l</u> .	1 :	

Return No. I.—Return of reported Dacoities committed in the States of the Bhopawar Agency for the year 1891-92.

							•	
•			upon nature red.	VALUE OF PR	OPERTY	No. of Persons	Disposal Dacoits	of the nared lether
No.	District or State, with village and pargana.	Date of decoity, and hour of occurrence.	Brief particulars of occurrence, showing upon whom, how, and nature of property plundered.	Plundéred.	Recovered.	Killed. Wounded.	Concerned. Arrested. Convicted. Belensed.	Escaped.  Benaria Benaria:  Bhowing what casto the dacoits were or appeared to be; how armed, whether mounted or on foot.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	9 10 11 12	<del> </del>
1 2 3 4 5	GWALIOR. Sandla	18th April 1891 . 4th May 1891 . 7th May 1891 . 1st Dec. 1891 . 4th Jan. 1892 .		1,125 0 0 19 8 0 3 8 0 13 8 0 8 15 0	& a.p.	 ï ï	6 6 8 5 10	6 6 8 5 10
	Total .			1,170 7 0	680	1 2	35	85
	DHAR.							
12345	Deonalia Kalsada	21st Oct. 1891 . 9th Dec. 1891 . 4th Jan. 1892 . 25th Jan. 1892 . 28th Jan. 1892 .		9 15 0 186 8 0 133 2 6 28,951 2 0 177 14 0	•••	2	5 5 1 10 16	5 4 10 16 15
	TOTAL .	******		29,458 9 6	•••	2	51 1	50
	Jeabua.							
1 2 3 4	Tarkheri Ramgarh Dhebar Wania Khali	20th June 1891 . 22nd Sept. 1891 . 25th Sept. 1891 . 8th Feb. 1892 .	•••	225 0 0 22 8 0 217 0 0 38 12 0	50 0 0 	1 2 	6 7 5	6 3 7 
	TOTAL .	*****		503 4 0	50 0 0	3	26 10	16
1234567	ALI RAJPUR.  Baratkichowhi Khandala Chota Undwa Gadat Arti Mota Undwa Sejgaon	12th May 1891 . 18th June 1891 . 11th Sept. 1891 . 5th Dec. 1891 . 28th Jan. 1892 . 3rd Mar. 1892 . 9th Mar. 1892 .	   	1 0 0 257 0 0 3 5 0 31 9 0 250 0 0 16 8 0 50 4 0			98855568	9885568
	Total .	*****	•••	609 10 0	•••		49	49
1 2	BARWANI. Chakeri Borlai	25th Dec. 1891 . 26th Feb. 1892 .	 	13 5 0 38 0 0			12 12	12 12
	'Total .	•••••	***	51 5 0	•••		24	24
1	JOBAT.	11th Jan. 1892 :	•••	75 0 0			6	6
	RATANMAL.	1011 T 1001		911 0 0			30	30
1	GRAND TOTAL .	10th June 1891	•••	32,779 3 6	56 8 0	1 7		210
		•	1					<u>                                     </u>

J. BURNE, Lieut.-Col., Political Agent, Bhopawar.

# APPENDIX I.

REWAH STATE.

Abstract of Receipts and Expenditure of the Revak State for the year 1891-92.

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Rezine,					•		,				•				
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Actuals for 1801-02.		,56,657 51,999	28,230 64,434 707,707	29,338	18,793	41,088	71,824 25,094 07,987	11,800	12,930 13,519	14,291	9,015	617	614	196	481
Ac	25	1,56,657 <b>51,</b> 999	28,230 2,64,434 90,57	35,8	14,8	4.	71,824 25,094 27,987	1,8	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	14,	œ ,		10,97,514	12,65,967	23,63,481
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Estimates for 1891-93,	છ		840 000			_				:	:	, :		•	1
tima 189	2	1,70,124,52,444	30,025 66,944 00,000	16,273 29,922	17,100 18,828	1,10	26,863 26,863 00,932	11 920	25,000	•	:	, <b>:</b>	10,88,894	12,44,741	3,63
Ä		H 200	<b>00</b> €	i a	ÄÄK	Ŗ 1	8002	,HH	¢4				10,8	12,4	23,33,635
•	j.	40.40	<u> </u>		212	å (	D 10 10	<u></u>	20 00	-	<b>5</b>	0	150	4.	113
į.	8		2 2 7				- 20 EE		==		16		6	တ	
Actuals for 1890-01.		_					888	5,932			5,649	1,427	90	316	322
Act	C#	1,44,204 42,951	26,435 2,62,386 90,155	16,605	17,479 16,142 43,550		28,580 28,580 03,687	12,932	4,438 18,007		ő	. 1,	10,37,506	9,64,516	19,92,022 12
		ਜ	<u> </u>								<u>.                                    </u>		18	<b>6</b>	12
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MA		按 ••	irtin			Charitable	. ته.	• .•	xper	Soldsmith purckase	्राष्ट्र इंटर		TER	Closing Balance	AL
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urb, Budg Hbadings,		epar artn	epar intro ks ]	nstic artm	• •	nd	part	器.	oth.	i i	는. 당. 명	ata H	KPEl	ing	Ð
HAR		a D D D	a Uega Yor	id J. Dept	. E	13 E.	its 1 De char	aned	grve	다 # 다	18801	eme b	日	ຮື	GRAND TOTAL
Expenditure, Budget Major Haldings.		Revenue Department Forest Department	Customs Department Army Department Public Works Department	Law and Justice Police Department	Jails Education Education	Pensions and	Grants Medical Department Palace charges	Miscellaneous Old debts	Loans given . Beohar and other expenses	Bonus to Dr. Goldsmith Expenses in purchase	Promissory Notes . Expenses in conne	with the marriage rangement of Lal Saheb	Total Expenditure	-	<b>ं</b> क
			S 4 3		•			14 Mie 15 Old			<b>-</b>	- HW	H	•	
No.					-				HH	<b>86</b>	20			<del></del>	<del></del>
Benabes.											-				:
	. p.						4 2	168	- 1	88					
1-92.	a,			-	400 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500			1	- 1	1 1				•	
Actuals for 1891-92.	8	9,54,516 8,74,273	1,78,011 71,945 1,53,301	33,734 27,489	8,754 27,085	6,517	15,538	9.96		3,48					
		0,00	7.7.	, ଜଣ	- 60	4	7	14.08.965		23,63,481					
<u>-                                </u>	·d <sub>4</sub>	00	000	000	000			1 0		-0					
\$	a.		000				0	0	- 1	0					
Estimates for 1891-92.								1	- 1						
Estfu 18	98	9,37,910	1,60,500 64,000 1,56,325	36,300 37,500	19,000	2,68 7,688	8,300	13.95.725		23,33,635				-	
		တီထိ	rî -	•	. ,,	•		13.5		23,			•		
	P.	10	00 m	103	es 4.	× =400	2	] 🖺	1	113					
ğ.,	છ		2 ಕಿ	40	12.	1 <del>4</del>	0	65		12					
Actuals for 1890-01.	22	167	1,65,132 59,344 1,54,043	821 138	316	2,147 8,004	18,957	872							
Ac.	**	6,57,150 8,36,167	60, 45 70, 45	69. 49.	ထိထိ	ďα	18,	13.34.872		19,92,022					
	<u> </u>			¹ 	,							•		•	
ri o		••	• •	• • •	• •	• •	Extra-			•					•
Maj	ł	٠.	. E	• .• •	• •			Pres		<sup>r</sup> ae					
Receipts, Bunger Major Headings,		991	tom Abk	_8'#		ಶ	and.	Total Regerens		GRAND TOTAL					i,
BUE		talan mue	Cus.	Casti	• •	over ous.		<u>بر</u>	i !	Ð		•		٠,	
ipte, ji		80 TB	t or int a	id J v on	ب 1 جه و	rece rece	anec	ا و		RAJ	•	•	-		
REOR		Opening Balance Land Revenue	Permit or Customs • Muskirst and Abkari Forest	Law and Justice Royalty on Coal	Cesses Interest	Loans Recovered Miscellaneous .	Miscellaneous ordinary	-	· .	Ū					
No.	i	10	භ 4 rc	40	ထတ	2	63								

D. ROBERTSON,

Political Agent, Baghelkhand, and Superintendent of Revah.

Ä

Statement showing Customs and Excise Revenne Collections and Disbursements for the year 1891-92 in detail as compared with those of the previous year.

			RECEIPTS.							Ехевирилива.			
No.	Particulars.	. 1890-91,	1891-92.	Increase.	Decrease.	Amount standing as balance in hand of the vendors for the year 1891-92.	No.	Раптопавв.	1890-91,	1891-92	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Increase,	Decrease,
		P. a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.			R a.	p.	a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
-	Tax on sale of articles •	1,40,712 14 2	1,55,949 9 5	15,236 11 3	:	247 8 4	-	By Establishment	22,089 12	0 22,313 12	20	224 0 6	:
83	, , cattle .	:	:	:	ŧ	i	83	" contingency	244 3	1 263	188 2	19 4 25	ŧ
60	Baiyaee	11,280 12 0	9,459 7 8	:	1,821 4 4	148 4 0	က	Purchase of opium .	4,117 6	9 3,303	3 10	:	814 1 11
4	Grazing fees	5,888 5 0	6,195 4 0	ŧ	693 1 0	251 0 0							
40	Duty on stones .	4,043 1 2	3,335 7 10	:	707 9 4	:							
•	Total .	1,61,925 0 4	1,73,939 12 11	15,236 11 3	3,221 14 8	646 12 4							
9	Sale of opium	19,286 3 3	22,180 15 9	2,894 12 6	:		·						
~	. ganja	615 13 9	89 89	:	612 5 6	:							
œ	Licensed fee from vendors	6,791 9 6	6,748 12 0	957 2 6	i	592 8 3							
9	Abkareo	33,650 2 9	43,008 5 6	9,358 2 9	•	3,197 14 0		•	<u>_</u>	•	•	<del></del>	
9	Ferry	3,712 15 0	4,182 13 6	469 14 6	•	6.8 4 0							
	TOTAL .	63,056 12 3	76,124 7 0	13,680 0 3	612 5 6	4,308 10 3	<del></del>			_		<del></del>	
	GRAND TOTAL	2,24,981 12 7	7 2,50,064 3 11	28,916 11 6	3,834 4 2	4,955 6 7		GRAND TOTAL .	26,451 4 10	25,880 7	157	243 4 73	814 1 11
	Net Increase	:	:	:	:	25,082 7 4	<del></del>	Net Decrease	:	:		670 13 33	:
1	Surna, The 30th April 1892.	محم								a ·	ROB)	D. ROBERTSON, Major, Political Agent, Bughelkhand.	lajor, phelkhand. 12

III.

Statement of Criminal Cases of Appeal tried by the Superintendent of Rewah for the year 1891-92.

	No	MDER OF CASES		Digros		DECISION AP	PRALED	
NAME OF COURT.	Remaining on 1st April 1691.	Cases Institu- ted during the year.	Total.	Upheld.	Upset.	Modified.	TOTAL.	Remaining on 31st March 1892,
Criminal Court of the Su- perintendent of Rewah .	•••	32	32	21	3	4	28	4.

IV.

Statement of Cases of Appeal tried by the Superintendent of Rewal for the year 1891-92.

•		ear.	dur-			Disposat	OF THE	DECISION	APPRAL:	ED AGAIN	eī.		31et
NAME OF COURT.	Name of Subordi- nate Court.	Balance of last year	Cases instituted ing the year.	Total.	Upheld,	Upset,	Remanded for trial,	Exparts.	Arbitration.	By mutual agreement.	<del></del>	Remaining on March 1892.	
Civil Court of the Superintendent of Rewah.	Dewan's Court	19	<i>5</i> 3	72	42	2	•••	101	•••	1	•••	45	27

V.

Statement of Cases of Appeal tried by the Superintendent of Rewah for the year 1891-92.

		ear.	dur-			Diblory	L OF THE	DECISION	f appeal	ED AGAIN	st,		31st
NAME OF COURT.	Name of Subordi- nate Court,	Balance of last year.	Cases instituted ing the year.	Torak.	Opheld.	Upset	Remanded for trial.	Ex-parte.	Arbitratiôn.	By mutaal agreement.	Modified.	Torat.	Remaining on March 1892,
Revenue Court of the Superin- tendent of Rewah.	Dewan's Court.	8	16	24	13	1	•••	<b></b>		•••	4	18	<b>6</b> :

VI.

Return of Revenue Cases decided by the Superintendent of Rewah during the year 1891-92.

Natu	E OP C	ASES.			,	Pending at close of last year.	Filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending.
Paipakhar— Huzur Tehsil . Teonthur ,, . Madhogurh ,, .	•	•	•		•	3 	32 63 38	35 63 38	:33 63 38	2 
			To	TAL	•.	3	133	136	134	· 2

VII.

Statement showing the Working of the Criminal Courts of the Rewah State during the year 1891-92.

						erin- Dent.	Dew	AN,	Magis of Re		DEPUTY TRATI HONG MAGIE	BABY	Тот	AL.
Number.	NATURE OF O	Frence	•		Number of cases.	Number of persons implicated.	Number of caser.	Number of persons implicated.	Number of cases,	Number of persons implicated.	Number of cases.	Number of persons implicated.	Number of cases.	Number of persons implicated,
•										•				
1	Murder	•	•	•	8	15	6	13		***	3	6	17	34
2	Attempt at murder	•	•	•						•••		•••		•••
3	Culpable homicide i	ot a	mount	ing	1	15	4.	20			1	1	6	36
4	Criminal breach of to	rost	•				1	3	19	28	14	49	34	50
5	Voluntarily causing	grievo	us hu	rt .	1	3	7	13	69	152	524	924	601	1,092
6	Robbery	•					1	4	4	9	1	5	6	18
7	Dacoity	•	•									 		
8	Rape	•	•	•			10	11	1	1			11	12
9	Assault or criminal fo	orce			<b></b>					***				• •••
10	Wrongful restraint	•							5	9	52	77	57	86
11	Theft			•	•••		1	1	72	115	286	512	359	628
12-	Forgery	•	•	•				•••		•••	2	3	2	3
13	Cheating	•	•	•			***	<b></b>	13	22	13	13	26	35
14	Miscellaneous .	•	•	•	2	14	12	18	255	447	688	1,169	957	1,648
		Тот	'AL	٠	12	47	42	83	438	783	1,584	2,729	2,076	3,642

VIII.

Statement of Criminal Cases (original) tried by the Superintendent of Rewah during the year 1891-92.

<del></del> -		NDING	Inst	ITUTED						DISPOS	ED O	F.			Pı	NDING 7 31st
	0	HE OLOSE FLAST FEAR.	א שטע ו	ng the EAR.	To	TAL.	Disc	HARGED.	Cox	VICTED.	E	CAPED.	T	DTAL.		ARCH 1892.
NATURE OF OFFERCE.	Cases.	Persons.	Савев.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Савев.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons,	Савев.	Persons.	Савез.	Persons.
Murder		•••	8	15	8	15	1	2	6	10		2	7	14	1	1
Culpable homicide .			1	15	1	15						·			1	15
Causing grievous hurt			1	8	1	3	•••	1	1	2			1	3		
Unlawful assemblage.			1	9	1	9			1	9		•••	1	9		•••
Miscellaneous	•••	•••	1	5	1	. 5	. ***.		1	5			. 1	5	•••	•••
Total .	:	•••	12	47	12	47	1	3	9	26		2	10	31	2	16

Statement showing the Cases disposed of by the Council of Sirdars during the year 1891-92.

Coust.	Pending on 1st April 1891.	Instituted during the year.	Total,	Disposed of.	Remaining on Slat March 1892,
Consultative Council of Sirdars	9	424	. 433	422	11

X.

Statement showing the Working of the Civil Courts in the Rewah State during the year 1891-92.

	<del>                                     </del>				[	Filmo.			Disposed of	· ·	
No.	Name of Co	uet.		_	Pending on 1st April 1891.	Filed during the year.	Total.	Trans- ferred,	Disposed of.	Total.	Remaining on 31st March 1892.
1	Dewan	•	•	•	9	166	175	•••	168	168	7
2	Civil Judge	•	•	•	58	224	282	5	241	246	:96
3	Deputy Magistrates	•	•	٠	246	3,461	3,707	261	·3,224	<b>3,4</b> 85	<b>222</b> ·
4	Honorary Magistrates	•	•	•	326	1,206	1,532 ·	. 39	1,245	1,284	<b>24</b> 8
		Тотл	AL	•	639	5,057	<b>5,</b> 696	305	4,878	<i>5</i> ,183	513
										,	

XI.

Statement showing the Number of Cases decided by 26 Lacs Committee for 1691-92.

Description.	Pending at the close of the last year.	Filed during the year.	TOTAL.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending at the close of the year.
Committee of Adjustment of 26 Lacs Committee .	115	174	289	174	115

XII. Statement of Revenue Cases of the Rewah State for 1891-92.

		FOR THE IEAR 1891-52.	70
	Benance.	63 Transferred. 34 Do. 17 Do. 14 Do. 49 Do. 71 Do. 21 Do. 26 Do. 8 Do.	321 Do.
	Pending at the of the Jear.	22 75 65 110 110 110 127 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	1,282
	TOTAE.	828 1 144 144 683 370 847 852 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 1	6,766
	Judgment.	826 8660 8660 887 763 885 885 885 885 881 11 11 11 11 12 13	5,077
вр ов.	Compromise.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	120
Дівровир ов	Arbitration.		. 77
	Default,		402
	Ex-parts.		06
	Toral,	852 872 1,284 1,090 1,090 1,022 1,022 111 276 501 501 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 175 10	7,369
Fired.	Filed during the year.	814 1 272 766 1,000 1,00	6,020
	Pending at the close of the last year.	85 21	1,340
	NAME OF COURT.	Dewan's Office  Adalut Dewani Settlement Officer, Huzur Tehsil, Buxi Hancoman Pershad Ditto, Ditto Ditto, Madhogurh Ditto, Madhogurh Ditto, Madhogurh Ditto, Madhogurh Ditto, Madhogurh Ditto, Madhogurh Ditto, Ramnagar Ditto, Ramnagar Ditto, Ramnagar Ditto, Ramnagar Ditto, Burdi Ditto, Ramnagar Ditto, Burdi Ditto, Burdi Ditto, Rewah Khas Honoray Magistrate, Ghooman Ditto, Chandia Ditto, Krishengurh Ditto, Rewah Khas Ditto, Marwar Ditto, Marwar Ditto, Marwar Ditto, Marwar Ditto, Singhwara	TOTAL .
	No.	22222222222222222222222222222222222222	ļ

#### XIII

Return showing the disposal of Appeals in Criminal Cases by the different Courts in the Rewah State during the year 1891-92.

					Disposal	<u>د.</u>		1
Pending at the close of the year 1890-91.	Filed during 1891-92.	Total,	Uphėld.	Upset.	Modified.	Remanded for revision,	TOTAL.	Pending at the close of the year 1891-02.
		Appeals	from the	 Dewan to	the Super	intendent.		,
	32	32	21	3	4	·	28	4
.,		Appeals	from the	Magistra	te's Cour	t to the Deu	an.	
4	116	120	66	16	15	17	114	. 6
	Appeals	from the I	Deputy an	d Honord	ry Magis	strates to the	Magistr	ate.
9	102	111	57	23	11	18	109	2
	ا ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ							! 

XIV.

Return showing the disposal of Appeals in Civil Cases by the different Courts in the Rewah State during the year 1891-92.

	1				Dis	POBAL.				
Filed during 1891-92.	TOTAL.	Upheld.	Upset.	Transfer- red.	Modified.	Compro- mised.	Remanded for revision.	Ex-parte.	TOTAL.	Pending at the close of the year 1891-92.
		Ap	peals fr	om the D	ewan to ti	he Superi	ntendent.	•		
53	72	. 42	· 2	***	***	1	•••	•••	45	27
			Appea	ls from th	le Civil Ì	udge to th	l e Dewan.			, .
124	130	75	12	1	6	1	23	*** .	118	12 '
Appeal	s from	the Deg	outy M	gistrates	and Hon	orary Ma	ı gistrates	to the Cir	ril Judg	1 7 <b>6.</b>
508	617	198	52	2	18	1	220	•••	491	126
	63 124 Appeal	furing 1891-92. Total.  53 72  124 130  Appeals from	turing 1691-92. Total. Upheld.  53 72 42  124 130 75  Appeals from the Deg	Total   Upheld   Upset	during 1691-92. Total. Upheld. Upset. Transferred.  Appeals from the D  Appeals from t  Appeals from t  Appeals from t  Appeals from t  Appeals from the Deputy Magistrates	Filed during 1891-92. Upheld. Upset. Transfer red. Modified.  Appeals from the Dewan to the Appeals from the Civil J. 124 130 75 12 1 6  Appeals from the Deputy Magistrates and Honey 1891-92.	during 1691-92. Total. Upheld. Upset. Transferred. Modified. Compromised.  Appeals from the Dewan to the Superi.  Appeals from the Civil Judge to the Appeals from the Deputy Magistrates and Honorary Magistrates.	Filed during 1891-92. Upheld. Upset. Transfer- Modified. Compromised. Remanded for revision.  Appeals from the Dewan to the Superintendent.  Appeals from the Civil Judge to the Dewan.  124 130 75 12 1 6 1 23  Appeals from the Deputy Magistrates and Honorary Magistrates	Filed during 1891-92. Total. Upheld. Upset. Transfer- Modified. Compromised. Remanded for revision.  Appeals from the Dewan to the Superintendent.  Appeals from the Civil Judge to the Dewan.  124 130 75 12 1 6 1 23  Appeals from the Deputy Magistrates and Honorary Magistrates to the Civil Formula (Compromised).	Filed during 1891-92. Upheld. Upset. Transfer- Modified. Compromised. Remanded for revision.  Appeals from the Dewan to the Superintendent.  Appeals from the Civil Judge to the Dewan.  124 130 75 12 1 6 1 23 118  Appeals from the Deputy Magistrates and Honorary Magistrates to the Civil Judge t

XV.

Return showing the disposal of Appeals in Revenue Cases by the different Courts in the Rewah
State during the year 1891-92.

Pending	]				•	· Du	BPOBAT.	*			<del></del>
at the close of the year 1890-91.	Filed during the year 1891-92.	TOTAL.	Upheld.	Upset.	Modlfied.	Ex-parte,	Remanded for revision.	Com- promised,	Trans- ferred,	TOTAL,	Pending at the close of the year.
			Appe	ı als fro	ı m the Dei	l van to the	l Superin	l tendent.			
8	16	24	13	į	4	,	,	,	•••	18	6
•	Appea	ls from	the De	puty an	d Honord	ıry Magi	\ strates an	d Civil J	udge to th	l e Dewa	) n
2	38	40	16	4	-4	3	8	· 1	·	36	. 4
•		i Appeals	from	the Dej	uty and .	Honorary	Magistro	tes to the	Civil . Ju	dge.	
25	141	166	41	9	2	·	72		: 1	125	41

#### XVI.

Statement showing the Number of Cases for and against the Durbar, relating to the Estate of the deceased Ranawat Maharani for the year 1891-92.

DESCRIPTION.	Pending at the close of the last year.	Filed during the year.	Total.	Decided.	Pending at the close of the year.	Remarks.
Cases in which the Durba was plaintiff . Cases in which the Durba	. 1 .	15	16	16	•••	
was defendant .		1	1	1		
Total .	. 1	16	17	17		

#### XVIT

Statement showing the Number of Villages surveyed and assessed, the previous Jamas and the Increase.

				BR OF VIL			ER OF VIL	LAGES			
	Name of Preganae.	Total number of villages.	Up to the end of the last year.	Daring the year.	Total.	Up to the end of the last year.	During the year.	Total.	Previous jama of the assessed villages.	Present jama of the assessed villages.	Increase.
No.	,	Full. Patches.	Full.	Full.	Full.	Full, Patches.	Full.	Full, Patches,			
				<u> </u>					R a.p.	1	_
2 3	Huzur Tehsil	712 442 531 421 604 1,233	707 441 237 78 224 544	5 1 98 221 43 109	712 442 335 299 267 652	517 323 79 45 184 169	172 41 144 99 15 52	689 864 223 144 199 221	1,61,619 1 7 67,960 5 9 81,115 8 9	2,18,616 15 2 1,03,154 7 9 1,03,111 11 0	57,097 13 7 35,194 2 0 21,996 2 3

#### XVIII.

Statement of Revenue Appeal Cases of the Rewah State for 1891-92.

				Filed.					Dispos	ED OF.				elose	
No.	NAME OF COURT TO WHICH APPRAL IS MADE.	From what Court.	Pending at the close of the last year.	Filed during the year.	Total.	Upheld.	Upset.	Modified.	Bemanded for revision.	Compromised.	Transferred.	Default.	Total.	Pending at the cloof the year.	REMARKS.
	To	From	<b>j</b>												
		Appea	il to Set	tlemen	Office	rs.	•				, !				
1	Settlement Officers	Tehshildars Percentage	10 l	18	28		7:15	***	14 50	4 14·29	•••	4 14•29	25 89 <sup>-</sup> 30	3 10·70	
		App	eals of i	Settlem	ent Cas	es.									
2	Dewan's Court .	Settlement Officers Percentage	23	611	634	512 80·75		87 13:73	·52		·47	18 2·83	622 98·10	1°90	

#### XIX.

Statement giving account of the Jail Industry of the Rewal State for 1891-92.

Money in hand or value of manu- factured articles and materials on 1st April 1891.	Value of manu- factures prepared during the year at a cost of amount advanced.	Total.	Cost of manu- factures sold during year.	Value of manu- factures in deposit in the jail on the S1st March 1892.	Loss in raw material.	Bemarks.
<i>R</i> a. p. 293 8 11	R a. p. 2,012 2 23	R a. p. 2,305 11 134	# a. p. 2,025 8 7½	R a. p. 275 5 5	$R \ a. \ p.$ 4 13 $1\frac{1}{3}$	

XIXA.

Statement giving in detail the Jail Statistics for the year 1891-92.

			•		
			Total.	a a	47.4 12 L. C. 71§ 37 219
		Total.	Female.	ន្ត	22.4 es
			Malo.	e	413 12 L. C. 66 33 197
		++	Total.	18	410 69 37 219
	CHAB.	Discharged.‡	Malo.   Female.   Total.	12	31 5 22
	NG THE	ā		16	370 64 33 107
	Receased During the Year.		Female. Total.	16	2 L. C. 2 L. 2. 
	REESA	Died.†	1	=	1 :::
			Male.	2	21. C. C. 2
		<u>.</u>	Total.	22	10 L. C. 2 L. C
		Transferred.	Female.	=	::::
VERS.		H	Malo.	10	17 L. C. 10 L. C. 81 37 37
BER OF PRISONERS.			Total.	6	647 17 L. C. 81 37 227
NUMBER	E	LOZVE	Fomalo.	æ	1L. C 44
Z			Male.	ı.	32 610 87 16 G. 1L. C 1 16 74 85 83 4 4 85 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82
		THE YEAR.	Total.	9	382 12 L. C. 76 36 36 224
		PRINCE	Female.	בנ	25 1 L. C. 7 4 21
	A	adailed During ter Erb,	Maio.	4	367 25 382 10 11 L. C. 11 L. C. 12 L. C. 169 7 76 31 4 35 203 21 224
	APRIL		Total,	တ	266 5 L. C. 11 2 2
	In Jair on 16t April	1801.	Femalo, Total,	63	12
	In Jan		Malo.	1	253 6 L. C. 5 .
ļ					• • • •
					rah •
					Gird Raw
- {					Jail lang ( tyvali
					s s HH
			•		Prisoners  Hawaltees in Jail  " Thans Gird " Kotwali, Rewali
	,				H 44

	REM	RBMAINING ON 31st Mabon 1892.	N SIST 12.		Бхенирг	Exprediture during the year.	B YEAR.		Dally average	Annual ayerage	Monthly	Annual avorage	!!
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Malo. Femalo. Total. Rations of Hawnltees	Clothing of prisoners.	Contingent charges,	Fixed Establish- ment.	Total.	prisoners and Ilawaltees.	oost per neau of prisoners, and Hawaltees,	average cost per head,	cost of main- thrance per head,	average cost per head.
	. 23	23	54	32	20	27	28	20	8	33	8	33.	<b>.</b>
riboners	167 6 173 4 L. C. 1 L. C. 5 L. C.	1 L. C.	173 5 L. C.	R a. p. R a. p. 7.211 8 6 1,098 14 7	R a. p. 1,098 14 7	R a. p. 295 9 8	R . a. p. 3,486 2 4	R a. P. 12,090 14 1 3,485 2 4 8,605 11 9	261	46 46 67 67 67 75	. R a. P.	R a. p. 32 15 6	R a. p. 2 11 11
awaltees in Jail	œ	62	10	:	:	:	:	!	•	•	:	:	:
Thans Gird	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:::	:	:	:	:	:
Kotwali, Rewah .	20	:	20	••••	:	:	:	•	· •	:	:	:	:

7 males on payment of fine, 10 males on ball, 3 males and 1 female on revision, 25 males and 4 females for debility by Superintendent's order, 14 males and 1 female from sised for want of proof, 1 male on payment of fine, 4 miles on ball, 11 males and 1 female transported, 37 males and 1 female imprisoned, and 2 males died.

e-convict males transported to Andamans and 33 term previous males sent to Sutna.

XX.

Abstract of the Expenditure on Public Works Department during the year 1891-92.

No.	Name of Works.		Amor	int.	Tota	1.	Remarks,
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Salaries Miscellaneous and contingent, etc. New tools and plants Palaces Public buildings Govindgurh tank Roads Reserve and workshop Encamping grounds	• • •	7,723 994 213 21,258 21,345 1,935 12,638 4,091 415	10 11 1 5 10 1 4 5 12 4 9 5 7 0	<b>?</b>	a. p.	

XX.

DETAILS.

Statement showing the Expenditure on Public Works Department during the year 1891-92.

Sorial No.	Name of Works.	Budget allotment for 1891-92.	Estimate sanctioned up to the end of March 1892.	Actual for 12 months from April 1891 to March 1892.	Balance available out of the Budget allotment.	Balance available out of the sanctioned estimate.	REMARKS.
		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
1 2 3	Salaries Niscellaneous, Contingent, etc. New tools and plants	8,256 0 0 1,050 0 0 300 0 0	8,256 0 0 994 10 11 234 2 5	7,723 0 6 994 10 11 213 1 5	532 15 6 55 5 1 86 14 7	532 15 6 21 <sup>11</sup> 0	
4	Palaces.						
	1. Govindgurh Palace 4,300 2. Ramnaggar Fort 500 3. Rewah Palace 1,500 4. Sutna Palace 1,000 5. Rewah Ragha	041 089 044	5,056 14 8 441 1 4 1,650 7 0 1,398 10 3	4,568 14 10 150 0 0 1,650 7 0 1,398 10 3	••• ••• •••	 	
	mahal 1,350 6. Lawn-tennis Courts 400		2,042 4 10	2,042 4 10		•••	
	7. Hydraulic Ram 100 8. Piping 100		38 9 6 86 10 6	38 9 6 86 10 6		***	
	9. Madhogurh Fort . 330 10. Barehdari Ragha-	]	162 4 0	162 4 0			
	mahal 1,250		1,246 14 8 213 0 6	1,223 4 11 213 0 6			
	12. Aviary in Sutna Kothi		1,934 13 4	1,934.13 4	<b> </b>		ŀ
	13. Servants' quarters in Sutna Kothi . 4,532		4,532 0 0	4,286 15 4			
	14. Mukhtiargunj Kothi 15. Shikargunj Kothi 1,314	•••	736 9 11 1,314 0 0	736 9 11 1,246 8 11			İ
	16. Drains in Ragha- mahal 500		750 0 0	364 2 0			
- {	17. Porch in Sutna Kothi	***	1,279 0 0	1,005 0 0	***	•••	
	18. Repairs of His Highness' throne 2,610	•••		•••	***		
[	19. Benares Kothi . 7,000 Transferred to	•••	,,,		344	***	
- }	Public buildings 4,210	•••	150 7 0	150 7 0	***	•••	
- {	<b>2,790</b> .						
- {	TOTAL PALACES .	23,076 0 0	23,033 11 6	21,258 10 1	1,817 5 11	1,775 1 5	
	Public buildings.  1. Govindgurh Agency 2. Victoria Hospital . 798 3. Miscellaneous	•••	672 0 0 726 7 <sub>.</sub> 11	653 2 0 659 7 6	***	•••	
	buildings . 1,000 4. Regimental lines,	\	999 15 11	856 11 5	***		1
	Rewah 1,300	\	1,233 3 7	1,229 11 7	•••	•••	1
	Sutna . 634	•••	731 5 8	781 5 8		•••	
	Carried over .	,	449	•••	•	***	

# Statement showing the Expenditure on Public Works Department during the year 1891-92 continued.

		<del>,</del>		أحسببب			
Serial No.	Name of Works.	Budget allotment for 1891.	Estimate sanctioned up to the end of March 1892.	Actual for 12 months from April 1891 to March 1892.	Balance available out of the Budget allotment.	Balance available out of the sanctioned estimate.	REMARKS.
		R a. p.	Ra.p.	R . a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
	Brought forward R.		•••	\ <b></b>	•••		. ··· ,
	6. Dead-house, Rewah 500	•	487 8 0	487 8 0	·` <b></b>	•••	
•	7. Rewah Katchery . 300 8. Accountant's office 500		796 6 4 494 7 3	715 6 8 488 4 0	, •••	****	# 3 7
	9. Rewah jail build- ings 1,037 10. Rewah Agency . 1,000		978 12 6 764 6 9	978 12 6 764 6 9	900 490	***	, ,
	11. Sutna Agency . 1,970 12. Buildings in Muffa-	***	2,801 7 6	2,801 7 6 597 3 9	···· ` ,	٠.	
	sil 600 13. Naro bungalow 300		597 3 9 296 13 6 5,983 1 0	· 293 2 0 5,983 1 0	:::	•••	
	14. Fomale ward . 4,000 15. New office in Sutna Agency . 1,933	<b></b>	1,933 0 0	1,892 1 7		•••. ••• <u>:</u>	
	16. Old Post Office		174 0 0	170 13 3		***	" ,
	17. Addition to stable	<u></u>	1,536 8 1	1,586 8 1	•••	,	, .
	18. Transferred from Govindgurh tank 912				4	•••	
	19. Constructing School at Bai-		<b></b>				
	kuntpur 20. Boat at Govind-	<b></b>	216 0 0	216 0 0	***	<b>`</b>	
	gurh 450		40 3 6	40 3 6	••• ' '	•••	
	bundh at Monze Kotar		250 0 0	250 0 0	•••	•••	,
	22. Transferred from Benares out of	• •		,		,	
	H7,000 H2,790 . 4,210		•••	•••			
	Total Public Buildings .	21,816 0 0	21,712 15 3	21,845 4 5	470 11 7	867 10 10	. ,
6	Govindgurh tank	1,936 0 0	1,936 0 0	1,935 12 4	0 3 8	0.88	7
7							
•	ROADS.  1. Great Deccan road 1.800		1,800 0 0	1,508 6 3			
	2. Culverts on road 500		486 0 0	401 1 0	•••	•••	: .
	3. Sohagi road 700 4. Sutna-Bela road 5,500	•••	5,626 1 9	594 18 2 5,626 1 9	***	•••	- ∴:
	5. District roads 1,556 6. Bridges on roads 300	***	2,100 1 11 46 10 9	2,100 1 11 46 10 9	•••	***	
	7. Gursary Ghat . 400 8. Papra Ghat . 400	***	471 1 8 500 8 9	471 1 8 500 8 9	•••	***	, . ' .
	9. Bichhia causeway 201 10. Agency road 500	***	201 0 0   507 4 10	199 0 3 507 4 10		***	
ļ	11. Diversion road 200 12. Govindgurh road 1,309	•••	200 0 0 0 629 0 0	199 7 1 - 484 0 0		***	
- 1	•		<del></del>				
1	,	13,366 0 0	13,267 13 8	12,638 9 5	727 6 7	629 4 3	
- 1							
s	Reserve Workshop 2,718	2,718 0 0	\{ \ \ 523 \ 2 \ 0 \ \ 3,568 \ 5 \ 0 \ \	523 2 0 3,568 5 0	···	***	<i>',</i> :
1	ŕ						,
	Total Reserve	2,718 0 0	4,091 7 0	4,091 7 0	1,373 7 0	***	In excess.
9	Encamping grounds .		415 12 6	415 12 6	,	•	There was no
- 1		. [			•		budget pro- vision for the encamp-
- 1		}					ing grounds. The cost was
	Ì			}	]		transferred from other
		bo rto o o	F0.042 5 =				heads.
- }		72,518 0 0	73,942 9 3	70,616 4 7	1,901 11 5		
<u></u>			}	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

D. ROBERTSON,

Political Agent; Baghelkhand, and Superintendent of Revoah

XXI.

Statement showing the Forest Revenue Collections and Disbursements for the year 1891-92.

-					Receives.						•	Онвотвенивите.	, e				
No.	Равнаман.	Timber.	Bamboos.	Minor forest produce.	Lac.	Annual commuta- tion dues.	Miscel- laneous	Totag.	Salary.	Contin- gencies,	Lac.	Timber and Bamboos.	Travelling allowance.	Arboricul- tures.	Total.	Surplus,	Remares,
	Sodar Office	R a, p,	я 	R a. p.	R a. p.	85 82 :: 84	g :	R a. P.	R a. p. 5,691 6 8	R a, P.	R а, p.	я 	R a. P. 623 6 3	R a. p.	R a, p. 6,339 7 11	, d	
87 E	Ramnaggor .	3 11 7/2,11	754 8 6	7,494 2 10}	68,244 10 2	236 13 6	1,352 0 13	89,349 14 7	4,150 8 8	i .	13,476 3 1	6,471 9 103	:	620 1 3	24,718 0 103	: ,	
	Singrouli	41 10 9	134 0 3	2,172 4 9	29,703 15 4	0 01 1/21	7 12 6	32,324 5 7	2,091 2 6	:	7,401 6 2	:	:	:	9,402 8 11	: .	
44	Burdi	4,899 15 9	8,404 14 3	1,478 8 13	8 11 518	162 12 0	804 1 9	16,085 9 14	1,767 12 3ş	ž	78 1 10	ī	:	79 1 9	1,024 15 103	:	
ıą.	Huzur Tehsil	5,542 9 5}	0 16 9	327 3 3	60 4 0	25 4 0	408 14 11	6,355 3 43	1,329 5 3	:	:	1,931 13 6	ŧ	34 8 0	9,296 11 3	:	
- <del>6</del>	Teonthur Tehsil .	2,666 10 0	106	636 2 0	:	241 14 0	0 8 08	3,475 3 0	408 12 0	:	:	9 8	1	:	411 2 0	i	
2	Forest Revenue collected by Permit Depurtment.	689 5 8 <u>1</u>	1,086 10 7}	1,550 0 13	480	167 13 6	1 1 0	8,389 6 11	:	:	:	:	1	:	. :	- :	
	Total.	25,017 15 1	10,382 1 10}	13,647 16 14	98,484 0 9	1,018 3 6	2,604 6 33	1,51,055 10 7	16,489 0 13	:	20,955 11 1	8,406 13 4}	623 6 3	759 G G	46,182 6 4	1,01,873 6 3	
														נמטמ ת	POBERON Lines	Liant Cal	

D. ROBERTSON, Lieut.-Col.,
Political Agent, Bayhelkhand.

Sutua, The 30th April 1892.

#### XXII.

Etatement of Boundary Cases disposed of by the Political Agent, Baghelkhand, during the year 1891-92.

**************************************	1			Disposal.	•		. '
Number of cases pending on 1st April 1891.	Instituted during the year 1891-92.	Total.	Amicably settled.	Made over to Boundary Settlement Officer.	Total.	Pending on 31st March 1892.	Квилакв.
- 5	1	6	1	1	2	<b>*.</b> 4,	

#### XXIII

Statement of Criminal Cases (Original) in the Sutna Bazar decided by the Political Agent, Baghelkhand, during the year 1891-92.

NAME OF COURT.	Pending at the close of 1890-91.	Instituted during 1891-92.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending at the close of 1891-92,	Велгавкя.
Political Agent, Baghel- khand		8	8	8	•••	

#### XXIV.

Statement of Criminal Cases (Appeal) in the Sutna Bazar decided by the Political Agent, Baghel-khand, during the year 1891-92.

are r	Name of Court.	Pending at the close of 1890-91.	Instituted during 1891-92.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending at the close of 1891-92.
Political	Agent, Baghelkhand .	2	13	15	14	.1

XXV.

Statement of Civil Cases (Original) in the Sutna Bazar decided by the Political Agent, Baghelkhand, during the year 1891-92.

NAME OF COURT.	Pending at the close of 1890-91.	Instituted during 1891-92.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending at the close of 1891-92.	REMARKS.
Political Agent, Baghelkhand	•••	2	2	•••	2	

#### XXVI.

Statement of Civil Cases (Appeal) in the Sutna Bazar decided by the Political Agent, Baghelkhand, during the year 1891-92.

NAME OF COURT,	Pending at the close of 1890-91.	Instituted during 1891-92.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending at the close of 1891-92.	Remarks,
Political Agent, Baghelkhand	6	20	26	14	12	•

# APPENDIX TO CHAPTER VII.

Finances of Bundelkhand States under management for 1891-92.

STATES.			Revenue.	Expenditure.	Surplus or deficiency.	Remarks.
•			R.	· R.	R	
Charkhari (Net) .	•	•	5,06,900	5,00,504	6,396	Promissory Notes for a
Sarila (Estimates) .	•	•	52,782	43,519	9,263	Promissory Notes for 1
Bhaisaunda (Estimates)	•		13,878	9,158	4,720	
Garrauli (Estimates)	•		44,100	44,180	80	

FRED. A. WILSON,

Political Agent, Bundelkhand.

GOONA

The States of Gurra, Parone, Umri, Bhadowra, and Sirsi are managed by their Chiefs under the superintendence of the Political Assistant, Goona. GENERYL REMARES. OTHERWISE AS REGARDS Good Seasons Under Beport, Favour-Good Good Agricalture. Fair Fair Fair Fair Fair Fair Fair Health. Whest, gram, opinm, jowar, and other Indian grains ; eatile, sheep, ghi, and bullook's hide. Principal productions. SERIOUS bus sting Hame redto : : : Attack on Government Mails. : : : i EE OF : Statistical Abstract of General Report of Political Administration of the Central India Agency for the year 1891-92. NUMBER Highway and gang dacoity, á : : ፧ 5 Murder. ፥ : : ŧ : Education. : ፧ : : : The criminal cases of all Chiefs in international administration cases are settled by the Political Assistant, Goons. The civil cases are settled in their own Courts. Administration of Justice. and Boad and Road and Road and Road Principal Roads. Agra Bombay 1 Agra. Bombay Agra (Bombay ] : Bombay : gra Electric Telegraph. : : : : : ፥ ፧ -፧ Н ፧ ፥ : Staging Bungalows. -.; -: ፡ ፥ ፧ Post Office, : : : : : : Vispensary. A few road police. A few road police. road few road police. A few re police. ፥ ARMED FORCES. ፥ ፥ : Infantry. : : : : : : : : : : Cavalty. : : ፡ : ፥ : ፧ : Gumera. : : ፧ : : : ፥ Gans. 24,000 12,000 000'6 12,000 5,000 2,000 4,000 GENERAL STATISTIOS. Кечеппе. 10,854 18,148 4,888 3,057 3,111 Population. Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Area in square miles. Most unpromising. Is already heavily in debt. only succeed-Weak, also great-ly in debt. well-man-and I be-free of .되 young to pro-Intelligent and fairly promising and much ment of a to officials. Character. and mising. State aged, lieve debt. debt. Leaves Manly Has c ed l last 3 PARTICULARS OF RULERS. 23 83 g 딿 얺 Age. ដ Jeymandal Singh Balbhadar Singh Meherban Singh. Gajandar Singh Singh Singh Pirthi Singh Name. Madho Bhim Thakur Raja Raja Raja Raja Title. Raja Ragho-Bhadowra Dharnao. dha. NAME OF ISTATE. Parone Garra Unri Sirai

N

### Annual Return of Children vaccinated in the Goona Agency during the year 1891-92.

		300	7.	RESU	LT OF VACOIN	ATION,			
Sex.	,	Remained.	Admitted.	Total.	Successful.	Unsuc- cessful.	Remaining.	46	REMARKS.
Male . Female	•	`37 21	154 110	191 131	147 96	:43 35	1	191 181	
TOTAL		58	264	322	243	. 78	1	322	12.

E. ROBERTSON, Capt.,

Political Assistant, Goonas

1891-92.
General,
Provincial
III.—

R a. p.															19,00,264 15 4
R a. p.	12	32,656 11 0	음	6	9	13		0	4	က	24,778 4 10	0	0 00 00 1 E A	F OT FOZ'ON'A	
	•	•	•	•	•			•	•		•	•	1 #	Ä	•
		•	•			•				•	•				ĄΣ
	•	•	•		•	•		•		•	•				GRAND TOTAL
	•	•		•		•		•	•	•					GRAN
	•	•		•		•			•		•	•			
	•	•	•	•	:	•					•				
	•		•	•	•	•		•		•		•			
ě	•		•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•			
ากขอนเ		•	•	•			states				•	•			
IOrdinary Imperial Re	•	•	••		der) collections		IIPayment by Native St	•	Government	sh Government	ır land .				
I.—Ordina	Land Revenue, Abkari, etc.	Sale of Stamps	Imperial Fees and Receipts	Electric Telegraph	Postal (including Money Or	Miscellaneous .	II.—Paym	Contribution to Contingent	Tributes assigned to British	Tributes paid through Britis	Fixed payment for Istimura	· Succession and Nazrana		•	

III.-Provincial Revenue.

•	Balance on 31st March 1602.	R a. p. 67,160 2 10 45,510 14 9		28,654 0 0	2,13,69,8 3 9
	Total,	. R a. p. R a. p. 88,719 12 0 2,05,772 2 1 22 1 22 31 7 5 1.05,569 6 4	86,639 12 1 1,79,038 2 1	15,509 0 0	1,98,882 15 6 5,05,888 10 6 2,13,698 3 9
	Miscellaneous,	. R a. p 88,719 12 C	86,639 12 1	0 0 804	1,98,882 15
	Grants to Sharors in Roads Dues,		:	:	:
	Grants to Hospitals, Dis-Sharors ponsaries, in Roads Dues,	x.     p.     R.     a.     p.     R.     a.     p.       6     7     1,331     15     3     32,663     6     10     4,368     0     0     0     11,356     14     3	01 21 18,431 15 16,639 16 7 18,431 12 10	2,238 0 0	7 18,122 3 6 54,966 0 6 36,662 7 7 20,300 6 9
Diebursements.	Education.	4,368 0 0	16,689 15 7		36,662 7 7
Dr	Police and Judicial.	22,663 6 10		2,060 0 0 6,908 0 0	54,966 0 5
	Local Improve- ments.	R a. p. 1,331 15 3	0 F 00/67	2,060 0 0	18,122 3 6
	Public Works proper.	45,858 5 7	31,375 10 10	2,275 0 0	ಣ
	Collection and management of Superintend- ence.	R a. p.	31,050 14 9	44,163 0 0 1,320 0 0	62,538 11 2
	Grand Total Receipts.	2,72,932 4 11	2,51,411 4 3	44,163 0 0	7,19,586 14 8
Виспети.	Total Receipts during the year,	R a. p. R a. p. R a. p. 74,018 8 10 1,98,913 12 1 2,72,932 4 11 21,473 12 2	29,486 2 2 1,21,594 2 11 1,51,080 5 1 6,594 0 0 66,946 6 3 1,84,465 14 0 2,51,411 4 3 31,050 14 9	19,243 0 0	5,24,216 13 0
	Balanco on 1st April 1891.	R a. p. 74,018 8 10	29,486 2 2 66,946 6 3	24,920 0 0	. 1,95,370 1 3 5,24,216 13 0 7,19,586 14 3 62,538 11 2 1,05,416 1
	NAME OF FUNDS.	I, Cantonment Local Funds.	II. Political Agencies and Maunpore Pergunna Funds III, Fund raised for	special purpose.  IV, Collections from Local Road-Dues, etc.	TOTAL

Indore Residency, Dated 7th June 1892.

# APPENDICES TO PART III.

### DEPARTMENTAL.

# APPENDIX TO CHAPTER IX. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Public Works from Local Funds.

	Ī	<del></del>		<u> </u>	
Cantonments and Agencies.	Contribution to Public Works Department.	Original' Works,	Repairs.	Total.	Works calling for remarks.
		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
1. Indore Residency Bazaar Fund.	<b>,,,</b>	5,541 0 0	5,894 0 0	11,435 0 0	
2. Gwalior Agency			<i>5</i> 47 4 8	547 4 8	
3. Bhopal Agency		22 2 7	9,955 12 5*	9,977 15 0	* Includes R1,154-10-1
4. Western Malwa Agency .		*****	710 0 6	710 0 6	for Establishment.
5. Bhopawar Agency	•••	•••••	791 0 0	791 0 0	
6. Goona Agency		275 8 6	701 5 4	976 13 10	
7. Manpur Pergunna Road Fund.		*****	******	•••••	
8. Manpur Pergunna School Fund.		•••••	******	*****	
9. Manpur Pergunna Town Fund.		•••••	101 0 0	101 0 0	
10. Indore Agency Road Fund.	***	•••••	2,275 O O†	2,275 0 0	† Repairs to Com- mandant's house R at Sirdarpore . 959
11. Baghelkhand Agency .	,	*****	*****	•••••	Repairs to clerks' quarters at Sir-
12. Bundelkhund Agency .		328 12 11	616 10 5	945 7 4	darpore . 742 Repairs to Chow-
13. Mhow Cantonment .		27,823 11 6	13,084 9 8	40,908 5 2	kies in the Agra and Bombay
14. Neemuch "	•••	*****	865 3 8	865 3 8	Road 574
15. Nowgong "		357 4 6	3,368 14 9	3,726 3 3	<del>R</del> 2,275
16. Sipri . "	•••	358 9 6‡	413 8 0	772 1 6	‡ For provision of 50 lamp posts, etc.
17. Mehidpur "	•••	*****	•••••	,	amp posts, etc.
18. Sutna,		*****	, ······	,,,,,,	
19. Malwa Dharamsala Fund	,	65 12 0	*****	65 12 0	
20. Indore Residency School Fund.		•••••	1,208 14 9	1,208 14 9	
21. Abkari Fund	(a) 20,000	(¿) 10,000	*****	30,000 0 0	(a) For road and local
22. Bhopawar Chickli Fund .	•••		*****	•••••	improvements. (b) For improvement to Indore Residency Bund.
Total .	20,000	44,772 13 6	40,533 4 2	1,05,306 1 8	

#### Staging Bungalow Receipts and Expenditure during the year 1891-92.

	REC	Ripre.	,4 · · · ·	Expenditure.		
•	Receipts.	Total.	Establishment	Contingencies.	Furniture.	TOTAL.
	R .	R	#	R	æ	Æ
Under Pablic Works Department	2,177		1,973	203	220	2,396
Under Political Agencies .		•••	•••		•••	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
		2,177	•••	,,,	***	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total	•••	2,177	1,973	203	220	2,396′

Δ.

# Statement showing the Total Length of Road Communication of all kinds maintained by the Public Works Department, Central India Administration, during 1891-92.

	· ·					·	· ·
No.	ROADS AND LINES OF COMMUNICATION.	Metalled and bridged road,	Unmetalied and bridged road.	Fair weather roads.	Average cost of making the roads per mile.	Average cost of maintain- ing the roads per mile.	Remarks.
	Indone Division.	Miles,	Miles.	Miles.	£	£.	• • • •
1	Agra-Bombay Road	193		i [	7,723	233	
2	Mhow-Neemuch Road	115			10,678	180	
3	Ujjain-Agar Road	11%	•••		7,082	163	
4	Dewas-Ujjain Road	7			4,983	457	
5	Dewas-Ashta Road	· 7青	•••	•••	7,087	188	·".
6	Beora-Schore Road	40	***	;**	4,046	149	. ;
7	Beora-Rajgurh Road	15			4,479	55	• • •
8	Indore-Sinarole Road	14		•••	9,315	. 332	τ , ;
9	Mhow-Kherry Ghat Road	<b>36</b> ′	•••	··· .	9,315	118	•
10	Dhar Brauch, Dhar Tirlo, and Sirdar- pur Roads.	243			6,046	169	erio de la companya d La companya de la co
11	Indore Station Road	20		•••	Not known	225	· .
12	Burnagur-Budnawur Road	. <b>7</b>		•••	3,886	••• • •	Newly completed.
		4901			•••	206	
	NAGODE DIVISION.		-			٠.	
1	Jhansi-Nowgong Road	144		***	. 7,609	. 260.	٠. ٠
2	Nowgong-Srinagur Road	203	,	•••	5,260	17	, , t <sub>-</sub>
3	Nowgong-Sutna Road	1001		(4)	9,823	´ 139	
4	Banda-Sagar Road	597	\ '		7,048	123	\
5	Heera Ghât Road	81			4,614	,,,	Newly
6	Great Deccan Road	441			Not known		completed.
7	Nagode Kallinger Road		38	·	200	18	
8	Allipura-Hurpalpur Feeder Road	殭	•••	***	5,075	38	
	Total	2501	38	***	•••	95	

В.

Statement showing the Total Length of Road Communication of all kinds maintained by the Native States in Central India Administration during 1891-92.

	<del></del>						•		
No.	ROADS AND LINES OF COMM	IUNICATION.		Metalled and bridged roads.	Unmetalled ard bridged roads,	Fair- Weather roads.	Average cost of making the road per mile,	Average cost of maintain- ing the roads per mile.	Bewarks.
	GWALIOR STATE	€.		Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	<i>R</i>	Ŗ	<del></del>
1	Agra-Bombay Road .	• •		247꽃		•••	***	•	•
2	Gwalior-Sipri Road .	• •		30		•••	•••	•	
3	Jhansi Road			45			<i>;</i>		
4	Gwalior-Etawa Road .	• •	•	59 <u>1</u>		• •••			
5	Agra Loop Line .	• •		5		•••	•••		
6	Sipri Loop Line .		$\cdot$	5		•••	•••	•••	
· 7	Short roads round Gwalior	•		$10\frac{1}{4}$			••		
8	Dewas-Ujjain Road .			16		•••	***	•••	
, õ	Dewas-Ashta Road .	• •	{	$17\frac{3}{4}$		•••	•••		
10	Ujjain-Agar Road .			35 -		•••	***		
11	Mhow-Neemuch Rond			55 <u>1</u>	•••	•••	, ,	•••	
12	Neemuch-Nusseerabad Road	ι.		91	116	•••	***		
13	Dhar-Sirdarpur Road			121		•••	•••		
					<del></del>		<del></del>		,
		Total	•	548 <del>1</del>		•••	•••	•••	,
						•			
	BHOPAL STATE	: <b>.</b>						1	
1	Dewas-Ashta Road .	• •	•	46		•••	•••	•••	
2	Beora-Ashta Road .		-	22	•••	•••	•••		
3	Sehore-Bhopal Road .	• •		23½		•••	•••		
		Total		91 <del>1</del>		<b></b>			
	•	•	Í		•••	<b>'''</b>	ļ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-	Rewah State			•					• •
. 1	Bela-Sutna Road .	•		221			,	214	
		• •		-	•••	•••		28	
2	Great Deccan Road .	•		87월		•••	•••	43	
3	Sohagi Pass Road .	: •			32	•••	•••	24	
4	Rewali to Govindghur	• • .	•	***	10		•••		
5	Govindghur to Ramnagur	•	•	•••	 	175		45	
6	Ramnagur to Amarpatan	•	•			17	***	38	
7	Rewah to Sitlaha .	• •	•	***		36		6	
8	Sohagi to Dabourah Railwa	y Station	į			30	***	3	
9	Mowgunj to Sihawal .	• • • •	•	***	•••	27	***	19.	
i	·	TOTAL	•	·110	42	127 1	•••	47	
-								DATG.	•

J. CRAIG,

Offg. Superintending Engineer, Central India and Rajputana.

#### CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY REPORT

#### APPENDIX TO CHAPTER X

#### OPIUM.

#### STATISTICAL RETURN RELATING TO OPIUM.

RETURN 1 .- Prices of opium at Indore, Bombay, and China.

- 2.—Exports—Imperial and Provincial, and total value of Hundi Stamps used
- 3.—Provincial Exports—details.
- 4.—Cess Dues Collections.

RETURN 1.—The Prices of Opium at Indore in 1891-92, together with the quotations of the Bombay and Chine Markets.

•	Total monthly exports from	1	NDOBE,				BOM	BAY.				номо	KONG	•	s 2.	SHAN	ĢHAI.			
	Malwa to Bombay for China.	New.	0	w,	NE	w.	, Oz	D.	Ori	EE.	, NE	W.	, Or	ъ.	: NE	w.	Or	D;	۲.	
Montu.		.		1							٠.	•		·						
•	Chests.	From 7	From	То	From	То	From	To :	From	To	From	То	From	То	From	To .	From	То	ĺ	
				<u>'</u>								<u></u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
1891,		. <b>12</b>	R R	R	R	丑	æ	æ	R	莊	æ	. R	<b>32.</b> `	R	R	R	R	R		
April , , ,	2,157 <del>]</del>	989 1	,069 1,121	1,175	1,075	1,142	1,142	1,182	1,186	1,212	1,091	1,101	1,185	1,195	1,099	1,112	1,214	1,238	,	
May	2,498	1,001 1	,086, 1,136	1,197	1,075	1,145	1,152	1,220	1,186	1,255	1,098	1,101	1,193	1,195	1,109	1,114	1,236	1,284		
June	2,237	1,004 1	,108 <sub>,</sub> 1,131	1,193	1,081	1,157	1,155	1,220	1,185	1,255	1,093	1,123	1,193	1,195	1,114	1,152	1,256	1,284	.	
July .	2,194	995 1	,096 1,116	1,181	1,068	1.155	1,165	1.198	1.195	1,225	1,121	1.136	1,198	1,208	1,128	1,139	; 1,232	; 1 <b>,24</b> 3		
August .	\$,187 <u>}</u>			1													,	1,243	<b>:</b>	
	0,101	1,016 1	,112 1,127	1,150	1,050	1,155	1,102	1,198	1,171	1,225	1,124	1,147	1,201	1,201	1,128	1,150	1,203	1,230		
September, .	4,035	1,028	,128 1,123	1,182	1,060	1,150	1,155	1,175	1,193	1,200	1,138	1,144	1,215	1,221	<b>1,25</b> 1 -	1,169	1,201	1,238		
October	2,265	1,020	,116 1,116	1,177	1,010	1,150	1,155	1,186	1,193	1,200	1,124	1,138	1,215	1,218	1,145	1,159	1,222	1,230	٠	
November	3,002	: 999	,081 1,099	1,180	1,037	1,156	1,159	1,190	•••	1,200	420	1,126	***	1,121	1,147	1,149	1,226	. 1,236	ļ	
December	2,400	988 1	,055 1,099	1,189	1,037	1,159	1,162	1,190	1,190	1,205	•••	1,124		1,218	•••	1,145	•••	1,232		
. 1892,			•			,								•		•			ľ	
January	2,337	996 1	,057 1,101	1,181	1,025	1,158	1,155	1,180	1,190	1,205	1,119	1,130	1,212	1,218	1,143	1,160	.1,230	, 1,232		
February	3,249	1,006	,078 1,116	1,204	1,065	1,140	i,159	1,180	1,190	1,240	1,127	1,232	1,210	1,297	1,159	1,172	1,230	1,265	<b> </b>	
March .	2,911	998 1	,070 1,117	1,206	1,065	1,140	1,153	1,216	1,260	1,240	•••	1,152		1,234	,,,	1,172	} 	1,263		
			_														 	· ,	:	
	Chests	A	price per e	} 				•	٠.,						٠,		<i>.</i>			
Total chests .	32,503	Avenige	price per c	:nest			Ì							-				··		
_	Daty R	`	·· [ ,		,							.,	•		- ,		. :  -			
Duty at R600	1,95,01,808	1,004	,093 1,117	1,189	1,056	1,150	1,156	1,194	1,189	1,222	1,115	1,138	1,202	1,205	1,182	1,149	1,225	1,249	\ \ !	
Average	2,7081				<u>'</u>	,						- ]	•			۱ <u>:</u>	١,	.´,	} :	

# RETURN 2.—Exports—Imperial and Provincial, 1891-92.

	•	•		===		Imperial.	<del></del>	PROVINCIAL,					
	Agenc	Y,			No. of passes.	No. of chests.	Duty at £600.	No. of	<del></del>				
· .i	<del></del> -		<del></del>	<del></del>			2419 20 10000.	No. of passes.	No. of chests.	Duty at R700.			
Indore .	•	•			705	11,164 <u>à</u> ′	· R ·		<b>€</b> 870 €	<i>£</i> 6,09,350			
·				•	700	· .	66,98,700	201	341	Free.			
Rutlam .	•	•	•	•	. 111	1,282	7,69,200	56	43 40½	30,100 Free.			
Dhar .	•	•	•	•	61	869 <sub>훏</sub>	5,21,700			bge			
Ujjain .	•	•	•	•	609	7,817 <del>}</del>	46,90,500	70	{ 299 }	2,09,800			
Chitor .	•	•	•	•	408	3,123½	18,74,100	51	$   \left\{     \begin{array}{c}       137 \\       265\frac{1}{3}   \end{array}   \right. $	95,900 Free.			
Jaora .	•	•	•	•	104	1,106	6,63,600	•••	***	•••			
Bhopal .	·	•	•	•	142	1,603½	9,62,100	1	{ 4	<b>2,</b> 800			
Mandsaur	•	•	•		<b>432</b>	<b>5,536</b> 3	33,21,900	24	$\begin{cases} 51\frac{1}{3} \\ 21\frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$	36,050 Free.			
		To	<b>FAL</b>	•	2,572	32,503	1,95,01,800	. 403	{ 1,405 361 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	9,83,500 Free.			
Total of the	previo	us y	ear's	ex-						•			
ports— 1890-91	•	•	•		2,391	30,037½	1,83,72,300	415	1,387 1923	9,70,900 Free.			
1889-90	•	•	•		2,403	30,564	1,98,66,600	389	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1,376\frac{1}{3} \\ 138\frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right. $	9,63,550 Free.			
1888-89	•	•	•	•	2,290	30,315	1,97,04,750	381	{ 1,500\frac{1}{2} 120\frac{3}{4}	10,21,475 Free.			
1887-88	•	•	•	•	2,699	36,799	2,39,19,350	432	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1,531\frac{1}{3} \\ 131 \end{array} \right  $	10,72,050 Free.			
1886-87	•	•	• ti		2,896	40,839	2,65,45,350	356	.{ 1,317   143	9,21,900 Free.			

.. RETURN 3.—Provincial Exports in 1891-92-

1891-	02,	•			Number of Passes.	Aumber of Chests.	Duty at R700.
, -			• .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		R
. D		•		5	71	252}	1,76,750
lo Bombay Presidency .	• •	• .	•	1	69	, <b>341</b> }	Free
Madras Presidency .	• •	• *	• .		. 83 ,	· 496}	3,47,550
Berar—Hyderabad Assign	ned District	.s.	•		43	2635	1,87,950
Hyderabad, Deccan .			•	$\cdot$	137	387 <del>]</del>	2,71,250
Mysore Government.			•			· 20 ·	Free
Coolg Administration		٠.	•	$\cdot  $	*****	<del>}</del> .	Free
	•••			d	334	1,405	9,83,500
	TOTAL	•	•	E	69	3613	Free
Hundi Stamps to the va	lue <i>o</i> f <b>R13,</b>	717-7	-0 wer	au e	ed in Malwa by ex	porters for hundis in	payment of Gov-
	. :	:			:	r t	
• ,	RETURN	4.—	Cess I	Due	s Collections, 18	891-92.	

	So	ldes.					Road Cess at £1 per chest.			Dharamania #1 per cl	Fund lest,	i at	Indore Agency Road Fund at R3-10-0 per chest.		
				:		•.			R	α.	p.	R	a.	· p.	R a. p.
.dore	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	12,035	0	0	·	1		*****
utlam	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,325	0	0	, 1,325	0	0	•••••
ar	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	******			•••••			3,151 15 0
jjain		•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	8,116	8	0	8,116	8	0	•••••
ora			•	•	•	•	:		1,106	0	0	1,106	0	0	******
ıopal	•	•	•	•	•	•	#		1,607	8	Ó	1,607	8	0	*****
andsaur	•	• :	•	•	•	•	•		5,588	0	0	5,588	0	0	
•					Total	•	•		29,778	0	0	17,743	0	0	<b>3,151 15 0</b>

# APPENDIX TO CHAPTER XI. JUDICIAL.

Justice.	
A.—CIVIL	

					FO.	IC TI	3 23	,	15A.1		() /	7 - 13	<u></u>							. 8
1	AVERAGE DURATION OF SUITS.	Average duration,		:	171.3 756.2	::	:	: 8	55.1S	55:53 53:53	;	1519	:	55	el L	12G 74G	() ()	;	::	16.57
	AVERAGE D'SUI	Total number of days,		:_	1,371	: :	:		1,490	2,567	:	1,128	:	ाक्षा इ.इ.इ	Z.C.	120 FT	8	;	: :	14,265
ING 1891-02.	OF SUITS.	Average cost.	R a. p.	•	80 4 0 4 0	::	:	: °	* <del>9</del>	6 9	:	1 1 8	:	7 8 11	0 T 0	10 10 17 10 10 10	:	:	: :	0. 13. 0.
BUITS DISPOSED OF DURING 1891-02.	Cost of conduct of suits.	Total cost.	R a. p.		642 0 0 2 12 0	::	:	. 5	6 15 0	93 5 0		190 4 0		1,391 3 0 S 11 0	1,377 8 0	्राधा १० ० १५१ ० ०	;	:	: :	00 mm 821
SULTS DI	Surts.	Avorage value.	R a. p.	:	1,238 0 6 32 15 4	::	;		46 15 1	72 2 1		41 1 1	:	98 6 9 26 4 7	201 9 0 313 3 10	42 15 6 10 12 0	11 8 15	:	::	12.22 13.22
	VALUE OF SUITS.	Total value.	R a. p.	:	9,904 4 0 362 9 0	::	:	ç	1,267 7 6	2,813 1 1		2,546 1 6	:	21,949 2 7 1,630 0 6	25,093 11 11 27,879 8 4	11,258 6 3 3,484 5 9	1,164 1 3	:	: :	37,516 % 5 91,363 14 1
	Pending	at close of 1801-02.		:	e 4	::	:	: ;	ဥ္	13	:	-	:	30 30	828	33	ı	:	::	60
UITS	Dianosed of	daring 1591-02.		:	*:I	::	:	: }	272	30	:	83	:	184 38	124 89	262 324	27	:	: :	4.10
NUMBER OF SUI		Total.		:	33	::	:	: ;	 68	52	:	63	:	£23 62	152 97	280 356	20	:	:	500
MUN	Ellal dufue	1891-92,			119	::	:	: ;	22	33	:	ಜ	:	19.4	138	266 319	23	3 :	:	457
		at close of 1890-91.		:	១ព	::	;	: '	ဗက	17	:	:	:	29 16	14	323	. "	· :	:	:: \$4.5
				•	••		•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	• •	•			•	•	•
	· H	i		. Regular Suits	Regular Suits Execution of Decrees	Regular Suits Execution of Decrees	C Regular Suits	Execution of Decrees	( Regular Suits	Regular Suits	Execution of Decrees	Regular Suits	Lecution of Decrees	Regular Suits . * Execution of Decrees	Regular Suits	Regular Suits		Execution of Decrees	Regular Suits	Regular Suits
	CLASS OF COURT.			WALIOE	Political Agent, Bropal	Pourtical Agent, Bundelkhand	POLITICAL AGENT. BAGHELKIAND .		POLITICAL AGENT, WESTERN MALWA .	Dorrangor, Aggram Buobaggab	The state of the s	POLIMICAL ASSERTANT GOOMS		TOTAL	CIVIL JUDGE, INDORE RESIDENCY	SUPERINTENDENT, SERORE BAZAR .	;	Deputy Road Superintendent, Manpus {	OF MANPUR	TOTAL
		•	•	RESIDENT GWALIOR	POLITICAL A	Pomincan A	Portegar A		POLITICAL A	Dormerout. A	I OMETICAL I	Potterfolt. A	T CHILDREN	· :	Civil Judg	· Superinten	1	Deputy Roa	KAMASDAR OF MANPUR	

The second of th

GRAND TOTAL

(POLITICAL ASSISTANT, GOONA) .

A	-Civil J	A.—CIVIL JUSTION—concluded.	mcladed.	·		,					:	96
NU	NUMBER OF SUITS.	ULTS.				) 81	JITS 1	BUITS DISPOSED OF DURING 1691-02.	RING 1691-02.		·   -	
during	: ;	Disposed of	Pending at	'A	TAR	VALUE OF SUITE,	,	Cost or conduct or suits.	ier of suits.	ATREADE DURATION OF	TON OF	
1-02.	Total.	1891-92.	close of 1691-92.	Total value.	ng.	Average value.	alne.	Total cost,	Average cost.	Total A number du of days.	Average.,	
				e e	. P.	D¢.	a.	R . a. p.	R a. p.		] .	
986	217	69 213		61,952 1.		1 023			010	3,660	53.1	•
<b>⊒</b> 8	802 1,026	773 998	ଟ୍ଟ ଝ	36,982 14 62,086 15	5 10	44	65 to	3,968 12 6 1,188 14 0	172H 846 840	16,321 7,483	21:11	CEN
co-15	<b>w</b> 70	<b>69 1</b>	:	2,001		667		000	63	88	.00	tra
280	38.	.88	 :,o::i		12 P	1228	3 9 2 2 4 9	344 13 6 93 0 0 88	1.2	1,574	26.23 6.23 6.260	T I
- <del>Q</del> -8	. 4.	8	9	12,852	ان ده	321	. H	0 2 049		. 993	24 82	DI.
0.5	i s	25	::	16,693	ر د م	189	ල ල	7	1 2 1	25	0.1	A

MINOW

Nebator

Nowgond

-				NUN	NUMBER OF SU	SUITS.	-		BUITS D	BUITS DISPOSED OF DIT	DITRING 1891.00		
CLASS OF COURT.	nz.	• •		Filed during		-	Pending at	VALUE OF	Butte,	Cost or coadica	CT OF SUITS.	ATERAGE DUR!	DURATION OF
•		• •	1890-91.	1891:02.	Total.	1891-92.	close of 1891:02.	Total value.	Arerage ralue.	Total cost.	Average cost.	Total number of days.	Average, duration.
fs			-					R a. p.	R a. p.	'R . a. p.	A G. P.		
g P	Regular Suits Execution of Decrees Small Cause Cases.		. II 8 18 82	66 209 741 998	217 217 802 1,026	69 213 773 998	8 4 C S	61,952 12 6 2,18,110 13 10 36,982 14 10 62,086 15 6	897 13 10 1,023 16 11 47 13 4 62 3 4	6,568 11 0 406 2 0 3,968 12 6 1,188 14 0	8 8 8 9 9 9 9 8 9 8 9	3,660 2,064 16,321 7,483	53·1 0·60· 21·11 7·407
Railways	Regular Suits  Execution of Decrees  Small Cause Cases  Execution of Decrees	w * • .a	; 14 ;	280.00	<b>62</b>	8	: :ro i	2,001 6 3 3,608 5 6 3,148 12 1 6,056 15 5	667 1 9 721 10 8 52 6 4 87 12 6	213, 8 6 . 8 8 0 344 13 6 93 0 0	71 2 10 5 11 2 6 11 11 1 ' ' 5 6	60 1,574 432	20. 4.6. 26.93 6.260
Railways	Regular Suits Execution of Decrees Small Cause Cases Execution of Decrees Small Cause Cases: Execution of Decrees		و د ا	- 428 88 88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	. 4'8'58 8'7'78'8 8'7'7'8'8	40 72 72 72 18 18 2	ත : සි : ස්	12,852 9 3 16,693 7 0 18,476 0 0 30,371 2 6 374.0 0 16,0 0	321 6 1 581 3 9 34 3 9 56. 6 6 20.12 6 77. 8 0	670 2 0 31 14 0 2,063 14 0 280 15 0 40 0 0	16 12 0 1 2 11 3 13 6 0 .8 4 1.0 6	993 62 12,979 1,065 1,360	20.75 20.75 20.00 20.00
	Regular Suits Execution of Decrese Small Cause Cases Execution of Decrese		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	121 125 29.	12 130 130 15	10 7 125 80	ंख ंक मं	4,115 15 11 1,712 6 · 6 4,477 7 6 1,037 13 3	411 9 7 244 10 0 35 12 8 84, 9 6	619 10 1 31 5 0 618 15 0 70, 3 0	61 15 4 4 7 6 7 6 6 6 7 6 6		55 186 156 158
HOOMA)	Regular Suits	• • • •	: :ផ :	14	: : : : : :	32	; ; e ;	1,963 2 6	61 5 7	168 12, 0		.: .: .: .:	1.09
TOTAL	Regular Suits  Execution of Decrees  Small Gause Cases  Execution of Decrees	• • • •,	17 12 136 80	121 244 1,491 1,638	138 . 256 1,627 1,668	122 252 1,546 1,638	38 4 88 8 4 80 8	80,922 10 11 2,99,125 ° 0 10 65,413 4 10 99,707 14 8	586 6 4 934 1 3 40 3 3 59 12 5	8,062 0 4 667 13 0 7,203 9 0 1,634 15 0	240 16 · 1 9 10 10 27 2 7 6 6 9	5,272 2,470 33,594 9,468	43:21 983 21:74 677.
TOTAL	Regular Suits Small Cause Cases .		89 136 95	772 1,491 2,344	861 1,627 2,439	746 1,545 2,341	115 82 98	1,40,388 · 0 11 65,413 4 10 3,71,826 14 1	163 0 10 40 3 3 162 7 2	11,692 6 4 7,203 9 0 2,340 11. 0	16 8 7 27 2 7 0 15 11	22,678 33,594 29,411	30°26 21.74 12°56

JUSTIC
-CRIMINAL
n

	•		,	LLAK	1891-92.					97
ot days.	Total number	8·	230 814 602 602 94 94 703 5,818	8,021	208 12 108 23 718 5,224	0,382	195	11,973	<b>ğ</b>	16,43\$
lo gotta:	Average, dur	8	19.91 38.75 16.47 16.66 2 6.24 10.75	11.00	62 12 10'6 11 6'43 9'81	0.5%	<b>.</b>	10.53	ē	0.00
18T.	Cases.	83	14 16 16 4 4 296 296	432	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	緩	용	44	8	1,420
TOTAL.	Persons.	8	23 56 7 7 4 140	682	. : 82 % £ 5.	720	1,188	1,4111	1,188	2,500 1
OMLX.	Cases.	8	2,23	273	322	237	170.	019	4   B	1,161 2,
FIRED ONLY.	Persons,	ಕ	: : : 1 .600 380 380	420	13 13 13		1,153	1,00,1	1,183	2,187
Вки- тимсвр то рвати.	Cisea.	g		. 60	f::\:::			<del>.</del> .	<u> </u>	eq.
	Porsons.	83	<b>π</b> [ [ ] ] ]	က	1111.111	_;	~. ; j	eo		· 60
Тване-	Persons, Casea,	- B	87mm ; ; ; ;	9	1111111	:	:	9	: [	
	Cases.	8 8		2 3	::::::::	:	<u> </u>	- 22	-	<u>=</u>
Імрином- кр амр упар.	Persons.	- R	11::::	21 16	3 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	27 12		48 28	-	49 20
	•ຄອຍນຸດ•	13		-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	63	<u> </u>	· .	<u> </u>	
(Nedibor- RD AND WHIPPED,	Регеопа.	22	:::::4:	-43	::::::	89		~	:	~
13 -X1	Cases.	255	255 8 132 40 52 8 132	123	28.16:::	<u></u>	49	180	4 1	<u>26</u>
[игином- кр опіх.	Persons.	12	57: 0322	 02	28 83 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 2	4	273	4	21.
	Cuses.	ន	:::::2:	10		28		47		
Wит-	Регаопа.	22	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	23	: : : : : : : : : : :	\$	<u>                                     </u>	25	:	- <u>*</u>
- 13	Cases.	ដ	12 22 45 0 0 166 547	789	1. 16 135 530	4894	761	1,483	751	2,234
Total.	Ретеолв.	93	10 308 908 908	1,627	10 35 173 1173	1,340	1,384	2,967	1,384	4,351
76.0 .02.	Cases.	22	:Lu : :ua	<u> </u>	1::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	-		~		10
PRNDIKG AT CLOSE OF 1891-02.	Persons,	18		82	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	=	:	8	:	83
victub.	Cases.	17	7 14 16 16 296 296	432	10 10 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	346	649	222	678	1,426
CONTI	Persons,	10	8 23 56 7 7 1140	682	18 18 93 615	728	1,188	1,411	1,188	2,599
rand.	Cases.	n	2561123324	328	2 :: 4,4,7	331	102	839	102	761
Оіясилидар,	Persons.	=	0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	826	13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	585	196	1,411	196	1,607
	Casea.	£ .	wa : : wa.	18	ed : ied :400	=	]. :	22	:	27
Тиляя- Ркппвр.	Persons.	21	44: 1041	8	. i. i.4 i.σω	- E	<u>  :</u>	42	: 1	1 54
Drsd.	Persons.	-=-	117:117	63		1 :		i a		- 24
	Cascs.	a	111111	<u> </u>	11111111	<u> </u>	] :	:	:	
Езсагии.	Persons.	8	!!!!!!	:		:	:	;	î,	:
	Casca.	2	55 55 55 55 55	760	135 135 536	694.	751	1,483	761	2,234
Total.	Persons.	0	19 36 305 305 205 1,002	1,627	10 35 85 173 1,116	1,340	1,384	2,967	1,384	4,351
7. 50	Спьез,	ıs	10 18 36 0 0 1 154	12.	35 135 135 526	681	761	1,451	761	2,202
Instituted Dusing 1891-92.	.епоетэ9	**	17 33 304 9 2 2 250 999	1,614	33 5 173 1,096	1,316	1,384	2,930	1,384	4,314
l	Спака,	<del></del>	e1 4 ℃ ; ici e1	=	- 1 :- 1 ::	ä	]:	33		8
Prediction at Close of 1890-91.	Persons.	e3	ಟಲ⊣ : :4.ಬ	13	H::8::2	42	<u> </u>	34	_ :	86
	Nature of Criurs.	1	COUNTROP POLITICAL AGENTS AND OTHER OFFICERS EXCLUDING GANTONMENT MIGHERATES. Murder and attempted murder Culpalis homicido Ducoity Receiving stolen property Robbery on highway or elsewhere. Their of eattle and ordinary theft, Miscellancous offences.	Toras .	CANKONMENT MAGISTALMES COURTS. Murder and altempted murder Cullyable homicide Dacoity Receiving stelen property Receiving stelen property Receiving stelen property Theft of cattle and ordinary theft. Miscellaneous offences	TOTAL	Breaches of Cantonment Rules	(Offences against Indian	TOTAL .   Criminal Acts.   Breaches of Cantoment Rules and Regula-tions.	GRAND TOTAL

## C.—CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

Attendance of Witnesses.

CLASS OF COURT.	Number of persons.	Number of days.	Average number of days for each.	Number who have attended for one day only
esident at Gwalior	. 34	20	0.58	17
olitical Agent, Bhopai	107	107		107
,, Bundelkhand	305	<b>154</b> .		· • • •
Baghelkhand	17	17	{· 1 ·	17
,, Western Malwa	20	78	3.65	33
Bhopawar Bhopawar	3	3	1	. 22
, Assistant, Goona	76	192	2:52	52
irst Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Central	71	71	, 1	71
India. thaché Agent, Governor General, Central India (1st class	<b>379</b>	382.	1.007	377
Magistrate, Indore Residency).	67	140	2.08	65
India (District Magistrate, Rajputana-Malwa Railway).	280	280	1	280 .
aperintendent, Schore Bazar Magistrate,	280	280	1 1	22
eputy Boad Superintendent, Manpur 2nd class	•••	,		'
Total .	1,881	1,461	1.05	1,063
antonment Magistrate, Mhow (District Magistrate)	125	3,220	25.7	. 106
Voomuoh	912	912	- 1	912
Nowgong , ,	440	463	1.05	417
", ", Sipri (Magistrate, 3rd class)	240	. 93	0.38	240
Total	1,717	4,688	2.73	1,675
			- <del> </del>	<del></del>

# D.—Police.

			BY BRITSE FERNMENT.	Pan	OR SI	ocal, Muríoipal ate Funde.	To	TATE O	F ALL GRADES.
NAME OF OFFICE.		of all des.			of all		Men		
	Mounted.	Foot.	Cost.	Mounted.	Foot.	Cost.	Mounted,	Foot	Ċost
•		,	R a. p.			2 a. p.			Ŕa.p.
Indore Residency Police Gwalior Residency Police Bhopal Political Agency Police Bundelkhand Political Agency Police Baghelkhand Political Agency Police Western Malwa Agency Police Western Malwa Agency Police Bhopawar Agency Police.  Bhumia Police Manpur Pergana Police. Agency Road Police Goona Agency Police	4	 7 23  53 13	552 0 0 210 0 0 1,032 0 0	1	43 6 54 16  7  32	3,692 9 1 408 0 0 4,551 2 2 1,296 0 0  552 0 0  3,168 0 0 60 0 0	1 4	43 6 54 23 23 7 53 13	3,692 9 1 408 0 0 4,551 2 2 1,848 0 0 10 0 0 552 0 0 6,492 0 0 1,032 0 0 3,168 0 0
Total .	4	96	8,286 0 0	i	159	13,727 11 3	5	255	22,013 11 3.
Mhow Cantonment Police Neemucli Cantonment Police Nowgong Cantonment Police Sipri Cantonment Police					135 76 50 20	15,012 0 8 9,130 9 7 5,476 13 10 2,724 0 0		135 76 50 20	15,012 0 8 9,130 9 7 5,476 13 10 2,724 0 0
Total .		: :	*****		281	32,343 8 1		281	32,343 8 1

4 96 8,286 0 0

1 440

GRAND TOTAL

46,071 3 4 5 536 54,357 3

E.—Jai

	•				,	FOR	TE	LIS .	YEAR	1891-	92.		٠					99
	Annual average cost of Prisoners,	R a.p.	:	60 69	28 2 9	68 6 3	:	148 8 10	61 13 4	94 4 4	58 2 8		46 15 6	83 0 0	:	Ξ	0 4 04	68 7 10
	Dally averago number of Prisoners.	301.74	:	14.86	4.97	70.88	:	7.47	16.26	10.93	427-11		8.6	6.3	:	:	9.6	436.16
	Total.	R a. p. 16,704 9 8	:	877 8 7	140 0 3	4,139 1 5	:	1,109 11 6	842 13 2	1,030 6 9	24,844 8 4		166 0 0	614 10 0	:	•	669 10 0	25,618 13 4
	Extra Establishment,	R a. p. 3,954 14 0	*	100 7 8	:	.:	:	:	÷	72 12 4	4,128 1 7		:	:	;	:	3	4,128 1 7
YBAR.	. Fixed Establishment,	R a. p. 2,820 0 0	:	289 0 2	•	1,632 0 0	:	0 0 992	192 0 0	406 0 0	6,045 0 2		:	0 0 96	:	:	0 0 96	6,141 0 2
EXPRINCED DURING THE	Clothing of Prisoners.	R a. p 1,736 4 9	:	:	ŧ	160 8 0	:	10 6 0	42 5 9	99 12 0	2,049 4 6		:	19 4 0	:	:	19 4 0	2,068 8 6
EXPRADIT	Contingent Charges,	R a. p. 728 13 1	:	147 14 11	32 8 5	809 15 4	:	61 9 8	62 12 7	74.14.4	1,408 8 4		:	21 12 0	:	:	21 12 0	1,430 4 4
	Rations of Prisoners,	R a. p. 7,464 9 10	:	390 2 3	107 7 10	2,036 10 1	:	291 11 10	645 10 10	377 0 1	11,213 4 9		166 0 0	877 10 0	`:	:	532 10 0	11,745 14 9
Ramain.	ing in Joil on Sist March 1892.	289	:	14	н	44	:	13	12	2	413		67	မ	:	:	σο	421
Ī	TOTAE.	408	į	72	14	160	:	83	44	18	671		225	52	:	:	27.7	948
	Dis- charg- ed.	297	:	53	-	83	:	19	44	18	490		205	45	:	:	250	740
, T	Diedi	6	:	-	:	67	:	:	H	:	13		:	<i>.</i> :	:	:	:	13
NUMBER OF PRISORSE	Bs. caped.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:
TREE OF	Trans-	-	:	18	13	06	:	14	32	i	168		8	4	:	i	27	195
	Total	969	:	98	15	224	:	46	68	81	1,084	<u> </u>	227	88	:	:	285	1,369
	Admit- ted during the year.	308	:	73	15	172	:	35	<b>8</b> 9	23	689		223	48	:	:	271	096
	In Jail on 1st April 1891,	288	:	13	:	. 23	:	11	26	ro.	395		4	2	:	:	14	409
<del>-,</del>	Name of Jair.	Indore	Gwalior	_	SERORE JAIL   permit kevenue. Under-trial prisoners	Nowgong	Sutun	Agar	BHOPAWAR Sardarpur AGENOT Khalghat JAIL. Manpur	Goons	Total	Cantonment Lock-ups.	Mhow	Neemuch	Sipri	Nowgong .	Тотап	GRAND TOTAL

Sebore ..

Mhow.

Sutna ..

# APPENDIX TO CHAPTER XII. MILITARY.

EUZOP.					AKLIDDER BATIEKI.	A LTT	The same NA	INFANTKI KEGIMENIS.	!
Number	Europhan.	NATIVE.		Bur	Eueopean.	EUROPBAN,	AN,	NA	NATIVE.
	Strength.	Number.	Strength.	Number.	Strength,	Number,	Strength.	Number.	Strongth.
Troops of the Line.									
Mhow District (Mhow, Neemuch, and Indore)	680	ප්ත	467	4	586	18	1,762	<b>6</b> %	2,419
Bundelkhand District (Sipri)	:	:	•	•	•	1 Company	114	:	:
(Nowgong) "	:	М	909	-	156	4 Battalion	386		917
Nerbuda District (Sutna)	:	Detachment	54	:	:	•	:	:	<b>:</b>
TOTAL . 1	630	1g and detachment	1,127	ra	742	1847	1,712	83 140	3,336
Local Corps under the Central India Agency.									
Central India Horse (Agar and Goona)		63	1,250	:	:		:	:	:
Bhopal Battalion (Sehore)	:	:	:	:	•	:	;	~	906
Malwa Bhil Corps (Sirdarpur)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	599
TOTAL	:	63	1,250	:	:		:	જ	1,505
GRAND TOTAL	630	3g and detachment	2,377	ла	742	) I	1,712	54	4,84.1

#### APPENDIX TO CHAPTER XV.

#### TELEGRAPHS.

Statistics of Telegraph Lines and Offices in the Province of Central India Administration for the year 1891-92.

	Mileage of	F LINES.			Mileage of	Wibus.	
At the end of the previous year.	Add during the year.	Dismontled during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.	At the end of the previous year.	Add during the year.	Dismantled during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.
884	•••	•••	884	2,787	8 (a)	3-4 (b)	2,791-6

(a) Eight miles shown short in that portion of the line belonging to the Nagpur Division,
(b) Due to dismantlement of lines—

Bhopal Office loop

Mhow Government Office Indore Railway Station

Traffic and Revenue for Departmental Combined Offices.

:	Names	OF OF	FICES.		;	Sent,	Received.	Transit.	Collection.	Remarks. '
Goona . Indore . Indore City Mhow . Neemuch Rutlam Ujjain	Depa	rimen	ital.	•		1,943 6,249 9,456 7,053 4,561 3,650 6,656	1,829 8,802 9,030 8,094 3,820 4,810 6,624	3,960 51,767  42 7,534 	1,814 14 6,942 4 8,160 6 9,296 9 4,650 7 3,726 1 6,587 5	
Agar Bhilsa Biaora Bhopal Dewas Dhar Gwalior Janak Tâl Jaora Alandsaur Nowgong Rewah Sorangpur Sehore Shojapur Sipri Sirdarpore Sutna	Postal	Com	bined.	•		1,691 273 545 2,632 869 1,279 1,508 3,305 1,984 1,869 2,628 1,116 187 1,408 559 1,012 747 1,797	1,709 381 701 4,053 922 1,247 1,605 5,796 2,130 1,956 2,279 1,187 255 1,475 655 955 814 2,201	4 14 5,556 4,536 2 2,836	1,951 11 274 13 573 5 2,837 7 984 4 1,791 7 1,326 15 3,219 0 2,015 1 1,737 3 3,062 4 1,679 12 179 6 1,346 6 554 12 831 6 786 15 2,071 1	

#### Number of Offices opened and closed.

	Opened.		٠		Closed.		`:	٠,
<del></del>	Nil.	-	Binagaon P	ostal Combin	ed Office on	the 30th	September	1891.

W. CINGENTONES,

Superintendent of Telegraphs, Indore Division.

#### APPENDIX TO CHAPTER XVI.

#### MEDICAL.

#### Hospitals and Dispensaries.

The accompanying table shows the working of the Hospitals and Dispensaries throughout the Central India Agency during the year under review:—

Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Total number treated.	Number of deaths.	Number of vaccinations.	Major operations.	Minor operations.	REMARKS.
Malwa Dispensaries.  Includes 17 Dispensaries	2,39,957	857	<b>7,2</b> 09	746	12,836	
Gwalior Agency.						
Includes 11 Dispensaries	69,115	104	35,021	205	2,068	
Bhopal Agency.						
Includes 15 Dispensaries	1,03,100	1,983	49,977*	251	6,735	* Inclusive of Bhopal State.
Bundelkhand Agency.		l			ļ	_
Includes Charkhari State and Now- gong Charitable and Agency Dis- pensaries	21,903	53	3,164	36	984	•
Bhopawar Agency.						
Includes 12 Dispensaries	48,673	263	<b>2,29</b> 0	44	1,893	
Baghelkhand Agency.						
Includes 14 Dispensaries	1,26,878	1,900	48,994	347	7,057	
Mhow Cantonment.						
Includes 2 Dispensaries	16,970	12	605		•••	
Total	6,26,596	5,172	1,47,260	1,629	31,573	
TOTAL OF LAST YEAR .	6,02,036	2,071	93,885	1,597	27,155	
Increase	24,560	3,101	53,375	32	4,418	
Decrease			•••			